1	STATE OF SOUTH C	IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS			
2					
3	RICHARD LIGHTSEY CLECKLEY, PHILLI	: :			
4	ET AL., ON BEHAL AND ALL OTHERS S	: CASE NO. : 2017-CP-25-335			
5	SITUATED,		: :		
6	Plai	ntiffs,	:		
7	vs.		· :		
8	SOUTH CAROLINA E		• : :		
9	SUBSIDIARY OF SC CORPORATION, AND	CANA, SCANA	: :		
10	SOUTH CAROLINA,	7 1112 811112 81	:		
11	Def	endants,	: :		
12	SOUTH CAROLINA C	= =	: :		
13	REGULATORY STAFF	,	: :		
14	Int	tervenor.	:		
15	(Case Caption Continues on Page 2)				
16	VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF KEVIN MARSH				
17		VOLUME 1			
18	DATE TAKEN:	Monday, October	29, 2018		
19	TIME BEGAN:	9:08 a.m.			
20	TIME ENDED:	6:18 p.m.			
21	LOCATION: WYCHE, P.A. 44 East Campero		Journ Mark		
22		29601			
23	REPORTED BY:	Karen Kidwell, EveryWord, Inc.			
24		P.O. Box 1459			
25		n Carolina 29202			

	1	(Case Ca	aption Continued)
	2		
	3		THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF SOUTH CAROLINA
	4	DOCKET	NOS. 2017-207-E, 2017-305-E, AND 2017-370-E
	5	IN RE:	Friends of the Earth and Sierra Club, Complainant/Petitioner vs. South Carolina
	6		Electric & Gas Company, Defendant/Respondent
	7		
	8 9	IN RE:	Request of the South Carolina Office of Regulatory Staff for Rate Relief to SCE&G Rates Pursuant to S.C. Code Ann. § 58-27-920
	10		
	11	IN RE:	Joint Application and Petition of South Carolina Electric & Gas Company and
	12		Dominion Energy, Incorporated for Review and Approval of a Proposed Business
	13		Combination between SCANA Corporation and Dominion Energy, Incorporated, as May Be
	14		Required, and for a Prudency Determination Regarding the Abandonment of the V.C. Summer
	15		Units 2 & 3 Project and Associated Customer Benefits and Cost Recovery Plans
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	Kevin Marsh				
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1	MONDAY, OCTOBER 29, 2018, GREENVILLE, SOUTH CAROLINA	1	S-c-h-m-a-l-z-b-a-c-h, of McGuire Woods, LLP,		
2	PROCEEDINGS	2	representing Dominion Energy, Incorporated, in		
3	-000-	3	the PSC proceedings.		
4	VIDEOGRAPHER: Good morning. Today's date	4	MR. HALTIWANGER: Dan Haltiwanger of the		
5	is October 29th, 2018, and the time is 9:08 a.m.	5	Richardson Patrick Westbrook and Brickman Law		
6	The witness is Kevin Marsh.	6	Firm for the plaintiff class.		
7	Would the counsel please identify	7	KEVIN MARSH		
8	themselves and whom they represent. Then the	8	being first duly sworn, testified as follows:		
9	witness will be sworn in by the court reporter,	9	MR. COX: Was there another appearance on		
10	after which we may proceed.	10	the phone?		
11	MR. COX: Jim Cox appearing on behalf of	11	MR. SMITH: This is Emory Smith. I was		
12	the South Carolina Office of Regulatory Staff in	12	just going to tell the court reporter that I do		
13	the consolidated PSC proceedings and the State	13	not need a deposition copy or video copy.		
14	Court litigation.	14	MR. COX: Duly noted.		
15	MR. GALVIN: Greg Galvin. I represent the	15	EXAMINATION		
16	plaintiff ratepayers.		BY MR. COX:		
17	MR. BELL: Edward Bell representing the	17			
	· -		Q. Good morning, Mr. Marsh.		
18	plaintiff ratepayers. MS. SULPIZIO: Gabrielle Sulpizio	18	A. Good morning.		
19		19	Q. Mr. Marsh, can you go ahead and spell your		
20	representing the plaintiff ratepayers.	20	name again for the record, spelling out your last		
21	MR. SOLOMONS: Gibson Solomons for the				
22	customer class.	22	A. My name is Kevin Marsh, M-a-r-s-h.		
23	MR. ELLERBE: Frank Ellerbe for Central	23	Q. Mr. Marsh, my name is Jim Cox. We met		
24	Electric Cooperative and the Electric		just before your deposition began. I am an attorney		
25	Cooperatives of South Carolina in the	25	that represents the South Carolina Office of		
	Page 11		Page 13		
1	consolidated PSC proceedings.		Regulatory Staff in a couple different proceedings.		
2	MS. MOODY: Leah Moody, SCANA and SCE&G.	2	One set of proceedings is a consolidated		
3	MS. HODGES: Bryony Hodges, in-house		proceeding in front of the South Carolina Public		
4	counsel for SCANA.		Service Commission that is set to go to a hearing on		
5	MR. CHALLY: I'm Jon Chally with King &		Thursday of this week, November 1st. The second		
6	Spalding, also representing SCE&G and SCANA.		proceeding in which I represent the ORS is a State		
7	MR. WATKINS: Jon Watkins with Cadwalader	7	Court litigation brought by customers of SCE&G and		
8	on behalf of the witness Kevin Marsh.	8			
9	MR. HAIR: Brady Hair on behalf of Kevin	9	And now is the time set for your		
10	Marsh.	10	deposition in these actions, which has been noticed		
11	MS. TOMPKINS: Anne Tompkins with	11	in both of those actions.		
12	Cadwalader on behalf of the witness, Kevin	12	I wanted to start just by providing you a		
13	Marsh.		little background on how a deposition works. Have		
14	MR. HUBBARD: William Hubbard on behalf of		you ever had your deposition taken before?		
15	Santee Cooper.	15	A. I have done one. It's been a number of		
16	MR. COX: Telephone appearances?	16	years ago; but, yes, I've done deposition before.		
17	MS. KING: Ariail King from Lewis Babcock	17	Q. Was that deposition that you had		
18	for the plaintiff ratepayers.	18	before, was that related to your professional career?		
19	MR. SMITH: Emory Smith for the State of	19	A. It was. It was related to a matter that		
20	South Carolina in the Lightsey case and for the	20	SCE&G was involved in at the time.		
21	State, Alan Wilson, Attorney General, in the PSC	21	Q. And what was the nature of SCE&G's		
22	proceedings.	22	involvement in that litigation?		
23	And John Williams will be substituting for	23	A. From what I recall, it regarded some of		
24	me for part of the coverage of the deposition.	24	I guess it was actually SCANA's activities, not		
	MR. SCHMALZBACH: Brian Schmalzbach,		SCE&G's, some of our telecommunications subsidiaries'		

Page: 10 (10 - 13)

Page 14

- 1 activities. And I was called to give testimony as 2 the company's chief financial officer.
- Q. Do you remember about what year that
- testimony you provided occurred? A. I don't recall. It's been a number of
- years ago. 7 Q. Okay. It was before you became the CEO of
- 9 A. Yes, it was.

SCANA and SCE&G, correct?

- 10 Q. And what year did you become the CEO of 11 SCANA and SCE&G?
- 12 A. Late 2011. I believe it was December of 13 2011.
- 14 Q. That litigation in which you gave a
- deposition, was SCANA a defendant in the lawsuit? 15
 - A. I don't know if a lawsuit had been filed
- 17 at that point. I believe it had. I don't recall the
- 18 details of the situation.

16

1

- 19 Q. Do you know how that proceeding was 20 resolved?
- 21 A. I don't recall.
- 22 Q. Okay. Just to go back over how a
- 23 deposition works since it's been a while since that
- deposition -- and just to be clear, that was the only
- deposition you've had before today?
- Page 15
- A. That's the only one I can recall, yes.
- Q. And you've given sworn testimony before
- 3 the South Carolina Public Service Commission on
- several occasions; is that right?
- A. Yes, I have.
- Q. Have you given testimony, sworn testimony,
- before any other bodies besides the South Carolina
- **Public Service Commission?**
- A. I have testified before the Federal Energy
- Regulatory Commission. I believe that was in 1986. 10
- 11 And I've also testified before the members
- 12 of the House committee and Senate committees related
- 13 to the abandonment of the nuclear plant.
- 14 Q. Other than that testimony before the House
- 15 and Senate regarding abandonment, have you ever
- 16 testified before the South Carolina House or Senate
- 17 on any other occasions?
- 18 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.
- 19 THE WITNESS: I don't recall testifying
- before them on any other occasions. I don't 20
- 21 recall doing that.
- 22 BY MR. COX:
- 23 Q. Was that testimony that you gave regarding
- 24 abandonment, was that to the South Carolina House or
- 25 to the Senate, or do you know?

- Page 16
- 1 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. It's 2
- 3 THE WITNESS: Yeah. Both the House and
- 4 the Senate had formed special committees to do
- 5 an investigation of the circumstances around the
- 6 abandonment of the nuclear project. So both --
- 7 both groups held hearings, and I testified one
- time before each group.
- 9 BY MR. COX:
 - Q. So is that a total of two occasions that
- 11 you testified?

10

- 12 A. Yes. Two occasions including both groups,
- 13 not two to each group.
- Q. So just to be clear, you testified once to 14
- 15 the House group and once to the Senate group; is that
- 16 correct?
- 17 A. That's correct.
- 18 Q. I'll be asking you questions today, and
- other attorneys will as well.
- 20 You understand that the oath that you just
- 21 took from the court reporter is the same oath that
- 22 you would take in a courtroom and carries the same
- 23 penalty of perjury? Do you understand that?
- 24 A. I understand that.
- 25 Q. If at any point in time you don't
- Page 17
- 1 understand a question that I ask, if it's confusing
- 2 in some respect -- for example, if it -- you're not
- 3 sure of the time period I'm talking about or whether
- 4 I'm asking about your personal knowledge or what the
- 5 company knew -- you are certainly free to let me know
- 6 that you do not understand the question, and I can
- try to improve that question.
- I won't realize that you don't understand
- 9 a question, though, if you don't tell me that. So if
- 10 you don't understand a question I ask, will you let
- 11 me know?
- 12 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the
- 13
- 14 THE WITNESS: I will certainly do my best
- 15 to do that.
- 16 BY MR. COX:
- 17 Q. If you need a break at any point in time
- 18 today, we can take a break. I'll just ask that you
- 19 answer the question that I have pending to you.
- 20 But again, I won't know that you need a
- 21 break unless you let me know. Will you let me know
- 22 if you need a break?
- 23 A. Yes, I will.
 - Q. You're free at any time to go back and
- 25 correct any testimony that you provide today if you

Page 20 Page 18 1 realize that an answer you gave might have been 1 your recollection about the events that occurred when incomplete or incorrect. 2 you were the CEO of SCANA and SCE&G? A. I don't remember a particular document. Do you understand that? MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 4 We reviewed a number of documents. I don't recall a 5 THE WITNESS: Yes, I do. particular document. 6 BY MR. COX: If there's a particular document you have 7 7 you'd like for me to look at, I'd be glad to do that, Q. I don't want to know about any 8 but I don't have any particular memories about conversations you had with your attorneys. But other than that, I would like to know what steps you took 9 specific documents. 10 10 to prepare for your deposition today. Q. Did you look at any document and, upon 11 MR. WATKINS: And, Kevin, when answering 11 review of that document, you realized that it 12 12 refreshed your recollection about events that this question, of course don't divulge the 13 substance of any communications with your 13 occurred in respect to the V.C. Summer Unit 2 and 14 Unit 3 project? 14 lawvers. 15 THE WITNESS: Okay. I had a series of 15 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 16 meetings with my lawyers. We reviewed a number 16 question. 17 of documents to attempt to refresh my memory. 17 THE WITNESS: I don't. Not necessarily, 18 BY MR. COX: 18 no. BY MR. COX: 19 Q. Anything else that you did? 19 20 Q. So is it fair to say that all the 20 A. Other than reviewing documents and having 21 discussions with my attorneys, no. 21 documents you reviewed, when you looked at them, that 22 you had already recalled everything that was in those Q. Did you talk to anyone other than your 23 attorneys to prepare for your deposition today? documents before you looked at them? 24 24 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form of the A. I have not. 25 25 Q. Did you meet with the attorneys for SCE&G question. It mischaracterizes the witness's Page 19 Page 21 1 to prepare for your deposition? 1 testimony. 2 THE WITNESS: Some of the documents I was A. I had two meetings with an attorney from SCE&G in preparation for the deposition. 3 familiar with already during -- that I had seen Q. What documents did you review to prepare 4 during other preparations. Other documents that for your deposition? 5 were presented to me, I had no recollection of 6 (Instruction not to answer.) 6 seeing those before. 7 BY MR. COX: MR. WATKINS: I'm going to instruct the 7 8 8 Q. And that's fair enough. Was there any witness not to answer that question. 9 If -- your attorney selected documents, so 9 document that you looked at and, upon reading it, you 10 I instruct the witness not to answer. It realized that there was a fact in that document that 11 reflects our work product, of course. 11 you had forgotten had occurred during the course of 12 BY MR. COX: 12 the V.C. Summer Unit 2 and Unit 3 project? 13 Q. Did those documents that you reviewed 13 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form. It's refresh your recollection about events that occurred vague. It's ambiguous. It's been asked and when you were the CEO and -- the CEO of SCANA and 15 15 answered. 16 SCF&G? 16 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 17 17 THE WITNESS: I don't know of a particular MR. WATKINS: I'm going to object to the 18 18 document or statement in the document. I'd have form of the question. 19 19 to see what document and what statements. If there's a particular document you'd 20 20 BY MR. COX: like to ask whether it refreshed, that's fine. 21 But to ask all documents, whether they 21 Q. Did your attorneys bring the documents to 22 refreshed, I don't think that's a fair question. 22 this preparation session that you reviewed? 23 A. I'm assuming they did. They presented to I object to the form of that question. 24 BY MR. COX: 24 me -- presented them to me in the session. I 25 didn't -- I didn't bring the documents. Q. Did any document that you reviewed refresh

Page: 12 (18 - 21)

Kevin Marsh Page 22 Page 24 1 Q. Fair enough. 1 the docket in which SCE&G requested approval from the 2 A. Yeah. Commission to construct the project? Q. I'll be referring at times to the 3 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 4 construction of the V.C. Summer Unit 2 and Unit 3 4 THE WITNESS: I don't recall viewing that reactors, and instead of referring to that project by 5 testimony specifically. I may have reviewed 6 that entire title, I will be referring just to "the 6 portions of the testimony. I don't -- I don't project." recall reading all of it. 7 8 8 BY MR. COX: If I refer to "the project," will you understand that I'm referring to the V.C. Summer 9 Q. Did you review testimony that you provided 10 to the Commission in 2015 in connection with the 10 Unit 2 and Unit 3 construction project? 11 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 11 project? 12 THE WITNESS: I believe I understand that. 12 A. Yes, I did. 13 BY MR. COX: Q. Did you review testimony that you provided 13 14 to the Commission in 2016 in connection with the 14 Q. And if I refer to "the Commission" during 15 your testimony, can we reach an agreement that when I 15 project? 16 use that term, you'll understand that I'm referring 16 A. Yes, I did. 17 to the South Carolina Public Service Commission? Q. What is your current employment, 17 18 A. Yes. 18 Mr. Marsh? Q. And you understand that "the ORS" stands 19 A. I am not currently employed. Q. What was your last job? 20 for the South Carolina Office of Regulatory Staff, 20 21 correct? 21 A. My last job was as the CEO of SCANA 22 A. I do. 22 Corporation. 23 Q. Did you read any deposition transcripts of 23 Q. Were you also the CEO of South Carolina witnesses who have had their deposition taken in this 24 Electric & Gas as well? 25 action, to prepare for this deposition? A. Yes. The way the corporate structure is Page 25 Page 23 MR. WATKINS: Kevin, I'll caution you on $\,\,^{1}\,\,$ done -- was done at that time was, if you were CEO of 1 2 SCANA, you were also CEO of all the operating 2 that. You may answer that yes or no, but not 3 divulge the nature of any transcript selected, subsidiaries. 4 if any, selected by your counsel for you to Q. And what were the operating subsidiaries 5 review in preparation. that you were also CEO of? 6 THE WITNESS: I have not reviewed any A. The principal ones would have been South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, SCANA Energy, Public 7 transcripts given by others in depositions. 7 8 BY MR. COX: Service -- PSNC Energy. 9 9 There were some smaller ones that I don't Q. Did you review your prior testimony to the 10 Commission in preparation for your deposition today? 10 recall specific names for, but those were the primary 11 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. Vague 11 operating companies of SCANA Corporation. 12 Q. SCANA itself is a holding company; is that and ambiguous. 12 13 correct? 13 THE WITNESS: I don't know specifically 14 which testimony you're referring to. I've given A. Yes, it is. 15 quite a bit of testimony to the Commission. 15 Q. You became CEO of SCANA, I think you said, 16 BY MR. COX: 16 in 2011; is that correct? 17 17 A. I believe I said December of 2011. Q. And I'm referring to any of it. Did you Q. Did you also become CEO of all of those 18 review any of that testimony to the Commission in 18 19 preparation for your deposition? 19 holding companies at the same time? 20 20 A. I've reviewed some of the testimony I gave MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 21 in connection with the project. 21 THE WITNESS: Yeah. The other companies 22 Q. And that was testimony to the Commission, 22 were not holding companies. They were -- they

23

24

Page: 13 (22 - 25)

A. That was testimony to the Commission.

Did you review the testimony you gave in

23 correct?

24

To my knowledge, that all took place at

were operating companies.

the same time.

Page 26 Page 28 1 BY MR. COX: 1 or participate in the development of the 2 Q. How were you selected to become CEO, to 2 agreement. your knowledge? 3 BY MR. COX: A. That -- that determination is made by the Q. Did Mr. Timmerman continue to be the 5 chairman of the board after he retired as CEO of 5 board of directors. 6 Q. The board of directors of SCANA, correct? 6 SCANA? 7 A. That's correct. 7 A. No, he did not. Q. And who notified you that you were Q. So he was no longer a member of the board selected as CEO? 9 after you became CEO; is that correct? 10 A. I don't -- I don't recall specifically who 10 A. Right. When he retired, he was no longer 11 told me at the time. 11 a member of the board nor was he chairman of the 12 12 board. Q. Who was the chairman of the board at the 13 time that you became CEO of SCANA? Q. Who became the chairman of the board after 13 14 Mr. Timmerman retired? 14 A. Well, Bill Timmerman, the previous CEO, was also chairman of the board of SCANA. So until he A. I did. 15 15 16 was -- he was fully retired and I took over, he would 16 How long were you the chairman of the technically still be the chairman of the board, so I 17 board? 18 took over when he stepped down. 18 A. From December of 2011 until I retired on 19 Q. Do you know if Mr. Timmerman had a role in 19 January 1st, 2018. your selection as CEO of SCANA? Q. To your knowledge, how were you selected 20 20 21 A. I'm confident he had conversations with 21 to become chairman of the board? 22 the board about my -- my responsibilities and 22 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 23 23 capabilities. THE WITNESS: I don't know all of the 24 24 Q. Were you involved in any exit agreement criteria that the board considered. I did make 25 that Mr. Timmerman had with SCANA when he retired as a presentation to the board regarding my -- my Page 27 Page 29 1 CEO of SCANA? experience in issues related to the company 1 2 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 2 going forward, and they took that into 3 MR. CHALLY: Objection. 3 consideration, but I don't know other factors they might have considered. 4 THE WITNESS: Yeah. I was not involved in 4 5 any agreements regarding Mr. Timmerman's BY MR. COX: 6 retirement, any special agreements, other than Q. To your knowledge, were you selected to 7 become chairman of the board at the same time you 7 normal contractual agreements that were already in place. were selected to become CEO of the company? BY MR. COX: 9 A. Yes. 10 Q. Can you give an example of what you mean 10 Q. In your time at SCANA, has the CEO of 11 by "normal contractual agreements"? 11 SCANA always been the chairman of the board as well? 12 A. I mean he was -- he was a member of the 12 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 13 SCANA Corporation Retirement Plan and other benefit 13 THE WITNESS: To the best of my plans just as any other employee would be a member 14 recollection, I believe that's been the case. 15 of. So to the extent I was involved in making sure 15 BY MR. COX: 16 those plans were -- or activities related to those 16 Q. What position did you hold prior to becoming the CEO of SCANA? plans were handled properly, I could have been 17 18 involved in some of those, but no special agreements. A. I was the president of SCANA Corporation. 18 19 19 Q. So you were not involved in the Q. And how long did you hold that position? 20 negotiation or execution of any consulting agreement 20 A. I don't recall specifically. It was 21 that Mr. Timmerman received after he left his 21 announced in early 2011 that Mr. Timmerman was going position as CEO of SCANA? 22 to retire. And at that point, the board elected me 23 23 president as an interim step before I became CEO at MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 24 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 24 the end of the year in 2011. But I don't recall a THE WITNESS: Yeah. I did not negotiate 25 specific date that that took place.

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Kevin Marsh Page 30 Page 32 Q. To your knowledge, why did the board were you also an employee of SCE&G? 2 consider that an interim step, you becoming the 2 MR. CHALLY: Same objection. president? 3 THE WITNESS: I was an employee of SCANA 4 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 4 Corporation all -- to the best of my knowledge, 5 THE WITNESS: I can't speak to the reasons 5 all during that period. But my assigned 6 the board decided to do it that way. 6 responsibilities were as president of South BY MR. COX: 7 Carolina Electric and Gas Company. 7 BY MR. COX: 8 Q. Why did you describe it as an "interim 8 9 9 step"? Q. And I'm referring now to the time period 10 A. Because it was to cover an interim period 10 in 2011 when you were the president of SCANA on an 11 between the time I was named president of SCANA and 11 interim basis, were you also an officer or employee 12 before I became CEO later in the year. That was the 12 of SCE&G? 13 interim period I referred to. 13 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 14 Q. So is it correct to say that when you were 14 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the named the interim president, you were aware at that 15 15 question. It's asked and answered. It's time that you would become the CEO of the company? 16 compound. And I also object to the extent it 17 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form of the 17 calls for a legal conclusion. 18 question. 18 THE WITNESS: I was -- you know, while I 19 MR. CHALLY: Same. 19 was president of SCANA Corporation, I may also THE WITNESS: Yes. 20 20 have been president of SCE&G. I don't recall 21 BY MR. COX: 21 when that title dropped off. I could have 22 22 Q. And can you state again, to the best of held -- I might have held both of those titles 23 your recollection, when you were named president of 23 at the same time. I just don't recall. 24 SCANA? 24 But it all -- both of the -- all during 25 25 that period, I was a SCANA employee. A. I don't recall the specific date. Page 31 Page 33 1 BY MR. COX: 1 Q. Is it early 2011, you said? 2 Q. So is it correct to say that in 2006, you A. It was --3 became the president of SCE&G; and then in 2011, you 3 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. Asked 4 4 became the president of SCANA and you might also 5 THE WITNESS: It was in the early part of 5 still have been the president of SCE&G while you were the year. the president of SCANA? 7 7 BY MR. COX: MR. WATKINS: Object to the form of the Q. What position did you hold prior to 8 question. It's compound. It's vague and 8 9 becoming president of SCANA? ambiguous. THE WITNESS: That may have been the case. 10 A. I was the president of South Carolina 10 11 Electric & Gas Company. 11 I just don't recall. 12 Q. During what time period did you hold that 12 BY MR. COX: 13 position? 13 Q. Before you became president of SCE&G, what A. I believe I assumed that position in 2006. 14 was your job position? A. I was the chief financial officer for 15 I don't recall the specific date, but I believe it 15 16 was in 2006. 16 SCANA Corporation. 17 And you held that position until early 17 Q. During what time period did you hold that 18 2011? 18 position?

19

20

22

25

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21 time?

the president of SCE&G?

24 BY MR. COX:

A. Yes.

19

20

21

Q. When you were president of SCANA in 2011,

Q. Were you a SCANA employee when you were

A. I believe that was from 1996 until 2006.

Q. Were you also the CFO of SCE&G at that

A. Yes. And at that time, what I recall is

23 if you were CFO of SCANA Corporation, you were also

Kevin Marsh Page 34 Page 36 1 company during the time period that you were CFO? Q. What was the time period you held that 2 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. It's position? vague and ambiguous. A. I took over that role in the late '80s. I BY MR. COX: 4 don't recall the specific year. 5 Q. Yeah. That question might have been vague Q. What position did you hold prior to that 6 when I used the phrase "company" because we're VP controller position? talking about two different companies. Let me go 7 A. I was the group manager of technical accounting for SCE&G. I take -- that may have been ahead and rephrase that question. Did you hold any other job titles with for SCANA Corporation. 10 SCE&G and SCANA during the time period that you were 10 When I started the role, it was SCE&G 11 the CFO of SCANA? 11 because we didn't have the holding company at that A. My memory is that while I was CFO of 12 time. The holding company was formed the year I 13 SCANA, I was also a vice president of SCANA. I was 13 became controller, so I was then controller of SCANA senior VP and vice president of SCANA and chief 14 Corporation. financial officer. 15 15 Q. So SCANA was formed in the late 1980s? 16 During that period -- for about an 16 A. I need to -- I need to think a minute to 17 18-month period starting in 2001 moving into 2002, I 17 get my dates right. I may have misstated that. I also served as president of PSNC Energy, one of our joined the company in 1984 as the group manager of operating subsidiaries. I held both of those titles technical accounting for SCE&G. 20 concurrently. 20 SCANA Corporation, as a holding company, 21 Q. Have you ever provided testimony to the 21 was formed at the end of that year. And then later North Carolina Public Service Commission? 22 in the '80s, I became vice president and controller 22 A. I believe I testified -- I believe I 23 23 of SCANA Corporation. 24 testified at the time SCANA Corporation acquired PSNC 24 Q. Did you work for any other utility 25 Energy. That's my memory. 25 companies prior to joining SCE&G in 1984? Page 37 Page 35 Q. Do you have any estimate for when that A. I did not. 1 1 2 time period was? Q. What is your educational background? 3 3 A. I believe that acquisition took place A. I've got a bachelor's in business around 1998, so it would be around that time frame. 4 administration from the University of Georgia, Q. What position did you hold prior to majoring in accounting. becoming the chief financial officer of SCANA? 6 Q. Any advanced degrees beyond that one? 7 7 A. I was the vice president of finance for Α. 8 SCANA Corporation. Q. Are you a CPA? 9 9 Q. What time period did you hold that A. I practiced as a CPA. I'm not currently 10 position? 10 practicing as a CPA. 11 A. I don't recall the specific number of 11 Q. When did you become a CPA? 12 years prior to becoming CFO, but that was a title --12 I believe it was in 1979. that was a job title I held before assuming 13 Q. You're not an engineer, correct? 14 responsibility as CFO. 14 A. I am not an engineer. 15 Q. What position did you hold prior to 15 Q. And is it correct to say that you have no 16 becoming the VP of finance for SCANA? 16 background in nuclear construction? 17 17 A. I was VP of corporate planning for SCE&G. MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 18 Q. Do you recall the time period you held 18 MR. WATKINS: Object to the form. 19 19 that position? THE WITNESS: I have not been trained in 20 20 I recall I was in that role for one to two nuclear construction. I don't have a degree in 21 years, but I don't recall the specific dates. 21 construction nor engineering-related degree. 22 Q. What position did you hold prior to that 22 BY MR. COX: 23 VP of corporate planning position? Q. Did you have any role in overseeing

25 for SCANA Corporation.

A. I was the vice president and controller

24

24 nuclear construction prior to construction of the

25 project?

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Page 38 Page 40 A. No. The company was not building any 1 that I believe the privilege covers in this 2 nuclear plants up until that -- until the project 2 context not only specific communications that 3 Mr. Marsh might have had with lawyers, but Q. Why did you leave the position of CEO of 4 broader, the company effort to deal with the 5 SCANA and SCE&G? 5 dispute that was facing the company at this 6 MR. WATKINS: Object to the form. It's 6 time. 7 been asked and answered. 7 MR. COX: And just to be clear, you had THE WITNESS: I chose to retire. 8 8 the opportunity to discuss that with Mr. Marsh 9 BY MR. COX: 9 just now off the record? 10 10 Q. Why did you do that? MR. CHALLY: We discussed the scope of the 11 11 A. I believed it was in the best interest of privilege and work product protection associated 12 12 the company in trying to resolve some of the issues with the question you asked, yes. 13 related to the nuclear plant abandonment. 13 MR. WATKINS: Would you mind reasking the 14 Q. Why did you believe that would be in the 14 question or reading it back? Your preference. 15 best interest of the company? 15 BY MR. COX: 16 A. The company attorneys had engaged in a 16 Q. So, Mr. Marsh, the question was: Why did 17 number of settlement discussions. 17 you believe it would be in the best interest of the 18 MR. WATKINS: And, Kevin, I'll caution you 18 company for you to retire? 19 now not to disclose the substance of any 19 MR. WATKINS: I'll give you the same 20 20 discussions with attorneys in answering this privilege restriction as before; but with that, 21 21 please go ahead and answer. question. 22 22 And if you need to take a break to discuss THE WITNESS: Based on feedback I had 23 23 the implications of the attorney-client gotten from the company's attorneys on the 24 24 privilege here, we can do that. status of our efforts to resolve the abandonment 25 25 issues and my own personal situation, I felt it THE WITNESS: We may need to take a break. Page 39 Page 41 MR. CHALLY: Yeah. 1 would be in the company's best interest for me 1 2 2 MR. COX: Okay. Off the record. to step aside and my personal interest to step VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 9:40 a.m. and 3 3 aside. 4 we are off the record. 4 BY MR. COX: 5 (A recess transpired from 9:40 a.m. until Q. When you say "personal situation," what do 6 9:51 a.m.) 6 you mean by that? 7 A. I mean I have to consider my personal VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 9:51 a.m., and 8 we are back on record. 8 health and my family's health and the pressures that BY MR. COX: 9 9 we were under. 10 10 Q. So before our break, Mr. Marsh, your This issue had been, you know, quite, 11 attorneys had asked for a recess to discuss an issue 11 quite vocal in the paper for some time. And I'm 12 of potential privilege. 12 certainly committed to the company. I am also 13 Can you go ahead and continue your answer? 13 committed to my family. And I just believed it was 14 MR. CHALLY: I'll just add to the 14 in my best personal interest to step aside and 15 instruction Mr. Marsh's personal attorney 15 retire. 16 advanced. 16 Q. Was that a difficult time for you and your 17 We would instruct Mr. Marsh not to reveal 17 family in the post abandonment time period in late 18 18 2017? the substance of not only communications that he 19 19 had with company attorneys, but the company's MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 20 20 THE WITNESS: I saw it as difficult. The effort to deal with at the time of his departure 21 was a series of disputes related to the 21 company had made a difficult decision. 22 abandonment. So we broke so that we could try 22 Many people did not agree with it. Many 23 23 to articulate a response to the question. of those opinions were discussed in the paper on 24 I believe Mr. Marsh is capable of doing 24 many occasions, and I believed it was in my that, but I want to make clear on the record 25 personal interest, my best interest, to step

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	Kevin iviaisn				
	Page 42		Page 44		
1	aside and retire.	1	MR. COX: Go off the record.		
2	BY MR. COX:	2	VIDEOGRAPHER: Time is 9:57 a.m., and we		
3	Q. Did you personally feel that you could no	3	are off the record.		
4	longer effectively be the CEO of SCANA after the	4	(Brief off-record discussion at 9:57 a.m.)		
5	abandonment decision?	5	MR. COX: Okay. Let's go back. Go back		
6	MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.	6	on the record.		
7	Mischaracterizes the testimony.	7	VIDEOGRAPHER: Okay. Time is 9:57 a.m.,		
8	THE WITNESS: Could you repeat the	8	and we are back on record.		
9	question again?	9	MR. COX: I just want to place on the		
10	BY MR. COX:	10	record that I object to Mr. Watkins's request or		
11	Q. Did you personally feel that you could no	11	instruction to take a break with the witness		
12	longer effectively be the CEO of SCANA after the	12	based on attorney-client privilege.		
13	abandonment decision?	13	I don't believe that the question that was		
14	MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	14	asked could possibly elicit privileged		
15	MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.	15	information.		
16	THE WITNESS: I believed I was capable of	16	MR. WATKINS: And it certainly could. It		
17	continuing as CEO.	17	certainly could.		
18	BY MR. COX:	18	You excluded communications with a lawyer,		
19	Q. Did any members of the board tell you that	19	but a lawyer certainly can give advice and it		
20	you needed to resign for the best interest of the	20	can be communicated through a nonlawyer. There		
21	company?	21	can be company legal strategy as communicated		
22	A. They did not.	22	through a nonlawyer.		
23	Q. Did anyone other than attorneys for SCANA	23	I've given the witness a limiting		
24	tell you that it would be in the best interest for	24	instruction, and he's indicated the desire to		
25	you to resign as CEO of the company?	25	confer with me to discuss the scope of privilege		
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1	MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	1	issues here, if any. And that's what we're		
2	MR. WATKINS: I'm going to object to the	2	going to do.		
3	form of the question and also counsel you that	3	MR. SOLOMONS: And just for the record,		
4	to the extent that your answer reveals any	4	Plaintiffs also further object that such a		
5	communications with counsel or work product or	5	conference may not be provided for in the South		
6	litigation strategy of the company during that	6	Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure. So we want		
7	time, not to divulge that type of information.	7	to put that on the record.		
8	And again, if you need to break to discuss	8	MR. CHALLY: Hold on. So is it your		
9	that, we can.	9	position that a conference to discuss whether		
10	THE WITNESS: We may need to break. I	10	there is whether the question requires		
11	apologize, but it's complicated.	11	divulging privileged information is not provided		
12	MR. COX: I don't believe a break is	12	for under South Carolina Rules of Civil		
13	called for on that question.	13	Procedure?		
14	MR. CHALLY: What's the question again?	14	MR. SOLOMONS: I'm not sure it is. I		
15	MR. COX: Would you read back the	15	think it so I would I would want to flesh		
16	question, please?	16	out the purpose and the exact question and the		
17	(Whereupon the Court Reporter read the	17	exact area that the privilege is being asserted		
18	previous question: Did anyone other than	18	over rather than than what we're doing, which		
19	attorneys for SCANA tell you that it would	19	is breaking, going back and having		
20	be in the best interest for you to resign	20	off-the-record conversations, and coming back to		
21	as CEO of the company?)	21	discuss questions. So that's		
22	MR. WATKINS: Yeah. And I stand by that,	22	MR. CHALLY: Okay. Just to make I'm		
23	and I do. So we'll take a break.	23	not sure I understand, but so is it is it		
24	MR. COX: I object.	24	you don't believe that the discussions being had		
25	MR. WATKINS: Okay.	25	relate to whether to assert a privilege, or is		

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Page 46 Page 48 1 it that you don't believe a break can be taken down. But they did not ask me to step down. 2 to determine whether a privilege assertion needs 2 BY MR. COX: 3 to be made? O. What was the name of that PR firm that 4 MR. SOLOMONS: I'm unclear as to where 4 SCANA retained? 5 that line is between those two, Jon, and I want 5 A. I don't -- I don't recall the name of the 6 it on the record. 6 firm. Q. Did you meet with that firm? 7 MS. MOODY: Was your question -- your 7 8 question was: Any attorneys outside -- any 8 A. I did meet with them. 9 9 attorneys from SCANA? You specifically said Q. How many times? 10 "SCANA" in that. 10 A. I don't -- I don't recall specific number 11 So he could have had conversation with 11 of times. 12 12 another attorney that was not for SCANA, so that O. Was it more than once? 13 13 A. Yes, it was more than once. is reason to take a break to find out. 14 Q. Where did you meet with them? MR. WATKINS: And I'll make the point that 14 15 A. At the company's offices. my understanding is that under Rule 30(j)(5), 15 16 that counsel and witness are permitted to engage 16 Q. Do you remember the name of anyone from 17 17 that PR firm that you met with? in private off-the-record conferences during 18 depositions for the purpose of deciding whether 18 A. I'm sorry, but I can't recall a specific 19 to assert a privilege or to make an objection or 19 name. 20 20 to move for a protective order. And that's Q. Was it more than one person? 21 precisely what we're going to do. 21 A. What I recall is there was one person that 22 MR. COX: Off the record. 22 was assigned to the engagement. They may have had 23 VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 10:00 a.m., and 23 others that worked with them from time to time, but I 24 we are off the record. 24 just recall one person being -- I guess that would be 25 called the "point person" with us. 25 (A recess transpired from 10:00 a.m. until Page 47 Page 49 Q. Was that point person a male or a female? 1 10:06 a.m.) 2 A. I believe it was a female. VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 10:06 a.m., and 2 3 3 Do you know where that person was based we are back on record. 4 BY MR. COX: 4 out of? Q. Mr. Marsh, before the break, I had asked 5 A. I don't recall. you a question. Do you need it repeated? 6 Q. Did they present any presentations to you 7 A. I would like for you to repeat it, yes. 7 in providing you information on this subject? 8 MR. COX: Could you repeat that last 8 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 9 9 question? MR. CHALLY: Same. 10 (Whereupon the Court Reporter read the 10 THE WITNESS: I don't -- I don't recall 11 previous question: Did anyone other than 11 them making presentations to me specifically. I 12 12 attorneys for SCANA tell you that it would know they made presentations to the company, 13 be in the best interest for you to resign 13 representatives of the company. 14 as CEO of the company?) 14 BY MR. COX: 15 15 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form. Q. And you were there for that presentation, 16 THE WITNESS: First, I want to clarify 16 correct? MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 17 17 that no attorneys from SCANA asked me to step 18 18 THE WITNESS: I don't recall if I was down. That was a decision I made on my own. 19 The company had engaged a PR firm to help 19 there when the presentations were made or if the 20 20 information of the presentation was shared with in working through the process and issues 21 related to abandonment. As part of their 21 me by a member of the company, employee of the 22 discussions, they shared with us situations that 22 company. 23 23 BY MR. COX: had occurred in other large corporations across Q. What was the format of this presentation? 24 the nation and that in many of those 24 circumstances, the CEOs had been asked to step 25 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.

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1	THE WITNESS: I don't recall the specific	1	other than you and Mr. Hagood?
2	format.	2	A. I don't recall everyone who was in there.
3	BY MR. COX:	3	I believe Jimmy Addison was in the room, and Keller
4	Q. Do you know if you ever received any	4	Kissam may have been in the room. I just don't I
5	PowerPoint slides from this company?	5	don't recall specifically everybody that was in
6	A. I just don't recall.	6	there.
7	Q. What examples did the company use, the PR	7	Q. Was Stephen Byrne present?
8	company use, as far as examples of other companies	8	A. I don't believe so.
9	that had encountered a situation like SCANA's?	9	Q. Do you remember approximately when this
10	MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.	10	meeting occurred?
11	MR. CHALLY: Objection.	11	A. I it was right around Halloween,
12	THE WITNESS: I don't recall specific	12	October 31st. I don't remember if it was the day
13	companies. I don't I mean, nobody had a	13	before Halloween or Halloween, but it was about that
14	situation exactly like SCANA's situations. Ours	14	time frame.
15	was different. I think all those are pretty	15	Q. 2017, correct?
16	much stand-alone situations.	16	A. 2017, that's correct.
17	BY MR. COX:	17	Q. Did you schedule the meeting, or did
18	Q. So is it your testimony that no individual	18	Mr. Hagood?
19	asked you to resign as CEO of SCANA?	19	MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.
20	A. No one asked me to resign from SCANA.	20	THE WITNESS: I don't recall how the
21	Q. Did you feel you had the option to	21	meeting got scheduled. I mean, we were we
22	continue as CEO of SCANA?	22	were having a discussion.
23	A. I did.	23	BY MR. COX:
24	Q. And it's your testimony that you made the	24	Q. Had you already decided to retire prior to
25	decision to retire; is that correct?	25	that meeting occurring?
		ı	
	Page 51		Page 53
1	Page 51 A. That is correct.	1	Page 53 A. It was something I had certainly
1 2	_		-
	A. That is correct.	2	A. It was something I had certainly
2	A. That is correct.Q. How did you notify the company that you	2	A. It was something I had certainly contemplated based on events that occurred. But I
2 3	A. That is correct. Q. How did you notify the company that you were resigning as CEO?	2	A. It was something I had certainly contemplated based on events that occurred. But I did not I had not decided until we had the
2 3 4	A. That is correct. Q. How did you notify the company that you were resigning as CEO? MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.	2 3 4 5	A. It was something I had certainly contemplated based on events that occurred. But I did not I had not decided until we had the discussion in the meeting.
2 3 4 5	A. That is correct. Q. How did you notify the company that you were resigning as CEO? MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. Mischaracterizes the testimony.	2 3 4 5	A. It was something I had certainly contemplated based on events that occurred. But I did not I had not decided until we had the discussion in the meeting. Q. And can you describe the discussion that
2 3 4 5 6	A. That is correct. Q. How did you notify the company that you were resigning as CEO? MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. Mischaracterizes the testimony. THE WITNESS: Could you repeat the	2 3 4 5 6 7	A. It was something I had certainly contemplated based on events that occurred. But I did not I had not decided until we had the discussion in the meeting. Q. And can you describe the discussion that occurred at that meeting?
2 3 4 5 6 7	A. That is correct. Q. How did you notify the company that you were resigning as CEO? MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. Mischaracterizes the testimony. THE WITNESS: Could you repeat the question?	2 3 4 5 6 7	A. It was something I had certainly contemplated based on events that occurred. But I did not I had not decided until we had the discussion in the meeting. Q. And can you describe the discussion that occurred at that meeting? A. I was receiving I had received updates
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	A. That is correct. Q. How did you notify the company that you were resigning as CEO? MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. Mischaracterizes the testimony. THE WITNESS: Could you repeat the question? BY MR. COX:	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	A. It was something I had certainly contemplated based on events that occurred. But I did not I had not decided until we had the discussion in the meeting. Q. And can you describe the discussion that occurred at that meeting? A. I was receiving I had received updates from the company's attorneys on the status of matters
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	A. That is correct. Q. How did you notify the company that you were resigning as CEO? MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. Mischaracterizes the testimony. THE WITNESS: Could you repeat the question? BY MR. COX: Q. Sure. Let me rephrase it.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	A. It was something I had certainly contemplated based on events that occurred. But I did not I had not decided until we had the discussion in the meeting. Q. And can you describe the discussion that occurred at that meeting? A. I was receiving I had received updates from the company's attorneys on the status of matters related to
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	A. That is correct. Q. How did you notify the company that you were resigning as CEO? MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. Mischaracterizes the testimony. THE WITNESS: Could you repeat the question? BY MR. COX: Q. Sure. Let me rephrase it. How did you notify the company that you	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	A. It was something I had certainly contemplated based on events that occurred. But I did not I had not decided until we had the discussion in the meeting. Q. And can you describe the discussion that occurred at that meeting? A. I was receiving I had received updates from the company's attorneys on the status of matters related to MR. WATKINS: And, Kevin, don't don't
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	A. That is correct. Q. How did you notify the company that you were resigning as CEO? MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. Mischaracterizes the testimony. THE WITNESS: Could you repeat the question? BY MR. COX: Q. Sure. Let me rephrase it. How did you notify the company that you were retiring as CEO?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	A. It was something I had certainly contemplated based on events that occurred. But I did not I had not decided until we had the discussion in the meeting. Q. And can you describe the discussion that occurred at that meeting? A. I was receiving I had received updates from the company's attorneys on the status of matters related to MR. WATKINS: And, Kevin, don't don't disclose the substance of any updates from any
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Page 54 Page 56 1 my decision that I thought it was in the best 1 BY MR. COX: 2 interest of the company for me to retire. 2 Q. Did Mr. Hagood express any views on 3 BY MR. COX: whether you should retire or not? Q. Did anything occur at that meeting that MR. WATKINS: Objection. 5 led to your decision to retire? 5 THE WITNESS: No, he did not. 6 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 6 BY MR. COX: 7 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 7 Q. What was the purpose of the meeting? 8 question. A. I recall the purpose was to just update 9 9 Mr. Maybank -- I mean, Mr. Hagood on the status of THE WITNESS: I had conversations with the 10 company's attorneys. our -- our situation regarding abandonment. 11 11 BY MR. COX: Q. So the purpose of the meeting wasn't to 12 decide your future with the company? Q. But I'm just talking about the meeting 13 with Mr. Hagood that you had in your office. And my A. No, it was not. 13 14 Q. How did -- how did it happen that the understanding is, from what you've said, is that at 15 meeting was a factor in your decision to retire? the time you scheduled that meeting, you weren't 16 certain whether you were going to retire or not. You 16 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 17 17 THE WITNESS: You know, my decision -- I were considering it. 18 And is it true that at that meeting, that 18 reached the decision in the meeting just based is when you decided that you would, in fact, retire 19 on the overall discussion of the status of where as CEO? 20 20 we were on the abandonment issue and what would 21 A. I did decide in that meeting. Yes, I did. 21 be in the best interest of the company. 22 Q. What information did you receive at that 22 BY MR. COX: 23 meeting that led you to make the decision to retire? 23 Q. What was the status of the abandonment 24 24 issue? MR. WATKINS: And again, Kevin, don't disclose any information received from attorneys 25 25 A. Well, we had -- we had announced the Page 55 Page 57 or the substance of attorney-client 1 abandonment of the project, I believe it was the 1 2 2 latter part of July of 2017. Since that time, we had communication. 3 3 given testimony before the House and the Senate There was no attorney in that meeting, was 4 4 special committees to look into the abandonment 5 THE WITNESS: I don't recall specifically 5 issue. 6 if the attorney was in the meeting. There had been a number of discussions 7 MR. WATKINS: Okay. In any event, don't 7 internally of, you know, how we might be able to 8 disclose the substance of any attorney-client resolve the issue. I know our -- our legal counsel 9 9 communications. had had discussions --10 10 MR. WATKINS: Kevin --THE WITNESS: I was -- I was having a 11 discussion with Mr. Hagood in general about the 11 THE WITNESS: -- regarding that issue. 12 status of the abandonment issue. 12 MR. WATKINS: And again, don't disclose 13 BY MR. COX: 13 the substance of any communication with legal Q. What was his input to you on that during 14 14 counsel. 15 15 the meeting? THE WITNESS: Okay. I had discussions 16 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 16 with legal counsel throughout that period, and 17 THE WITNESS: I don't remember any 17 based on updating Mr. Hagood in that meeting, I 18 specific comments. I just remember there being 18 determined it was in the company's best interest 19 a discussion about the abandonment issue. 19 for me to step aside. And I made that decision 20 BY MR. COX: 20 by myself. 21 Q. What did Mr. Hagood say at that meeting? 21 BY MR. COX: 22 MR. WATKINS: Objection. 22 Q. What was the name of the attorneys who you 23 23 had consulted with during this time period? THE WITNESS: I don't recall specifically 24 what Mr. Hagood said. 24 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.

25

MR. CHALLY: Same objection.

25

Page 58 Page 60 1 THE WITNESS: I mean, I -- the company's 1 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 2 internal regulatory attorney was Chad Burgess. 2 THE WITNESS: I don't recall all the 3 BY MR. COX: 3 specific discussion, and I don't -- I don't Q. Is he the only attorney you discussed --4 believe I can point to one particular incident 5 or is he the only attorney you were consulting with 5 or discussion item that led to my decision. during this time period? 6 It was just a collective personal 7 7 MR. WATKINS: Same objection. evaluation of where we were on the issue and MR. CHALLY: Same. 8 8 what would be in the company's best interest 9 9 going forward. THE WITNESS: I mean, we have general BY MR. COX: 10 counsel who I talked to from time to time on a 10 11 regular basis. 11 Q. Did -- and Mr. Hagood did not express any 12 12 opinion as to whether he thought you should retire or Also, we have outside regulatory attorneys 13 13 not, correct? that I would talk to from time to time about 14 A. He did not. 14 company issues. So there were a number of 15 15 Q. Did Mr. Addison express any opinion on attorneys that I may have had conversations 16 16 whether you should retire or not? with. 17 17 A. He did not. BY MR. COX: 18 Q. I'm talking just about your -- the option 18 Q. Do you have any knowledge of how 19 of you retiring. 19 Mr. Addison was selected to become the CEO of SCANA? 20 A. I told Mr. Hagood that if I were to A. Oh, I didn't talk --20 21 MR. WATKINS: Objection. 21 retire, that it would be my recommendation that THE WITNESS: -- to any attorneys about my 22 22 Mr. Addison succeed me. 23 decision to retire. No one advised me. No one 23 Q. Is that a statement you made to Mr. Hagood 24 24 at that meeting that occurred around Halloween 2017? encouraged me. That was a decision I reached on 25 25 A. Yes. my own with no legal counsel input whatsoever. Page 59 Page 61 1 BY MR. COX: Q. What did Mr. Hagood say in response to 1 Q. Other -- and the only input you received 2 that statement? 2 on that was from this PR advisory firm, is that --3 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. A. I didn't get input from them. They were 4 MR. CHALLY: Object. 5 describing situations that had occurred at large 5 THE WITNESS: I don't recall what he said 6 corporations around the country, and in some of those 6 specifically, if he said anything. cases, the CEO had decided to step aside. 7 BY MR. COX: 8 Q. The company -- strike that. 8 Q. Were you involved in the selection of 9 SCANA retained this PR firm to provide Mr. Addison as CEO other than that recommendation 10 information to SCANA; is that correct? that you made? 11 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 11 A. No. 12 12 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. Q. Did you receive any compensation in 13 THE WITNESS: I don't recall who actually 13 exchange for retiring as CEO of SCANA? 14 engaged the PR firm. I didn't engage them. 14 A. I did not. 15 They were there to work with our corporate 15 Q. Do you have any current consulting 16 communications group in understanding how best 16 agreements with SCE&G or SCANA? 17 to communicate this issue. 17 A. I do not. 18 BY MR. COX: 18 Q. Did you have any consulting agreements 19 Q. Do you know if SCANA retained the PR firm? 19 with SCE&G or SCANA that have now expired? A. Someone within SCANA or SCE&G retained the 20 20 Α. No. 21 firm. 21 Q. Mr. Marsh, you received over \$5 million in 22 Q. This meeting that you had with Mr. Hagood 22 total compensation in 2014, didn't you? 23 around Halloween 2017, is there anything that 23 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 24 occurred in that meeting where you realized, "Okay, I 24 question. 25 need to retire"? 25 THE WITNESS: I don't recall the exact

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Page 62 Page 64 amount of my compensation in 2014. A. That's correct. 2 BY MR. COX: 2 Q. And would you agree that as defined under 3 SEC rules, your compensation in 2016 was over Q. Would it refresh your recollection to review SCANA's proxy statement? \$6 million? 5 5 A. Yes. Those numbers appear in the A. That information is provided in a proxy statement, yes. 6 compensation table. 7 7 MR. COX: I'm handing you a proxy Q. Thank you. Mr. Marsh, during the time of 8 statement dated March 24th, 2017. I tabbed a 8 construction on the project, you received bonus 9 page entitled "Summary Compensation Table." payments tied to progress on the construction of the 10 MR. WATKINS: Are you going to mark this 10 project, correct? 11 11 as an exhibit? MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 12 12 MR. COX: I don't think so. MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 13 MR. WATKINS: Okay. Do you have another 13 THE WITNESS: I received incentive 14 copy of the document? 14 payments during the period we were constructing 15 MR. COX: I don't. 15 the project. Those weren't all specifically 16 MS. MOODY: What page of the document --16 related to project-related activities. 17 17 BY MR. COX: THE WITNESS: 42. 18 MR. COX: I marked page 42 as a page for 18 Q. Is it true that some of the incentive 19 the witness to review. 19 payments were specifically related to project-related 20 20 activities? THE WITNESS: (Reviewing). 21 21 A. A portion of it would be. Subject to check, this does appear to be a 22 22 Q. Were those incentive payments reported in copy of SCANA's proxy statement filed on 23 March 24th, 2017. 23 any format by SCANA? 24 24 BY MR. COX: MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 25 25 THE WITNESS: I mean, the compensation of Q. And in your experience, does the company's Page 63 Page 65 1 proxy statement reflect the compensation that you the officers, including mine, would have been 1 2 2 would have received as CEO of the company? included in the proxy statement that was filed A. It does reflect that compensation as 3 with the SEC. 4 BY MR. COX: 4 required to be reported under the reporting guidelines, yes, it does. Q. Is there any document that would show what Q. Is it correct that in calendar year 2014, 6 compensation you received as an incentive payment 7 you received over \$5 million in total compensation? 7 that was tied to progress in construction on the 8 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 8 project? 9 THE WITNESS: 2014? There's a -- the 9 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 10 number that appears in the table totals about 10 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 11 5.7 million, but there are components of that 11 THE WITNESS: I don't -- I don't believe, 12 that are not cash compensation to me. 12 as it's reported in the proxy, it delineates any 13 It also includes changes in pension value 13 specific amounts. I believe it does describe 14 and other matters. It would not be what I would 14 the makeup of the goals of the individual 15 consider cash compensation to me. 15 officers, which would describe -- I believe it 16 BY MR. COX: 16 would describe the makeup of those incentive 17 17 Q. You would agree, though, that for purposes goals. 18 BY MR. COX: 18 of the total compensation for reporting on the proxy 19 statement, your compensation that year was over Q. How were incentive payments structured? 20 \$5 million? 20 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 21 A. As defined by the SEC rules, that's 21 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 22 correct. 22 question. 23 23 THE WITNESS: Well, each -- each officer Q. And you would also agree that as defined 24 under SEC rules, your compensation in 2015 was also 24 of the company had a salary and incentive 25 over \$5 million, correct? 25 compensation level that was set by the board.

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Page 66 1 The board engaged an independent consultant to 2 advise them on what were normal levels of pay 3 and typical levels of incentive opportunities

based on responsibilities assigned different positions.

So in that regard, the goal, as described to me by the board, was to make sure that our compensation was consistent with jobs that would have similar responsibilities in similar companies with the given responsibilities across the country.

I think they had that information provided independently by the consultant. The consultant, based on my knowledge, also advised the compensation committee of the board appropriate ways to separate that into short-term and long-term compensation and the process by which we could set targets or goals which would determine if you would achieve those targets or goals, what level of compensation or what level of incentive, you know, pay you may be entitled to.

So that was -- that was determined at the beginning of each year before incentive awards were made known to any of the officers,

1 officers.

2 Q. What goals were set for you that related

3 to progress in construction on the project? 4

MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.

5 THE WITNESS: I don't recall any goals 6 being set tied to specific progress on the

7 construction. I remember my goal being set as 8 overall, you know, providing oversight of the

9 construction activities.

10 BY MR. COX:

11

13

Q. What was the standard for determining 12 whether you achieved that goal?

MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.

14 THE WITNESS: That was not a determination 15 that I made. The board, based on its evaluation 16 of my performance during the year related to 17 overall nuclear construction activities, would 18 make its determination.

19 BY MR. COX:

20 Q. Do you remember if there was a 21 quantifiable standard that was established for your 22 goal with respect to oversight of construction on the 23 project?

24 A. I don't recall a specific number of any 25 sort being included in that goal. I can't speak for

Page 67

including myself. 1

BY MR. COX: 2

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3 Q. Were your targets for incentive compensation spelled out in writing?

MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: No. We -- a presentation was made by the human resources committee -- I mean, by the human resources department to the compensation committee on specific goals that were recommended for consideration by the committee for each -- for each senior officer.

12 BY MR. COX:

13 Q. And would the committee then approve the goals that it determined to put into effect for each 15 officer?

16 A. The committee would make the final 17 decision on which goals would be applicable to each 18 officer, and then that information would go to the 19 full board of directors for approval.

20 Q. And after it was approved by the full 21 board, would that be put in writing, the goals that 22 were set out for incentive compensation for each 23 officer?

24 A. Yes. The goals would be approved, and the 25 individual goals would be communicated to the senior Page 69

Page 68

1 the board and what they may have considered or what 2 they might have discussed in determining whether or 3 not they believed I had achieved the goal that was 4 put before me.

Q. Was one of your goals to have a filing 6 with the Commission regarding revised rates?

MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.

MR. CHALLY: Same objection.

9 THE WITNESS: I don't recall that being a 10 specific goal.

11 BY MR. COX:

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12 Q. Do you recall any of your goals for

13 incentive payments being tied to milestones for

14 construction of the project?

MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: I don't recall any of my

17 goals being tied to specific milestones.

18 BY MR. COX:

19 Q. So to your recollection, your goal for 20 incentive payments related to the project was just to appropriately oversee the project?

21

MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.

23 MR. CHALLY: Same objection.

THE WITNESS: It was to provide oversight

to members of my team that had specific

Page 70 Page 72 1 responsibilities regarding project activities the end of the year. 2 and what that would entail and the board's 2 BY MR. COX: 3 3 determination of whether or not they believed I Q. Okay. So -- fair point. Let's talk just 4 had done that appropriately to earn the 4 about your salary. 5 5 A. Okay. incentive payment. 6 BY MR. COX: 6 Q. Is it correct to say that the company 7 Q. And did you earn that incentive payment 7 would allocate a portion of your salary, based on the 8 time that you spent working on the project, would 9 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. allocate a portion of your salary to the capital 10 MR. CHALLY: Same. 10 costs of the project? 11 11 THE WITNESS: I don't -- I don't recall MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 12 12 each individual year, but I did earn -- I did THE WITNESS: Yeah. I don't want to get 13 13 hung up on terms, but I'm an accountant. An earn that incentive payment, yes. 14 BY MR. COX: 14 allocation means something in accounting 15 15 Q. Part of your compensation as CEO was different from, I think, what you're saying. 16 allocated to the capital cost of the project, wasn't 16 My time was assigned directly to the 17 it? 17 project based on the time sheet I provided if I 18 MR. SOLOMONS: Objection to form. 18 spent time on the project. If I spent time at 19 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 19 PSNC Energy in North Carolina and I put time THE WITNESS: I don't know. I did not do 20 20 down for that, part of my base salary would be 21 the accounting or the cost allocations of the 21 assigned based on that time. So it was a direct 22 22 incentive pay, so I don't know if any of my assignment. 23 23 bonus was assigned to the project. As an accountant, I don't consider that an 24 24 BY MR. COX: allocation. It was directly assigned to where I 25 25 Q. Did you have to allocate the time that you was doing the work. Page 73 Page 71 1 spent working on the project versus the time you 1 BY MR. COX: spent working on nonproject-related activities? Q. So is it correct to say that a portion of 3 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 3 your salary was assigned to the capital costs of the 4 MR. WATKINS: Same objection. 4 project? 5 THE WITNESS: And I completed a time sheet 5 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 6 for every two-week work period, and I would put 6 7 7 the time on that time sheet based on which THE WITNESS: If I had done work on the 8 activities I was involved in and which company 8 project and I put time on my time sheet 9 9 they were related to. indicating I had worked on the project, a 10 10 BY MR. COX: pro rata portion of my salary related to that 11 Q. And you don't know, sitting here now, if 11 time, I believe, was charged to the project. 12 12 the time that you spent working on project-related That's my understanding. activities, that your compensation for that time 13 BY MR. COX: 14 period was allocated to the costs of the project? 14 Q. And you did assign time on your time 15 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 15 sheets to the project during your time as CEO, 16 MR. CHALLY: Same. 16 correct? 17 17 THE WITNESS: Okay. I think I'm -- I A. Yes, I did. 18 understood you were asking about incentive pay. 18 Q. As CEO of SCANA, you signed a 19 The time -- the allocation of my salary, based 19 certification that your company's SEC filings did not 20 20 include any untrue statements of material fact, on the time sheet that I would complete every 21 two weeks, that cost would be allocated to the 21 didn't you? 22 project if I had worked on the project during 22 A. I did --MR. CHALLY: Objection. 23 23 that time period. THE WITNESS: -- based on the process as 24 But that -- I don't know that that was the 24 basis for the allocation of the incentive pay at 25 we went through to prepare those statements, and

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	Kevin Marsh					
	Page 74		Page 76			
1	that was a required certification which I did	1	MR. CHALLY: Object to form.			
2	sign.	2	MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the			
3	BY MR. COX:	3	question.			
4	Q. And isn't it true that as CEO, you also	4	THE WITNESS: I believe my testimony was			
5	certified that your company's SEC filings did not	5	truthful.			
6	omit any material facts necessary to make the	6	BY MR. COX:			
7	statements made not misleading?	7	Q. Do you believe that your testimony in			
8	MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the	8	those proceedings was not misleading?			
9	question.	9	MR. CHALLY: Object to form.			
10	THE WITNESS: Yeah. I don't I don't	10	MR. WATKINS: Same.			
11	recall the specific language in the	11	THE WITNESS: In my opinion, I don't			
12	certification, but I did sign the certification	12	believe it was misleading.			
13	each quarter and at the end of the year when	13	MR. WATKINS: And I want to make clear			
14	those statements were filed.	14	that my objection was interposed before that			
15	BY MR. COX:	15	last question.			
16	Q. So you signed those certifications for	16	BY MR. COX:			
17	SCANA since 2011, correct?	17	Q. It is correct that SCE&G selected the			
18	MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.	18	AP1000 technology for the project, correct?			
19	THE WITNESS: As CEO, yes.	19	A. SCE&G did select that technology. That's			
20	BY MR. COX:	20	correct.			
21	Q. You signed those during an earlier time	21	Q. And is it true that SCE&G agreed with			
22	period as CFO, correct?	22	Westinghouse's proposal to use a consortium for			
23	MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.	23	construction of the project?			
24	THE WITNESS: I would have signed those as	24	MR. CHALLY: Object to form.			
25	the CFO during the period I was CFO.	25	THE WITNESS: That was the way that it was			
	Page 75		Page 77			
1	BY MR. COX:	1	presented to us if we wanted to move forward			
2	Q. As an accountant, you are familiar with	2	with the project, and we did sign an agreement			
3	the principle that omissions of material fact can	3	with the consortium.			
4	result in a statement being misleading, aren't you?	4	BY MR. COX:			
5	MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the	5	Q. So you ultimately, or your company, SCE&G,			
6	question.	6	ultimately agreed to Westinghouse's proposal that a			
7	MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	7	consortium be used to construct the project; is that			
8	THE WITNESS: I'm generally aware of, you	8	correct?			
9	know, issues regarding what's included in	9	MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.			
10	financial statements, yes.	10	MR. CHALLY: Same.			
11	BY MR. COX:	11	THE WITNESS: I mean, we SCE&G entered			
12	Q. Do you believe that your certification of	12	into a contract with the consortium to construct			
13	SCANA's SCE&G statements were correct?	13	two AP1000s.			
14	MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	14	BY MR. COX:			
15	MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the	15	Q. Did SCE&G favor the use of a consortium to			
16	question.	16	construct the project?			
17	THE WITNESS: I believe what I certified	17	MR. CHALLY: Object to form.			
18	was correct, yes.	18	MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.			
19	BY MR. COX:	19	THE WITNESS: I you know, I'm not I			
20	Q. You testified you stated earlier that	20	was not responsible for constructing plants.			
21	you testified before the Commission on several	21	Steve Byrne and the nuclear team were			
22	occasions, correct?	22	responsible for evaluating, you know, the the			
23	A. I did.	23	contract and how that was put together.			
24	Q. Was your testimony in those proceedings	24	As I said earlier, at the end of the day,			
25	truthful?	25	SCE&G did sign a contract with a consortium. At			

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Page 78 Page 80 1 the time, it was Westinghouse and Shaw to build Ron Clary were the leads in doing that 2 two AP1000s. 2 negotiation. 3 BY MR. COX: 3 BY MR. COX: Q. Were you involved in the negotiation of 4 Q. Did you make any decisions on SCE&G's 5 that contract? 5 behalf during the course of the negotiations? A. I was involved at the -- at the 6 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 7 president's level because I was president of SCE&G at 7 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 8 8 the time. I was not involved in the detailed THE WITNESS: You know, not -- I was not 9 negotiations of the project. That was primarily on the negotiating team, so I was not making 10 10 members of the nuclear team. decisions regarding negotiations. 11 Q. Is there any part of the negotiations that 11 The team would present to me, and also 12 12 you were more involved in than others? Bill Timmerman, who was the CEO at the time, you 13 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 13 know, where we stood on negotiations, but I was 14 not making decisions. THE WITNESS: I was not directly involved 14 15 15 BY MR. COX: in the negotiations on the particulars in the 16 contract. 16 Q. What was your recollection of the 17 17 company's position at that time with respect to BY MR. COX: whether a consortium should be used to construct the 18 Q. How would you describe your role in the 19 negotiations? 19 project? 20 20 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 21 THE WITNESS: I see my role as the 21 MR. CHALLY: Same. 22 22 THE WITNESS: I don't recall anything president to understand that there were 23 23 relative to the position we may have had. That negotiations going on, understanding that we had 24 24 a team in place to do those negotiations, and was the form that was presented to us and that 25 25 that we were trying to reach an agreement that was looked at during the negotiations. Page 79 Page 81 would support the building of two AP1000s or a 1 BY MR. COX: 1 2 nuclear plant at that time. 2 Q. Was there any opinions expressed by any 3 3 members of the negotiating team that a consortium And I -- I was informed by our team of 4 what was going on in negotiations, you know, 4 would not be the best way to pursue construction of 5 some of the issues they needed to resolve in 5 the project? 6 negotiations, and issues that came up, but I was 6 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 7 7 not involved in the detail negotiation of the MR. CHALLY: Object to form. contract. 8 THE WITNESS: I don't recall any 9 disclosure or issues raised to that issue. 9 BY MR. COX: BY MR. COX: 10 Q. Who was -- who were the members of your 10 11 negotiating team? 11 Q. What was SCE&G's understanding of the 12 12 completeness of the design of the project during the MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 13 THE WITNESS: Well, first, it wasn't my 2008 EPC negotiations? 14 negotiating team. It was a group within SCE&G. 14 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 15 15 They were SCE&G employees. MR. WATKINS: Same objection. 16 Ron Clary, who was our vice president of 16 THE WITNESS: I can't respond. I don't 17 17 new nuclear development at the time, was have knowledge of the detail design. That's 18 probably the lead negotiator. Steve Byrne, 18 something that would have been handled by Steve 19 19 given his responsibilities for all nuclear Byrne. 20 20 activities, was involved in negotiations. I do recall that Westinghouse represented 21 There were others on the team. I mean, 21 to us that they had an approved design by the 22 this was a long, complex, detailed contract, so 22 NRC. I just remember that -- those terms coming 23 23 I -- I can't say all of the people that were up. 24 involved in negotiating each section of the 24 BY MR. COX:

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contract, but I would say that Steve Byrne and

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And other than that, you don't have any

Page 82 Page 84 1 more recollection of SCE&G's -- or your understanding that being the case. I don't --2 of the completeness of the design? 2 BY MR. COX: MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 3 Q. At the time of the 2008 EPC negotiations, THE WITNESS: I'm not an engineer. I 4 did SCE&G consider other technologies to increase 5 don't know how to define "completeness of the base load capacity other than the AP1000? 6 design" in terms of responding to your question. 6 A. We did consider other technologies. We 7 BY MR. COX: 7 considered coal, natural gas, and renewables. 8 8 Q. Was there a point in time where you later Q. How did SCE&G compare the cost and benefit formed the opinion that the design of the AP1000 was 9 of those technologies? 10 10 not as complete as you had initially believed? MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 11 11 A. I recall Steve Byrne, I believe, providing MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 12 12 testimony that it was not unusual for power plant THE WITNESS: In very general terms, coal 13 construction, including nuclear power plant 13 was not seen to be a feasible option at that 14 construction, that all of the detail design 14 point. We had significant coal generation on 15 associated with the construction project was not --15 our system at that time. There were very 16 typically not completed when the project was started; 16 stringent environmental regulations around 17 that it was completed as you went through the 17 emissions from coal-fired facilities. It was construction of the project. I do recall some 18 clear in our minds, from SCE&G's perspective, testimony that Steve gave on that behalf --19 that it was likely that environmental 20 20 Q. Is it -restrictions -- you know, rulings that have 21 A. -- on that issue. 21 negative impact on coal would continue to be imposed on coal-fired capacity. So that was not 22 Q. -- your recollection -- I'm sorry. 22 23 23 an option that we felt like was feasible for our A. I'm sorry. I'm through. 24 24 Q. Is it your recollection that Mr. Byrne's company. 25 testimony was that he understood that to be the case? We were trying to define something that Page 85 Page 83 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. was clean, nonemitting, base load generation, 1 1 2 2 and coal did not fit that -- did not fit that THE WITNESS: I don't recall the specifics 3 3 picture. around his testimony. 4 BY MR. COX: 4 Natural gas, while it does not emit as Q. To your recollection, was SCE&G, at any 5 much as coal, it does still emit pollutants to point in time, surprised at the lack of completeness 6 the air that are a concern from an environmental 7 of the design of the AP1000? perspective. 8 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 8 We were very concerned that if we added 9 9 MR. WATKINS: Same objection. all of our base load from a natural gas 10 THE WITNESS: I can't speak to the design 10 perspective, we would be way too heavy in our 11 issues. That would have to be to Steve Byrne. 11 fossil fuel generation capacity, which would be 12 12 I don't have knowledge of all that. I'm not an a negative for us in terms of producing clean 13 expert in design, construction design, and don't 13 air under new regulations that might be imposed 14 feel like I can respond to that question. 14 on the company that we believed were imminent at 15 15 BY MR. COX: 16 Q. And I understand that. 16 We looked at renewables. The team --17 17 So I guess the way I would kind of sum up there was a team. A team was put in place -- I 18 this issue is: You weren't in a position to ever 18 didn't do the evaluation. A team was put in 19 19 form an opinion that the design of the project -- or place to evaluate the renewable option. 20 I'm sorry, the design of the reactor turned out to be Renewables, we believed, had a place on 21 more or less complete than originally expected? 21 the system. They were still relatively new from 22 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 22 a technological perspective in terms of how they 23 23 could be added to the system. MR. WATKINS: Same objection to the form 24 24 of the question. We needed base load generation.

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THE WITNESS: I don't -- I don't recall

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Renewables don't have -- you're not able to

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Page 86 dispatch that when you need it. If it's -- if 1 2 it's solar, when the sun is shining, you have solar energy. If it's nighttime or very cold in 3 the morning, solar energy is not available to 4 you to meet the need on the system. 5

So we believed it would be cost prohibitive to, you know, build enough solar, and then it wouldn't be dispatchable and wouldn't meet base load needs. We needed base load generation. That generation, if it's used, is available 60 to 70 percent of the time.

So an analysis prepared by the team doing the evaluation is to the impacts of natural gas versus nuclear. And based on that evaluation, the team concluded that the nuclear would be the cheapest option in the long term and provide the greatest benefits in nonemitting energy for the company.

19 BY MR. COX:

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- 20 Q. Who was on that team?
- 21 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.
- 22 THE WITNESS: I don't recall all the
- 23 members of that team.
- 24 BY MR. COX:
- 25 Q. Do you recall who the experts were, if
 - Page 87
- 1 any, that SCE&G retained for that analysis?
- A. Joe Lynch -- Dr. Joe Lynch, who was a 2
- 3 SCE&G -- or may have been a SCANA employee -- led the
- 4 analysis. I don't know if he engaged others to help
- him in that analysis or not.
- Q. During what time period was Mr. Lynch a
- 7 SCANA employee?
- 8 MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 9 THE WITNESS: I don't know specifically
- 10 when he joined the company. I remember Joe
- 11 being there when I was there, but I don't
- 12 recall -- I didn't work with Joe when I was an
- 13 accountant, so I don't -- but I recall when I
- 14 was president of SCE&G, Joe was an employee of
- 15 the company. So I can tell you from at least
- 16 1996 on, he was there.
- 17 BY MR. COX:
- Q. He was still an employee when you left the 18
- 19 company?
- 20 A. Yes, he was.
- 21 Q. Did SCE&G ever update that comparative
- 22 analysis of nuclear technology versus those other
- 23 types of technologies that you mentioned after
- 24 construction on the project began?
- MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 25

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- THE WITNESS: My memory is that Joe led a
 - team that did update an analysis for some of the
- filings we went back to, one of the Base Load
- Review Act. I believe he updated it in 2012,
- 2015, and 2016. That's my memory.
- 6 BY MR. COX:
- 7 Q. Are you aware of any other comparative
- 8 analysis -- analyses done by SCE&G other than those
- 9 comparisons done by Joe Lynch?
 - MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- THE WITNESS: That's what I recall. I 11
- 12 don't recall any others.
- 13 BY MR. COX:
- 14 O. You testified in the Commission docket
- 15 where SCE&G sought approval for construction of the
- 16 project, correct?
 - A. I did.
- 18 Q. You testified -- you promised that SCE&G
- would keep the Commission informed of the
- construction process and the price of the project,
- 21 correct?
 - MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.
- 23 THE WITNESS: If you've got a copy of that
- 24 testimony, I'd like to see a copy of that to
 - refresh my memory.

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- MR. COX: Sure.
- 2 MR. WATKINS: Jim, when you're at a good
- 3 breaking point, I could use a restroom break.
- 4 Not right now, but when you're at a good,
 - logical breaking point.
 - MR. COX: Off the record.
 - VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 10:57 a.m.
- 8 We're off the record.
- 9 (A recess transpired from 10:57 a.m. until
 - 11:12 a.m.)
- 11 VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 11:12 a.m., and
- 12 we are back on record.
- 13 (Exhibit 1 was marked for identification.)
- 14 BY MR. COX:
- 15 Q. Mr. Marsh, we have had marked and in front
- 16 of you a document labeled Exhibit 1. Is this a copy
- 17 of the testimony that you provided to the Commission
- 18 in the docket in which SCE&G requested approval of
- 19 the project?
- 20 A. It does appear to be my testimony.
- 21 Q. And you understood that you were under
- 22 oath when you provided this testimony, correct?
- 23 A. I do.

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- Q. If you could turn to page 211 of
- 25 Exhibit 1, the numbers are on the top right-hand

Page 90 Page 92 1 corner of the page. 1 followed by the company to complete the units -- or 2 A. Okay. 2 followed by Westinghouse and its consortium partner 3 MR. WATKINS: Do you have another copy of 3 to complete the units. 4 this by any chance? Q. And with respect to costs, that obligation 5 MR. CHALLY: Here you go. 5 that you believed the company had to update the 6 MR. WATKINS: Thanks. 6 estimated costs if they were to increase, is it your 7 BY MR. COX: understanding that that was the -- that that figure Q. On that page, at lines 21 to 24, can you was the estimated cost to complete construction? read what your answer to that question was? 9 MR. WATKINS: I'll object to the form of 10 10 A. Yes. the question, first. 11 "ANSWER: Well, our promise is we will 11 And second, Mr. Marsh, to the extent it follow the rules of the Commission and the base load 12 implicates any -- this question implicates any review process, keep the Commission informed of the 13 13 communication with counsel, don't divulge the construction process and what the price may be." 14 14 substance of any advice from counsel with 15 Q. And, Mr. Marsh, that was a promise you 15 respect to the company's obligations. 16 gave to the Commission; is that correct? 16 THE WITNESS: Okay. It --17 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 17 BY MR. COX: THE WITNESS: That was my testimony. 18 18 Q. Let me just follow up on that because I 19 BY MR. COX: don't want to know what your understanding is right Q. Mr. Marsh, was it your understanding that 20 20 now. I want to know what your understanding was at 21 SCE&G was required to keep the Commission apprised of the time that you submitted this testimony or made the estimated cost to complete construction of the this testimony to the Commission. 22 23 23 project? A. Right. 24 24 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. MR. WATKINS: And I'll clarify, my 25 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 25 statement encompasses not only advice from your Page 91 Page 93 question. counsel now, like me, but also any advice from 1 1 2 THE WITNESS: My understanding under the 2 counsel back at the time in connection with 3 3 Base Load Review Act was we presented the your -- your work and your testimony at the time 4 Commission with our projected schedule and the 4 this Exhibit 1 testimony was given. 5 estimated cost associated with completing the 5 THE WITNESS: I mean, at the time I gave 6 work under that schedule, which was then 6 this testimony, it was -- it was my 7 7 approved by the Commission. understanding that if your schedule were to 8 If we believed the cost would exceed that 8 change beyond 18 months -- well, at the time I 9 9 or we had information that would lead us to gave this testimony, we didn't have the 18-month 10 believe that the cost would exceed that, we were 10 contingency because that's what was in the order 11 required to come back and update that cost with 11 based this testimony. 12 the Commission in a separate filing -- or if the 12 So at the time, if the schedule had 13 schedule were to change. 13 changed from what we had presented -- I believe 14 We had to update cost and schedule, if it 14 we had offered up a 24-month cushion. That's 15 were not included -- if those numbers were 15 what we testified to -- or if the cost were to 16 outside of the filing that we had. I believe on 16 change from what you included in the capital 17 the -- the schedule side, we had an 18-month 17 cost schedules, that we would come -- we would 18 cushion for each milestone associated with the 18 come back to the Commission and update the 19 project. 19 capital cost schedules. 20 BY MR. COX: 20 BY MR. COX: 21 Q. And when you refer to "schedule," you're 21 Q. Mr. Marsh, if you could turn to page 197 22 referring to the schedule to construct the units; is 22 of Exhibit 1. If you look at the sentence that 23 begins on line 9 and ends on line 13, could you read that correct? 24 A. That would have been the -- it would have 24 that sentence?

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25 been the current schedule or the one that was being

A. It says: "We are putting in place an

Page 94 Page 96 1 extensive and experienced group of internal Is it fair to say that you did not vet the 2 construction management and oversight personnel who 2 members of this group that you're referring to in 3 will monitor all aspects of the construction and this sentence for their experience? licensing process as it moves forward." 4 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 5 Q. Was that a true statement when you made it 5 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. THE WITNESS: I personally did not -- was to the Commission? 6 7 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 7 not engaged in hiring or evaluating the question. 8 8 experience of the people that were on the 9 9 THE WITNESS: Yeah. It's true with project. 10 respect to the company was planning to put in 10 BY MR. COX: 11 place is what I described here. I didn't put it 11 Q. So is it correct to say that other senior 12 in place. We had -- that was done by Steve 12 members of your company, including Mr. Byrne, told 13 Byrne and the nuclear team. 13 you that they were going to put in a team of 14 BY MR. COX: 14 extensive and experienced personnel, and that's why 15 Q. Do you know who the members of the you testified to this statement? extensive and experienced group of internal 16 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 16 17 construction management and oversight personnel were? MR. CHALLY: Same. 17 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 18 18 THE WITNESS: I don't recall Mr. Byrne's 19 THE WITNESS: I certainly can't recall all 19 exact words and specific conversation, but it 20 of the names. It was a significant number of 20 was -- it was my understanding that Mr. Byrne 21 people. 21 and the senior nuclear team would hire 22 BY MR. COX: 22 experienced personnel to participate in the 23 23 Q. How many? project. 24 24 BY MR. COX: A. It -- the group grew over time. I don't 25 know what it was when we actually started the 25 Q. And you don't recall who made that Page 95 Page 97 1 project. I believe by the time we finished or we 1 representation to you? 2 made a determination to abandon the project, we were 2 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. close to 600. 3 THE WITNESS: I don't recall specifically, Q. How did you know they were experienced? 4 no. 5 A. I relied on --5 BY MR. COX: 6 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. Q. The EPC contract with the consortium 7 THE WITNESS: I didn't know they were 7 permitted SCE&G to use an owners' engineer on the 8 project, correct? experienced. I was relying on Steve Byrne and 9 9 the senior nuclear team to engage experienced MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 10 10 personnel. MR. WATKINS: Same objection. 11 BY MR. COX: 11 THE WITNESS: I don't recall all of those 12 Q. So Mr. Byrne told you that the group of 12 terms, but I believe there was an owners' 13 personnel who were going to monitor the project were 13 engineer position that was available for the 14 experienced, correct? 14 company. 15 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 15 BY MR. COX: 16 THE WITNESS: I don't recall that he made 16 Q. SCE&G never utilized an owners' engineer 17 that exact statement to me, but it was -- it was 17 on the project, correct? 18 clearly an understanding with Mr. Byrne that we A. To my knowledge, we did not fill that 18 19 19 position. would engage people who were competent in 20 performing their activities at the nuclear plant 20 Q. Why is that? 21 as they would any other area of responsibility 21 A. As Mr. Byrne described to me, he felt like 22 of the company. 22 we had competent personnel on the project. It was 23 BY MR. COX: 23 not an issue that we discussed at length. That 24 Q. And I want to focus specifically on 24 certainly wasn't one we discussed at the beginning of 25 the project. He believed, in his opinion, that we 25 experience, not competence.

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Kevin Marsh			
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1	had qualified personnel and that was not a position	1	BY MR. COX:
2	that needed to be filled.	2	Q. And did you do that?
3	Q. Did you ever revisit that issue with	3	A. I did.
4	Mr. Byrne after construction on the project began?	4	Q. And what was Mr. Byrne's response?
5	A. We we've had a conversation about that	5	MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.
6	after the project began. We did have a conversation	6	THE WITNESS: I what I recall is
7	about it.	7	Mr. Byrne did not feel we needed to fill that
8	Q. And describe that conversation.	8	position at the time.
9	MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.	9	BY MR. COX:
10	THE WITNESS: I can't remember the details	10	Q. Did you go back to Mr. Carter about that
11	of the exact exact conversation, but I	11	issue?
12	believe it was it was at the time what I	12	MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.
13	recall, it was at the time we were negotiating	13	THE WITNESS: I don't recall exactly how I
14	an amendment to the contract in 2015, in the	14	got back to Mr. Carter. What I recall is I
15	September-October time frame. That's what I	15	informed him that we would leave that option
16	recall.	16	open; that's something that we would leave as an
17	BY MR. COX:	17	option for consideration down the road.
18	Q. And what was the nature of the	18	BY MR. COX:
19	conversation about the issue of an owners' engineer?	19	Q. Did he express any dissatisfaction to you
20	MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.	20	about your position on that issue?
21	THE WITNESS: What I recall is in our	21	MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
22	discussions with with Westinghouse because	22	THE WITNESS: I can't I can't speak for
23	we were negotiating with Westinghouse at that	23	what Lonnie was thinking. I know he did express
24	time to amend the contract that we wanted to	24	to me he wanted us to consider it. And that's
25	make sure that that position was we weren't	25	what gave rise to the evaluation.
	Page 99		Page 101
1	going to change that section of the contract in	1	BY MR. COX:
2	case we we decided to do that. Santee Cooper	2	Q. How many times did he express that
3	had expressed an interest to make sure we kept	1	interest in considering it to you?
4	that position available.	4	A. I don't recall a specific number of times.
5	BY MR. COX:	5	Q. Was it more than once?
6	Q. And what was Mr. Byrne's position on that?	6	A. It may may have or may not. I just
7	A. He didn't disagree that it's something we		don't I just don't recall.
8		8	Q. That conversation that you do recall with
9	we needed to fill it at the time.		Mr. Carter about the owners' engineer issue where you
10	Q. Was there any point in time where you told	10	
11	Mr. Byrne that you felt the question of whether an	11	
12	owners' engineer needed to be engaged should be	12	MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the
13	reassessed?	13	question.
14	A. I don't recall a specific conversation of	14	THE WITNESS: I don't I don't recall
15	that nature.	15	the exact time frame. I my memory is it was
16	Q. Did you ever have a conversation with	16	during that time frame we were negotiating the
17	Lonnie Carter about utilizing an owners' engineer on	17	amendment to the EPC contract with Westinghouse,
18	the project?	18	which would have been in that September
19	A. Lonnie had raised the question to me.	19	September-October time frame of 19 excuse me,
20	Q. And how did you respond to that?	20	of 2015.
21	A. I told Lonnie	21	BY MR. COX:
22	MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	22	Q. Did you feel that 2015 amendment took away
23	THE WITNESS: that I would return I	23	any need for SCE&G to retain an owners' engineer?
24	would share that concern with Steve Byrne.	24	MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.
25		25	THE WITNESS: From my perspective, based

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Page 104 Page 102 1 on what Steve and others at the nuclear plant 1 2 had shared with me, bringing on Fluor as the 2 THE WITNESS: Yeah. Based on what Steve 3 3 Byrne provided me, we -- the project was main subcontractor to Westinghouse, it was 4 assuming the primary contractor duties, was a 4 advanced. We had -- we had not gotten -- we had 5 5 not applied for -- I don't remember if we had welcome addition to the -- to the project. 6 We all believed that that was a positive. 6 applied for the license at that point or not. 7 7 We had not gotten the license approved by the We -- both organizations had experience with 8 Fluor and believed that they would -- they would 8 NRC, but we were in the process of doing that. 9 9 I can't speak to the specific steps do a good role. 10 So from my perspective, it was an issue 10 involved, but I believe what I testified to here 11 that, you know, with Duke -- with Fluor coming 11 was my knowledge based on what had been reported 12 12 on board, we needed to watch, see how they to me. 13 performed, and if they -- if they performed 13 BY MR. COX: 14 well, that may -- that may have eliminated any 14 Q. Sitting here now today, do you regret the 15 15 decision not to retain an owners' engineer on the consideration for the special project 16 engineer -- owners' engineer. 16 project? 17 17 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. BY MR. COX: 18 Q. Was there ever a time where after Fluor 18 MR. WATKINS: Same objection. 19 came on board that you reassessed the question of 19 MR. COX: What's the basis of that 20 whether an owners' engineer was needed? 20 objection? 21 A. I don't remember doing that after they 21 MR. WATKINS: I think it's vague and 22 22 ambiguous. came on board. It may have been done. I don't MR. COX: What's the basis for yours? 23 remember being involved in that process. 23 24 24 MR. CHALLY: Roughly the same. You're Q. If you turn to page 175 of Exhibit 1. 25 25 also not clear as to what time. A. Okay. Page 103 Page 105 Q. If you turn to line 9 and 10, is it MR. COX: Okay. 1 1 2 correct to say that you believe that SCE&G had 2 Go ahead. 3 mitigated price and schedule risks by selecting a 3 MR. WATKINS: Are you able to get the date 4 nuclear technology that was well-advanced in the NRC 4 of when -- this testimony, Exhibit 1? licensing process? 5 MR. COX: I don't know if it's on here. 6 MR. WATKINS: Object to the form of the 6 We can certainly identify it at some point. My 7 7 question. question didn't relate to Exhibit 1. 8 THE WITNESS: I mean, my -- my testimony 8 MR. WATKINS: Okay. 9 was SCE&G has mitigated these price and schedule 9 BY MR. COX: 10 risks by selecting a nuclear technology that is 10 Q. Do you need the question repeated, Mr. 11 well advanced in the NRC licensing process. 11 Marsh? 12 BY MR. COX: 12 A. If you don't mind, yeah. 13 Q. And you believed that to be true at the 13 Q. Sitting here today, do you regret the 14 time, correct? 14 decision not to retain an owners' engineer on the 15 A. I did. 15 project? 16 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 16 MR. WATKINS: Same objection. 17 THE WITNESS: I did based on information 17 MR. CHALLY: Same. 18 that was provided to me by the nuclear team that 18 THE WITNESS: That would require me to 19 did the evaluation of the nuclear generation 19 speculate, and I don't -- I don't recall all the project. 20 facts and circumstances that we considered at 20 21 BY MR. COX: 21 the time. I don't know that I can -- can 22 Q. And sitting here now today, do you believe 22 formulate a response to that. 23 that SCE&G selected a nuclear technology that was 23 BY MR. COX: well-advanced in the NRC licensing process? 24 Q. Do you mean you'd have to speculate on 25 25 whether an owners' engineer could have addressed the MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the

Page: 33 (102 - 105)

Kevin Marsh Page 106 Page 108 1 issues in construction of the project better than 1 responsible for an oversight. I can't speak to 2 2 actually occurred? everything Steve Byrne and his team may have A. I just don't recall all the issues and 3 done in an oversight role. 4 responsibilities of the owners' engineer and how that 4 BY MR. COX: may or may not have impacted the project. 5 Q. And I'm referring to the company, not you I mean, I'm -- I'm -- we're sitting here 6 individually --7 today in 2018. These were decisions that were made 7 A. Yeah. back in -- in 2009. I respect our decision. I stand 8 Q. -- Mr. Marsh. SCE&G's goal in applying to by our decision then. ⁹ the Commission was to -- was to have the project 10 I just -- I don't feel like I'm in a completed and operating, correct? position to speculate about what we would or would 11 A. Yes, it was our goal. 12 not have done. 12 Q. And that goal was not achieved, correct? 13 Q. Well, let me just maybe approach it more 13 A. It was not achieved because Westinghouse globally just so you perhaps understand a little 14 14 declared bankruptcy. 15 better the question. 15 Q. Okay. And I -- and is it fair to say that 16 Is it correct that in 2008, SCE&G 16 that's the reason you believe the project was not 17 requested that the Commission approve an application 17 constructed? 18 to construct and operate -- to construct and operate 18 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 19 the project? 19 THE WITNESS: I believe that's the primary 20 20 A. Yes. reason. 21 Q. And is it correct to say that SCE&G failed 21 BY MR. COX: in its objective to construct and operate the 22 22 Q. Are there any other reasons that you 23 23 believe the project was not constructed other than project? 24 A. SCE&G was not responsible for constructing Westinghouse's bankruptcy? 25 25 the project. That was the responsibility of A. Well, at the time the decision was made to Page 107 Page 109 1 Westinghouse and the consortium member under the EPC 1 abandon construction, that was done after a 2 contract. 2 deliberate process of evaluating the most prudent 3 Q. You would agree that SCE&G oversaw the 3 path forward. That was after Westinghouse had construction of the project, correct? 4 declared bankruptcy. 5 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. Our partner, Santee Cooper, decided that 6 THE WITNESS: We provided -- I mean, we 6 they were going to withdraw from the project. served an oversight role, but we were not 7 7 Without a partner in the project, we didn't believe responsible for day-to-day construction 8 it was -- it was prudent to go forward because of the activities. 9 cost impact to our customers to build two units or BY MR. COX: 10 10 even one unit on our own without a partner. 11 Q. Did SCE&G have any responsibility to 11 Q. So is it your testimony that you believe 12 improve the chances that the project would get 12 Santee Cooper's decision to withdraw from constructed? 13 13 construction was also a reason that the project was 14 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. not constructed? 15 MR. WATKINS: Same objection. 15 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 16 THE WITNESS: I don't know how to respond 16 THE WITNESS: I believe it's why -- it's 17 to that question. 17 one of the reasons why we decided not to 18 BY MR. COX: 18 continue with construction. 19 Q. Can you describe what you believe SCE&G's

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one of the reasons why we decided not to
continue with construction.

I mean, the project was not completed at
the time we made the decision to abandon the
project, so it was a decision made not to
continue with construction. Construction could
have continued.

BY MR. COX:

Q. Would SCE&G have continued constructing

was responsible for. I believe I was

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the project?

A. I can --

oversight responsibilities were in construction of

MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form.

THE WITNESS: I can only respond to what I

Page 110 Page 112 1 the project if Santee Cooper had not decided to 1 driven by the bankruptcy of Westinghouse. Our 2 withdraw from the effort to construct the project? evaluation of the cost to complete the project MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 3 at the time, which we were not able to complete 4 THE WITNESS: That was certainly the 4 the overall impact of that because Santee Cooper 5 evaluation we were -- we were going through. We 5 decided to withdraw from the project. 6 never completed the evaluation because Santee 6 And at that point, as I said earlier, we 7 7 Cooper decided to withdraw. believed the cost to complete the project was BY MR. COX: 8 8 not prudent for us to go forward. We could have 9 Q. And that's really what I'm getting at. Is gone forward, but we didn't believe it was 10 it correct to say that SCE&G never reached a 10 prudent to go forward based on the impact on conclusion on whether it would have abandoned or not 11 customers. 12 BY MR. COX: with Santee Cooper as a partner? 13 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 13 Q. Is it correct to say that there was 14 auestion. 14 substantial delays in construction of modules during 15 THE WITNESS: I'm not sure I'm following 15 the course of the project? 16 your question. 16 MR. WATKINS: Objection. 17 BY MR. COX: 17 THE WITNESS: There were -- there were 18 Q. Let me rephrase. 18 delays in some of the submodule construction 19 You don't know if SCE&G would have 19 that was the responsibility of the contractor 20 continued constructing the project if Santee Cooper 20 that we identified and disclosed very early in 21 had not announced that it would no longer support 21 the process and made efforts to have those 22 22 construction, correct? processes improved. 23 23 BY MR. COX: MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 24 24 question. It's vague and ambiguous. Q. And is it correct to say that the 25 THE WITNESS: I don't know if we would 25 contractor continued to not perform, even with those Page 111 Page 113 have continued with construction because we 1 efforts that your company made to try to get them to 1 2 2 improve? weren't able to complete the analysis under 3 3 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. those assumptions. 4 4 BY MR. COX: MR. WATKINS: Same objection. Q. Are there any actions that your company, 5 THE WITNESS: I don't understand the 6 SCE&G, took in constructing the project that you 6 specificity of the question. BY MR. COX: 7 rearet? 7 8 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 8 Q. Is it correct to say that submodule 9 question. 9 fabrication and delivery was a problem throughout the 10 MR. CHALLY: Same. 10 life of the project? 11 THE WITNESS: I don't -- I don't really 11 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 12 12 know how to answer that without -- without question. 13 speculating. 13 THE WITNESS: I don't think it's fair it 14 We made decisions that we believed were 14 was an issue throughout the life of the project. 15 15 appropriate at the times we made those It was an issue early on, continued to be 16 decisions, based on the information that was 16 an issue for a while, which we disclosed at the 17 17 Commission. I believe it was also included in available to us. We did that throughout the 18 project. 18 other filings we made, in our quarterly reports 19 19 BY MR. COX: that we were required to file with the Office of 20 Q. Are there any actions that SCE&G took that 20 Regulatory Staff on the status of the project. 21 you feel contributed to the decision to abandon the 21 That issue was widely known. It certainly 22 project? 22 wasn't secretive. 23 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 23 And we made efforts and worked hard to 24 24 THE WITNESS: No. As I said earlier, I limit the cost associated with those, that believe the decision to abandon the project was module production so customers wouldn't have to

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Page 116 Page 114 1 bear the cost of any inefficiencies or continued THE WITNESS: I just don't recall. 2 delays by the consortium in manufacturing those 2 BY MR. COX: 3 components. 3 O. So it could have been after 2015? 4 BY MR. COX: 4 MR. WATKINS: Objection. 5 Q. And did that problem with submodule 5 THE WITNESS: It could have been before. fabrication delivery get solved? 6 It could have been after. I just don't have a 7 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 7 clear memory. 8 8 question. (Exhibit 2 was marked for identification.) 9 9 BY MR. COX: THE WITNESS: I can't answer specifically 10 from a project perspective. I know there were 10 Q. Mr. Marsh, I've handed -- or I've had 11 actions that were taken by our team to encourage 11 handed to you a document labeled Exhibit 2. It's an 12 Shaw, CB&I, and Westinghouse to take steps to 12 e-mail from you to Paula Rowland and yourself dated 13 13 June 4th, 2013, Bates-labeled SCANA_RP0034698. improve the delivery of the submodules. 14 14 Some of those were actually taken. They Who is Paula Rowland? 15 15 MR. WATKINS: We'd like to take the located some of the manufacturer of those 16 components to other facilities other than just 16 opportunity --17 the original facility that was designed by Shaw 17 THE WITNESS: Give me a second to read 18 to do that, and that did improve the delivery of 18 19 the submodules. 19 MR. WATKINS: Take an opportunity to take 20 a break to review this document. 20 BY MR. COX: 21 Q. Is it correct to say that submodule 21 MR. COX: Sure. Off the record. 22 VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 11:41 a.m., and 22 fabrication delivery was an issue that drove the 23 critical path of the schedule of the project? 23 we are off the record. 24 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 24 (A recess transpired from 11:41 a.m. until 25 25 MR. WATKINS: Same objection. 11:48 a.m.) Page 115 Page 117 THE WITNESS: Yeah. I don't know -- I VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 11:48, and 1 1 don't understand all the aspects of critical 2 2 we're back on record. 3 path. That's a scheduling project issue, and 3 BY MR. COX: I -- I'm not qualified to address that. Q. Mr. Marsh, have you had a chance to review BY MR. COX: Exhibit 2? Q. Okay. What is your understanding of the 6 A. I have. 7 critical path of a schedule? 7 Who is Paula Rowland? A. As I've been -- as it's been explained to 8 A. Paula Rowland was my executive assistant. 9 me by Mr. Byrne, there are certain activities that Q. And is it correct that you were asking her 10 need to be performed by certain dates in order to 10 to forward a message to the board of directors of stay on your schedule. Some of those key items would 11 SCANA? 12 12 be considered critical path items. A. That is correct. 13 But how that works in the overall 13 Q. And is everything that you asked her to 14 schedule, I'm not sure. 14 forward to the board of directors accurate? 15 Q. When did Mr. Byrne explain this to you? 15 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 16 A. I don't recall that discussion. I've 16 question. 17 heard that from -- from Mr. Byrne as he's explained 17 THE WITNESS: I mean, she forwarded to the it to me and explained it to the board of directors board what I asked her to send. 18 18 19 BY MR. COX: 19 when he gave them updates. 20 20 Q. How early in the project did Mr. Byrne Q. Right. And let me, perhaps, be more 21 explain critical path to you? 21 specific. 22 A. I -- I don't recall the first time I heard 22 Is the message that you asked her to send 23 it. 23 to the board of directors, was that an accurate Q. Was it before 2015? 24 24 statement of the facts as you understood them to be

25 at the time?

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MR. WATKINS: Objection.

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Page 118 Page 120 1 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 1 questions to ask you about this document. 2 A. Okay. All right. 3 THE WITNESS: I mean, I -- I believe I Q. Did you receive this document at or around shared information in this communication which 4 August 23rd, 2013? included the facts I knew at the time. A. I don't specifically recall receiving it, 6 BY MR. COX: 6 but I accept that Lonnie Carter sent me this letter 7 Q. And this information that you shared, you ⁷ based on the document here. believed it to be true, correct? Q. The letter refers to a meeting on 9 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 9 April 9th, 2013, with CB&I executive leadership. 10 Were you at this meeting? question. 11 11 THE WITNESS: It was what had been MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 12 12 communicated to me. THE WITNESS: I -- I just don't recall one 13 BY MR. COX: 13 way or the other if I were there. 14 BY MR. COX: 14 Q. If you could, Mr. Marsh, if you could read 15 the third sentence in the message to the board of 15 Q. So you don't recall anything that was directors that begins with "We explain"? 16 discussed at that meeting? 17 17 MR. WATKINS: Object. MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 18 THE WITNESS: "We explained that Shaw had 18 THE WITNESS: I don't. 19 failed numerous times in providing an accurate 19 MR. WATKINS: Same objection. 20 schedule." 20 BY MR. COX: 21 BY MR. COX: 21 Q. The bottom of the first page refers to a 22 "presidents' meeting" on June 21st, 2013. Q. That was a true statement, correct? 22 23 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 23 What is a "presidents' meeting," to your 24 THE WITNESS: We had disclosed that 24 knowledge? 25 submodules had been an issue on the project. We A. We would periodically have a presidents' Page 119 Page 121 had had scheduling issues, delivery dates on the 1 meeting where the executives of Westinghouse, CB&I at 1 2 submodules. 2 the time, SCE&G, and Santee Cooper would meet to 3 BY MR. COX: discuss issues. Q. It's true to say that Shaw had failed Q. Did those meetings occur on a set periodic numerous times in providing an accurate module schedule, or as needed? delivery schedule, correct? 6 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. MR. WATKINS: Same objection. 7 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 7 8 8 THE WITNESS: My memory is they were -question. 9 THE WITNESS: Yes. And I believe we had 9 they were generally quarterly if we could 10 disclosed that. 10 coordinate getting everybody together, but I --11 BY MR. COX: 11 there was no set schedule other than that, that 12 12 I recall. Q. And you knew that Shaw had failed numerous 13 times in June 2013, correct? 13 BY MR. COX: 14 MR. WATKINS: Same objection. Q. Do you have any recollection of this 15 THE WITNESS: With respect to the module 15 presidents' meeting on June 21st, 2013, that 16 delivery schedules they had provided, they had 16 Mr. Carter refers to in this letter? 17 not delivered on a timely basis. 17 A. I don't. 18 MR. COX: Okay. Q. Do you believe that anything in this 18 19 (Exhibit 3 was marked for identification.) 19 letter that Mr. Carter sent to you, Exhibit 3, is 20 BY MR. COX: 20 inaccurate? 21 Q. Mr. Marsh, you've been handed a document 21 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 22 dated August 23rd, 2013, a letter to you from Lonnie 22 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 23 Carter. It's been labeled Exhibit 3 to your 23 Obviously, take your time to review the 24 deposition. 24 whole document if you need to. 25 THE WITNESS: It's -- it's Mr. Carter's Feel free to review that, and I have a few

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- 1 letter. I have not -- I haven't verified the
- 2 dates. I don't recall receiving the letter. I
- 3 don't -- I don't -- it wasn't my practice to
- 4 send someone out to verify dates that came in a
- 5 letter from Mr. Carter when I received one.
- 6 BY MR. COX:

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- 7 Q. But in reading it now, is there anything
- when you read it you realize, "Wait. I don't agree
- with his statement on that issue"?
 - MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
 - MR. WATKINS: Same objection.
- 12 THE WITNESS: As I read it, I don't know 13 that I can accept all of Mr. Carter's opinions 14 as he states those in the letter, as I read it

15 here today.

> I think the issue he's raising is the structural modules and the delays in delivering

18 the structural modules.

> I don't disagree with the issue he's describing here. We had talked about that issue with the Commission in our public filings and reports to the Commission and the Office of Regulatory Staff. I don't disagree with the

issue he's talking about here.

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- 1 BY MR. COX:
- 2 Q. What characterizations of the issue do you 3 agree with?
- 4 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 5 auestion.
- 6 MR. CHALLY: Same.
- 7 THE WITNESS: I mean, any -- anything 8 where he has expressed his opinion, I -- I'm
- 9 going to let him express his opinion. I may or
- 10 may not agree with it.
- 11 BY MR. COX:
- 12 Q. At the bottom of the first page, the first
- 13 line of the last paragraph on the first page, it
- says, quote, The consortium's inability to deliver
- 15 submodules has been a major source of concern and
- 16 risk for this project for a long time, end quote.
- 17 Do you agree with that statement?
- 18 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 19 question.
- 20 THE WITNESS: I'd agree that delivery
- 21 dates on modules had been an issue, and we had 22 raised the concern.
- 23 We had also raised the risk and identified 24 that for the Commission back in 2008 when we
 - initially presented the project to the

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- 1 Commission for approval and had talked about it
 - in testimony in numerous occasions since then.
- 3 BY MR. COX:
- Q. Do you agree with the statement that the
- 5 inability of the consortium to deliver submodules was
- 6 a major source of concern and risk for the project
- 7 for a long time?
 - MR. WATKINS: Objection to form of the
- 9 question. It's been asked and answered. 10
- 11 acknowledged, we accepted, we had informed the

THE WITNESS: It's an issue that we -- we

- 12 Commission, and we had identified as a risk. We
 - had done that. I agree with that.
- 14 BY MR. COX:
- 15 Q. Was it a major risk at this time?
 - MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 17 THE WITNESS: I can't interpret what
- 18 Lonnie's belief of a major source of concern
- 19 was. It was an issue. I acknowledge it was an
- 20 issue.
- 21 MR. WATKINS: Let me make sure that my
- objection to the form of the previous question 22
- 23 is on the record.
- 24 BY MR. COX:
- 25 Q. On the second page, Mr. Marsh, the first
 - Page 125
 - 1 sentence that begins on the second page says, quote,
 - 2 Our view is that the consortium's inability to
- 3 fulfill their contractual commitments in a timely
- 4 manner places the project's future in danger, end
- 5 quote.
- 6 Do you agree with Mr. Carter's view on
- 7 this issue?
- 8 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the
- 9 question.

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- MR. CHALLY: Same.
- 11 THE WITNESS: And I'll acknowledge that
- 12 this is Mr. Carter's opinion. I don't know that
- 13 our team on site would have agreed with his
- 14 conclusion there. I'm not in a position to
- 15 understand the overall impact of that on the
- 16 schedule without understanding all the other
- 17 issues related -- related to that in the
- 18 scheduling process. And I didn't do that. That
- 19 wasn't my responsibility.
- 20 BY MR. COX:
- 21 Q. So Mr. Carter was the CEO of Santee
- 22 Cooper, correct?
- 23 A. Right.

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- Q. He wasn't involved in construction on the
- 25 project, correct?

Page 126 Page 128 1 A. He was not. that by my -- by myself. 2 Q. And this letter reflects his opinion that 2 BY MR. COX: 3 the consortium's inability to fulfill their Q. Did you take any effort to do that after 4 contractual commitments in a timely manner places the 4 you received this letter? project's future in danger, correct? 5 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 6 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 6 question. 7 7 THE WITNESS: Mr. Carter stated his views THE WITNESS: I had had a number of in the letter. I don't know if those were his 8 conversations with Mr. Byrne about modules and 8 9 views directly, if someone on his team that was 9 the status of module deliveries. 10 on site and had more access to detail had given 10 I knew it was at issue, and if it were an 11 that to Mr. Carter, or that somebody else didn't 11 issue, it was something our team was evaluating. 12 write this letter for Mr. Carter. I have no way 12 They were constantly evaluating issues that came 13 of knowing that. 13 up on the site as construction proceeded. 14 BY MR. COX: 14 BY MR. COX: 15 Q. But you would agree that this letter sent 15 Q. Did you ever form an opinion as to whether 16 to you informs you that Mr. Carter has formed the 16 the consortium's inability to meet its contractual 17 opinion that the consortium's inability to fulfill 17 commitments constituted a risk to the project? 18 their contractual commitments is placing the project 18 MR. WATKINS: Objection. 19 in jeopardy, correct? 19 THE WITNESS: I -- I based -- my knowledge 20 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 20 was based on what I was informed of by the 21 auestion. 21 construction team or the oversight team on site, 22 MR. CHALLY: Same. 22 Mr. Byrne and his senior executives. 23 THE WITNESS: What I take away from this 23 We -- we knew that was an issue. But I 24 24 letter is he's raising the issue of the didn't -- I didn't understand, and Mr. Byrne 25 would have had to explain to me what other 25 submodules and the challenges we've had in Page 127 Page 129 keeping a consortium on schedule and delivering efforts could be taken to offset or mitigate the 1 1 2 2 those modules on site, which were a source of impacts of potential delays in receiving 3 3 delay. submodules. 4 I mean, that's an issue we were aware of. 4 I know there were occasions where certain 5 That's an issue we had disclosed to the 5 work was altered or the way work was scheduled 6 Commission. It had been included in our 6 to proceed, they would alter the way that work 7 7 quarterly reports to the Office of the was to be done so they could accommodate the 8 Regulatory Staff and the Commission on the 8 delay in the modules' delivery. 9 9 status of the project. So just because a module wasn't delivered 10 10 I mean, this was not an issue that was on time didn't necessarily mean it put the --11 unknown. This was widely known. They were 11 the completion dates of the project in grave 12 12 having the same issues at the project in danger. 13 Georgia, at Vogtle. 13 BY MR. COX: 14 BY MR. COX: 14 Q. After you received this letter, Mr. Marsh, 15 Q. At the time you received this letter, did 15 did you say to yourself, Lonnie thinks that this 16 you not know enough about the issue to form an issue is placing the project's future in danger, and 17 17 I need to figure out if he's right, that it's that opinion as to whether the consortium's inability to fulfill their contractual commitments in a timely 18 big a problem? 18 19 19 manner placed the project's future in danger? MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 20 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 20 question. 21 auestion. 21 MR. CHALLY: Same. 22 MR. CHALLY: Same. 22 THE WITNESS: As I said earlier, I don't 23 23 THE WITNESS: I didn't know on my own recall receiving the letter. The issues that 24 without communicating with my team, my 24 were raised in the letter are something those of

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construction team. I couldn't have concluded

us that were associated with the project were

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aware of. It had been disclosed. We knew they

It doesn't strike me as an unusual letter for Lonnie. You know, Lonnie -- it was kind of Lonnie's custom if he wanted to, you know, raise an issue or make sure, you know, the issue was documented that he -- he would send me a letter.

I mean, I wasn't -- I wasn't stunned that I got a letter from Lonnie.

And just knowing Lonnie as well as I have over all the years I've known him, I don't want to impugn his character, but he was kind of a glass-half-full kind of guy. He was always looking on the negative side for most things and, you know, I wouldn't just accept what he said as the gospel per se.

17 BY MR. COX:

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- 18 Q. So you mean a glass-half-empty kind of 19 quy?
- 20 A. Yeah. Glass half empty. I'm sorry. I 21 misspoke.
- 22 Q. And you viewed him as raising concerns 23 about the project in an exaggerated way; is that 24 true?
 - MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: And I can't speak to what he believed. I believe what he said in the letter. I can read what he said in the letter.

But the tone of the letter wouldn't have alarmed me, just being around Lonnie for all the years I have known Lonnie.

It was an issue. It didn't shock me that this was an issue. I knew it was an issue based on what Steve had told me and what we had told the Commission and the Office of the Regulatory Staff.

12 This was not a new issue. It was widely 13 known.

14 BY MR. COX:

15 Q. So is it correct to say, Mr. Marsh, that 16 you don't recall, after receiving this letter, doing 17 any work to determine whether you agreed with 18 Mr. Carter's opinion that the consortium's problems 19 in this area put the project's future in danger?

20 MR. CHALLY: Object to form.

21 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 22 request. It misstates witness's testimony, and 23 it's vague and ambiguous.

> THE WITNESS: You know, my memory is, as I said, this was an issue. Work was underway.

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- There were evaluations taking place. We were
 - working with the consortium to help them
- 3 identify ways they could mitigate the issue. I
- 4 mean, I didn't -- I don't believe I needed to 5 engage anybody in this process.

6 I believe that was already taking place.

7 BY MR. COX:

- 8 Q. But it's correct to say that you had not
- formed an opinion like Mr. Carter had, according to
- 10 this letter, that the consortium's issues placed the
- project's future in danger?
- 12 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.
 - MR. CHALLY: Same.

THE WITNESS: We had disclosed that we 14 15 were -- there were delays in the delivery of the 16 submodules and that that could impact the 17 schedule. We had disclosed that.

> We had disclosed we were working with the consortium to find ways to address the problem, from my memory and testimony at the Commission. And it was -- this was not a new issue.

21 22 I don't know -- I can't speak for Lonnie.

23 I don't know why he would have decided that, at 24 this point, to send that letter because that was

an issue that arose prior to the date on his

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letter, and it was one of our primary concerns.

2 It was an issue we were paying close attention

3 to and working hard to resolve.

4 BY MR. COX:

- Q. And if you turn to the first page of the
- 6 letter, Mr. Marsh, is Mr. Carter's first sentence of
- this letter correct that for almost two years, SCE&G
- 8 and Santee Cooper have been working with the
- 9 consortium, Westinghouse and CB&I, to correct
- 10 submodule delivery issues from the Lake Charles
- 11 fabrication facility?
- 12 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.
- 13 THE WITNESS: That's what it says.
- 14 BY MR. COX:

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- Q. Is that -- was that a true statement?
- 16 A. My memory is we -- we started identifying
- 17 the module issues in 2011. I don't remember the
- 18 specific dates, but that sounds about -- about right.
- 19 It's an issue we had been working very hard with the
- 20 consortium on.
- 21 Q. And if you turn to the second paragraph of 22 the letter, Mr. Marsh, the second sentence of that
- 23 paragraph says that "CB&I committed to deliver
- 24 83 submodules by the end of 2013. Several days after
- 25 the meeting, CB&I provided its submodule delivery

Page 136 Page 134 1 schedule, also dated April 9th, 2013, which committed 1 MR. CHALLY: Same. 2 2 CB&I to only 69 submodules for the remainder of THE WITNESS: I do not know what 2013." 3 Mr. Carter is referring to. 4 Is that a correct statement? 4 BY MR. COX: 5 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 5 Q. You don't recall that meeting, do you? 6 question. 6 A. I don't recall it. No, I don't. 7 MR. CHALLY: Same. 7 Did you ever form the opinion that THE WITNESS: I don't recall specific 8 Westinghouse and CB&I did not function well as a 9 dates. I vaguely remember the CB&I team 9 team? providing us with a module delivery schedule. 10 10 A. As the project progressed -- I believe it 11 BY MR. COX: 11 was in 2015 -- we began to become aware that there 12 Q. You don't know of anything that would were issues between Westinghouse and CB&I, commercial 13 suggest that those statements in this letter are 13 issues between the two of them, that concerned us. 14 Q. Can you describe what those issues were? 14 untrue, do you? 15 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form of the 15 A. They were -- we had -- we had raised 16 16 questions about cost. I don't remember the specific auestion. 17 costs. Some of them, I believe, are related to the MR. CHALLY: Same. 18 THE WITNESS: I just don't know about the submodules because we had fixed a price for those 19 dates. modules back in the amendment that was done in 2012. BY MR. COX: There were costs associated with 20 20 21 Q. The third paragraph -- the third paragraph 21 completing those, and I believe there was some other 22 of the letter, Mr. Marsh, the second sentence of that 22 issues that we didn't believe it was responsible --23 that I didn't believe or the team didn't believe it paragraph states that, quote, This delay was quantified as 9 to 12 months and publicly announced 24 was the responsibility for SCE&G or Santee Cooper to to the financial community by SCE&G at an Analyst Day 25 bear that cost. Page 135 Page 137 presentation June 5th, 2013. We had informed the consortium that that 1 2 Is it correct that the CB&I submodule 2 was our position, and it appeared to us that there delivery schedule caused a 9-to-12-month delay? was some disagreement between the consortium partners MR. WATKINS: Objection --4 as to who would be responsible for that. I seem to 5 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. recall Steve providing some testimony on that, but I 6 MR. WATKINS: -- to the form of the don't recall specifically, at the Commission. But that -- but we sensed there were issues between the 7 question. 8 THE WITNESS: I acknowledge that the consortium, and their relationship was not as strong 9 delivery schedule was an issue. I don't know if as we would like for it to be. 9 10 that alone led to the 9-to-12-month delay that 10 Q. And that was in 2015, correct? 11 was announced here. I just don't recall the 11 A. That's my memory. That was in 2015. 12 details. 12 Q. And that was two years after Mr. Carter's 13 BY MR. COX: 13 letter to you, Exhibit 3, correct? 14 Q. In the bottom paragraph on the first page, 14 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 15 the letter states, quote, At the last presidents' THE WITNESS: I mean, I recall 2015. 15 16 meeting on June 21st, 2013, the Westinghouse and CB&I 16 He -- the date of this letter is the -discussion demonstrated that they do not function 17 August 23rd, 2013. But I don't know what 17 well as a team to resolve critical project issues, Mr. Carter was referring to when he says they 18 18 19 end quote. 19 don't function well as a team. 20 BY MR. COX: 20 Do you agree with Mr. Carter's conclusion 21 that the Westinghouse and CB&I discussion 21 Q. This letter, Exhibit 3, you did not demonstrated that they did not function well as a 22 provide this letter to the Commission, did you? team? 23 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. MR. WATKINS: Objection to form of the THE WITNESS: I -- I don't recall if we 24 24 auestion. provided it or not.

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Kevin Marsh Page 138 Page 140 1 BY MR. COX: 1 delivery to the site, and that had a potential 2 2 Q. And is it true that your company did not impact -- you know, of impact on our project. provide this letter to ORS? 3 We wanted to continue to meet with them to MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 4 find out what their plans were and what steps 5 MR. CHALLY: Same. 5 they continued to take or they were going to THE WITNESS: I don't know if we provided 6 6 take to address the issue. 7 the letter to the Office of Regulatory Staff, 7 BY MR. COX: 8 but we -- we clearly on many occasions provided 8 Q. Are all the statements in your e-mail to 9 9 information regarding the issues surrounding them correct, to the best of your knowledge? 10 submodules. 10 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 11 11 I don't know what conversations may have question. 12 12 taken place on site with the ORS personnel who MR. CHALLY: Same. 13 were on site on a daily basis working with the 13 THE WITNESS: I stand by what I said in 14 construction team on site. I don't know what 14 the e-mail. That's what I said in the e-mail. 15 15 BY MR. COX: conversations may have taken place with them on 16 site, but I'm comfortable we disclosed issues 16 Q. And it's correct that the consortium was 17 related to the submodules and the delays 17 in its third year of unsuccessful attempts to resolve 18 associated with that. 18 its manufacturing problems at the facility, which 19 (Exhibit 4 was marked for identification.) continued to impact the project negatively? 20 BY MR. COX: 20 A. That is what I said, yes. 21 Q. Mr. Marsh, we have had labeled Exhibit 4 21 Q. And is it correct that the consortium's 22 22 missed deadlines put potentially unrecoverable stress an e-mail exchange that involved you and Mr. Carter. 23 If you could read this, I've got a few 23 on the milestone schedule approved by the 24 24 questions for you about it. South Carolina Public Service Commission? 25 25 MR. ELLERBE: Do you have dates? A. That's what I said. Page 141 Page 139 MR. COX: Exhibit 4 is an e-mail exchange Q. And it's correct that SCE&G had serious 1 1 2 dated September 5th, 2013, Bates-numbered concerns about the consortium's ability to deliver FOE0000018 through -19. 3 modules from the Lake Charles facility? 3 THE WITNESS: Okay. 4 4 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. BY MR. COX: 5 THE WITNESS: We had -- we raised our Q. On the second page of Exhibit 4, 6 concerns about the problems at the Lake Charles Mr. Marsh, is this an e-mail from you to Danny 7 facility on many occasions. This was just Roderick and Phil Asherman? 8 another time that I mentioned that concern that 9 9 A. Yes, it is. had been expressed to me from Steve Byrne and 10 Q. And they were the CEOs of Westinghouse and 10 others on site at the construction project as an 11 CB&I, correct? 11 ongoing concern. 12 12 BY MR. COX: A. Phil Asherman was the CEO of CB&I. I'm 13 not sure if Danny was CEO or just president. I don't 13 Q. And your company's concerns were serious, recall -- minor detail, but I don't recall his 14 correct? 15 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 15 specific position. It was either president or CEO. 16 Q. Why did you send this e-mail to those two 16 MR. CHALLY: Same. 17 individuals? 17 THE WITNESS: That's what I said: They 18 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 18 were serious concerns that we believed needed to 19 19 be addressed. THE WITNESS: It appears, based on reading 20 my comments, that we've continued to express our 20 BY MR. COX: 21 concerns about the delivery of modules from the 21 Q. In response, Mr. Carter says to you, 22 Lake Charles facility. 22 quote, Thanks. I believe your letter is clear and

23

24

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expresses the urgency well, end quote.

25 attached to your letter?

Do you agree that there was urgency

As I said earlier, they're -- they were

manufacturing or fabricating the submodules for

not doing a good job at that facility in

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Page 142 Page 144 1 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 1 owners' engineer. I don't know what thoughts 2 2 went through his mind. But I was confident that question. 3 3 THE WITNESS: I believe we said it was a the team we had on site was capable of 4 serious issue for us, and we had proposed dates 4 identifying the issues. 5 indicating that we thought it was important that 5 I don't -- don't know what all an owners' 6 we meet in the near future. 6 engineer would have done. But we had identified 7 7 BY MR. COX: the issue. We didn't need an owners' engineer 8 8 Q. Do you agree with Mr. Carter that your to identify the issue. We had identified the 9 request had urgency attached to it? issue. We had identified opportunities that we 10 10 MR. WATKINS: Same objection. believed CB&I -- "we" being the team, 11 THE WITNESS: I don't -- I don't believe I 11 construction team on site -- had identified ways 12 12 used the word "urgency" in my letter, but I did they could look at, you know, addressing the 13 express the need for us to meet in the very near 13 issue. 14 14 future. We were pointing out the issue. We were BY MR. COX: 15 15 giving them suggestions from an oversight 16 Q. And to be clear, Mr. Carter is saying 16 perspective as to how they could address those. 17 that, and I'm not suggesting you said it. I want to 17 BY MR. COX: know if you agree with him about this being -- there 18 Q. So the reason that you didn't consider -being urgency attached to this situation. reconsider the question of using an owners' engineer 20 A. That's Mr. Carter's word. It was 20 is because Steve Byrne didn't come to you and say, 21 certainly an issue I wanted the team to address. It "Hey, Kevin, I think an owners' engineer might help 22 had been -- as I had been informed by the nuclear 22 us on this issue"? 23 team on site, that was a continuing issue of MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 24 challenge for us, specifically at the Lake Charles MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the facility. That was -- one of our biggest concerns 25 question. It's vague and ambiguous, and it Page 143 Page 145 1 was the Lake Charles facility was not able to deliver mischaracterizes the witness's testimony. 1 2 THE WITNESS: I don't believe it was --2 the modules on a timely basis. 3 We had encouraged them to reach out to was my role to consider the owners' engineer. The oversight of the contract and the 4 other facilities to help them as a way to mitigate 4 5 that schedule impact, and we didn't believe they were 5 construction was Steve Byrne and the senior responding to us appropriately. 6 leadership's team on site. Had Steve brought 7 Q. Why didn't you reconsider at this point in that issue to me, I would have considered it time the decision on not to use an owners' engineer 8 along with him based on his input to me, but 9 that was not an issue that I felt like I needed to help address this situation? 10 10 to raise with Steve. MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 11 11 BY MR. COX: question. 12 12 MR. CHALLY: Same. Q. You said this issue had been identified 13 THE WITNESS: Yeah. I can't answer that. 13 for a couple of years, but the issue hadn't been 14 That would be in Steve Byrne's and the solved yet, right, Mr. Marsh? 15 15 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. construction personnel on site's determination. 16 BY MR. COX: 16 THE WITNESS: I don't know that it had 17 17 been completely solved. There had -- there had Q. So you felt you would have needed been some improvements, based on my memory, but 18 18 Steve Byrne to come to you with a proposal to help 19 not enough to keep people from having concerns 19 address this situation; is that fair to say? 20 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 20 on delivery dates. 21 auestion. 21 BY MR. COX: 22 THE WITNESS: I believe Steve and his team 22 Q. And not enough to avoid putting 23 23 potentially unrecoverable stress on the milestone on site were capable of providing the oversight schedule approved by the Commission, correct? 24 needed on the project.

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I don't know if Steve considered an

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MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.

Page 146 Page 148 1 THE WITNESS: They -- that's what I said 1 and Mr. Roderick. 2 in the letter, yes. Would you like a few minutes to review BY MR. COX: 3 this letter before I ask you questions about it? Q. What proposals did Mr. Byrne ever bring to A. Yes, please. 5 you to help solve the issue with respect to submodule 5 Q. Sure. And just so you know, one question 6 fabrication and delivery? 6 I'm going to ask you -- the first question I'll ask 7 A. The primary issue or recommendation I 7 you about this letter is whether there's anything in remember Mr. Byrne bringing up, he actually brought it that you believe is inaccurate. up in -- it may have been late 2011, 2012 when we 9 MR. WATKINS: I'm trying to make sure I'm 10 first visited the facility and they started having 10 clear: Anything in the entire document is 11 issues was they should consider distributing those 11 inaccurate? 12 responsibilities to other locations where they could MR. COX: Right. 13 be fabricated by people that had more experience in 13 THE WITNESS: (Reviewing). manufacturing -- or fabricating the submodules. 14 14 MR. WATKINS: Just so I'm clear, I don't 15 Q. And was that recommendation implemented? 15 believe you provided this to us in advance, 16 A. Ultimately, it was. I don't recall when 16 right? 17 it was actually done, but they ultimately did take 17 MR. COX: I don't think I provided any Steve's recommendation and find other locations where 18 documents to you in advance. parts could be fabricated. 19 MR. WATKINS: Just wanted to make sure. Q. Was it done prior to this e-mail, 20 20 We'll take a break, then, to review this. 21 Exhibit 4? 21 MR. COX: Let's go off the record. 22 A. I don't -- I don't recall when they 22 VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 12:33 p.m., and 23 23 started doing that. we are off the record. 24 Q. Did this meeting that you proposed to 24 (A luncheon recess transpired from 12:33 25 Roderick --25 until 1:28 p.m.) Page 147 Page 149 A. I --VIDEOGRAPHER: Time is 1:28 p.m., and we 1 1 2 are back on record. 2 Q. I'm sorry. BY MR. COX: 3 A. I'm going to correct my answer. 3 I believe it was in early 2014, as I sit Q. Mr. Marsh, we're back on the record after here and remember. It was -- I think it was early in 5 lunch, and you have in front of you Exhibit 5. Did you get a chance to review that document? 2014 when they -- when they started doing that. 7 Q. And that was at your company's A. I have reviewed it. recommendation? Q. Is that your signature on the last page of A. Well, Steve had pushed them consistently 9 the document? 10 to consider that. I don't know that others -- it may 10 A. Yes, it is. 11 have been personnel from the Vogtle project that were 11 Q. Is this a letter that you and Mr. Carter 12 sent to Mr. Asherman and Roderick on or about also pushing because they had the exact same issue. 13 And we worked with them on trying to resolve some of 13 May 6th, 2014? 14 the issues. 14 A. Yes. That's correct. 15 Q. Do you know whether they used an owners' 15 Q. Is there anything that you believe to be 16 engineer on the Vogtle project? 16 inaccurate in the letter that you sent? 17 A. I don't. 17 A. I don't -- I don't have a reason to 18 Q. In Exhibit 4, you request a meeting with 18 believe there's anything in here that is inaccurate. Mr. Roderick and Asherman. Do you know if that 19 I will say that I didn't draft the letter. 20 meeting ever occurred? 20 It was drafted for me or for us. I believe someone 21 A. I don't recall. 21 from Santee Cooper may have drafted the initial 22 (Exhibit 5 was marked for identification.) 22 draft, and then it was -- was fact-checked by the 23 BY MR. COX: 23 legal team and the nuclear team on site because there 24 Q. Mr. Marsh, Exhibit 5 is a letter from you 24 is some detail in here, and I accepted that it had and Mr. Carter dated May 6th, 2014, to Mr. Asherman 25 been checked and signed it.

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- Q. And to the best of your knowledge, at the 2 time you signed this letter, the facts stated in this
- letter were accurate; is that correct?
- A. To the best of my knowledge.
 - MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the
- 6 question.

5

- 7 BY MR. COX:
- 8 Q. Why did you and Mr. Carter send this
- letter to Mr. Asherman and Roderick?
- 10 MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 11 MR. WATKINS: Same objection.
- 12 THE WITNESS: I don't recall what
- 13 initially generated the thought to send the
- 14 letter.

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- It's a continuing push on our part to address the submodule issue and their inability to meet the schedules that they have -- that they have put out, trying to make sure they've gotten our attention up.
- I saw this as kind of a get-your-attention letter. We wanted to make sure, you know, we're serious here.
- 23 We had -- we had scheduled a trip to -- to 24 Toshiba to address some of these issues with
- 25 Toshiba, the parent company of Westinghouse, and

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- I don't -- I don't recall exactly when that trip 1 2
 - was scheduled, but it was in the latter May time
- 3 frame, from what I recall.
- 4 BY MR. COX:
- Q. Is it correct to say that the module
- 6 production and delivery issues had not been solved at
- the time that you sent this letter to Mr. Asherman
- and Roderick?
- 9 A. Yeah.
- 10 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.
- 11 THE WITNESS: You know, at the time we 12 sent the letter, as we've documented, we were
- 13 continuing with issues on the fabrication of the
- 14 submodules and their ability to hit schedules
- 15
- that they had provided us, that they could
- 16 deliver the -- the modules, submodules.
- 17 BY MR. COX:
- 18 Q. If you could turn to page 4 of the
- 19 document.
- 20
- 21 Q. Under Roman numeral II at the top of the
- 22 page, can you read the second sentence in that
- paragraph that starts with "Despite"?
- 24 A. "Despite the poor progress, you assured us
- 25 that you had resolved the module production

- 1 problems."
- 2 Q. And you're referring there in this letter
- 3 to an assurance that Westinghouse and CB&I made to
- 4 SCE&G and SCANA in 2000 -- or SCE&G and Santee Cooper
- in 2012, correct?
- 6 A. That's what it says, yes.
- Q. Then on the following page, page 5, can 7
- you read the first sentence under Roman numeral III?
- A. "Despite the consortium's assurances,
- 10 module production did not improve after the 2012
- 11 agreement."
- 12 Q. That's a true statement, correct?
- 13 A. Based on our experience at the time we
- 14 wrote this letter, they -- they were -- had not
- 15 improved as we anticipated they would when we signed
- 16 the 2012 agreement.
- 17 Q. And despite the assurances that they had
- 18 made that they would solve that issue, correct?
- 19 MR. WATKINS: Objection.
- THE WITNESS: I -- that's what it says, 20
- 21 yes.
- 22 BY MR. COX:
- Q. At the bottom of page 6, if you could turn 23
- 24 to that page, can you read the last sentence in that
- 25 page that starts with "Westinghouse"?

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- A. "Westinghouse did not attend the meeting,
- 2 but CB&I was there, and it promised that the
- 3 consortium would deliver four modules in the second
- 4 quarter of 2013, 40 modules in the third quarter and
- 39 models -- modules in the fourth guarter."
- 6 Q. That's a promise that CB&I made to SCE&G
- 7 and Santee Cooper, correct?
- 8 A. That's correct.
- 9 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.
- 10 BY MR. COX:
- 11 Q. Can you read the first sentence on -- I'm
- 12 sorry, under subsection E on page 7, the first
- 13 sentence?
- 14 A. "We saw no improvement over the next
- 15 several months. By July 18, 2013, the consortium had
- delivered only 44 of the 72 CA20 submodules. This
- means that it had delivered only 3 modules in the 17
- preceding 11 weeks." 18
- 19 Q. That was a true statement, correct?
- 20 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.
- 21 THE WITNESS: That -- that's what we
- 22 documented in the letter.
- 23 BY MR. COX:

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- Q. If you could turn to page 13 of the
- 25 letter, could you read the first paragraph under

Kevin Marsh Page 154 Page 156 1 subsection D? 1 Mr. Carter on September 3rd were all accurate, to the 2 A. "As a result of these events, our 2 best of your knowledge, at the time that you made 3 frustration continues to mount. You have made 3 them. promise after promise but fulfilled few of them." A. Okay. Q. That was a true statement at the time that 5 Q. So, Mr. Marsh, your e-mail to Mr. Carter you made it in this letter, correct? 6 on September 3rd, was that e-mail accurate, the 7 MR. WATKINS: Objection -information in it, to the best of your knowledge? MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 8 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 8 9 9 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the THE WITNESS: Based on what I said in 10 10 September 3rd, 2014, yes. 11 THE WITNESS: Can you repeat the question? 11 BY MR. COX: 12 12 BY MR. COX: Q. Your e-mail to Mr. Carter starts with the 13 Q. Sure. That was a true statement at the 13 fact that you met with your team. Who are the 14 time that you made it in this letter, correct? members of your team that you're referring to? 15 MR. WATKINS: Same objection. A. I don't recall all the members who would 15 16 MR. CHALLY: Same. 16 have been in there. I'm fairly confident that Steve 17 THE WITNESS: That's what we stated in the Byrne was in there, but I don't recall who else might 18 letter. have attended that meeting. 19 BY MR. COX: 19 Q. Did you take any notes at that meeting? 20 Q. And you believed it to be true, correct? 20 A. I don't recall. 21 MR. WATKINS: Same objection. 21 Q. Do you typically take notes at meetings 22 THE WITNESS: Based on information you attend? 22 23 23 provided to me by our nuclear team, yes. MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 24 THE WITNESS: Sometimes I do, and 24 BY MR. COX: 25 Q. The promises that you're referring to that 25 sometimes I don't. Sometimes I'm primarily Page 155 Page 157 listening. It just depends on the source of the 1 were not fulfilled by the consortium were promises 1 2 2 regarding the schedule for delivery of submodules, meeting and whether or not something leaves an impression that makes me want to write it down. 3 correct? 3 4 MR. WATKINS: Objection. 4 BY MR. COX: 5 THE WITNESS: It was their -- it was their Q. Did you have a standard practice for 6 lack of following up or lack of delivering 6 filing notes from the meetings at which you took 7 submodules, based on a variety of schedules they 7 notes? 8 had provided us. 8 A. No, I didn't. BY MR. COX: 9 9 Q. Would you typically discard those notes, 10 Q. SCE&G did not provide a copy of this 10 or was it pretty random about what you would do with 11 letter to the Commission, did it? 11 notes after a meeting? 12 12 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. I don't know if we did or did not. 13 Q. SCE&G did not provide a copy of this 13 THE WITNESS: I mean, I would -- I have 14 letter to ORS, did it? 14 a -- I would generally keep my notes in a spiral 15 A. I don't know. 15 notebook. And when that notebook was filled for 16 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 16 me -- I keep notes of a lot of matters in there, 17 17 not just nuclear matters -- and typically, when (Exhibit 6 was marked for identification.) that notebook was filled, I would discard it. 18 BY MR. COX: 18 19 19 BY MR. COX: Q. Mr. Marsh, Exhibit 6 is an e-mail exchange 20 Q. Do you know if any of the notebooks that between you and Mr. Carter dated September 3rd through September 8th, 2014, Bates-numbered 21 you took notes in regarding nuclear matters were 22 ORS 00002009 through 2011. 22 still existing at the time that you left your 23 position as CEO? You can go ahead and review this document. 23 24 The first question I would have for you is whether A. I provided everything I had in my office

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25 the statements in the initial e-mail you sent to

25 related to nuclear matters to SCANA legal counsel

Kevin Marsh Page 158 Page 160 1 before I left. 1 THE WITNESS: Well, the goal was to put Q. Did you recall seeing any notebooks with 2 together a team that would have people that 3 your notes from meetings among those papers that you 3 would either be qualified to look at it or they gave to SCANA legal? 4 could reach out to other experts, as they felt A. There could have been. There was a large 5 necessary, around the organization to help with 6 stack of information that I had accumulated over the 6 the review. years on the project. 7 BY MR. COX: Q. When you say "SCANA legal," who did you 8 Q. And isn't it true that SCE&G wanted to put give it to? 9 the best quality of analysis on the -- that cost 10 A. SCANA general counsel. 10 information? 11 11 Q. Who was that? MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 12 12 A. Jim Stuckev. MR. WATKINS: Same. 13 Q. In your bullet point number 1 to 13 THE WITNESS: I mean, we -- we used team 14 Mr. Carter in Exhibit 6, it's true that you referred 14 members from the site whom we believed were 15 to the estimate given by the consortium for delay qualified to look at it. That was our 15 16 costs as being a very preliminary number, isn't it? objective, is to have qualified people from the 16 17 A. That's correct. My memory is we had -- we site examine the information and review it. 17 18 had just received that in late August from the 18 BY MR. COX: consortium. 19 Q. On bullet point number 3 here, you refer Q. And under bullet point number 2, you refer 20 20 to -- actually, could you read the first sentence of 21 to a team that was put together to review that that bullet point? 22 information. 22 A. "We are ready to move forward with 23 Do you recall who was on that team? 23 hiring/engaging an additional resource with 24 A. I don't recall specifically. When we 24 significant construction expertise to assist us with received an update -- if we received an update from 25 25 evaluating the construction schedule and project Page 159 Page 161 1 the consortium at a level that would require us to 1 status." 2 update the Commission because it was going to have an 2 Q. That was a true statement at the time you 3 impact on cost and schedule, if it were -- if it were 3 made it, right, Mr. Marsh? 4 accurate, Steve Byrne would normally assign a team of 4 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 5 people at the site to go through it, review it, and 5 THE WITNESS: That was the statement I 6 try to understand what was in it. made at the date of this e-mail. Q. And is it true that the company would 7 BY MR. COX: assign people that it felt were the best qualified to 8 Q. And is it true that ultimately your analyze that information? company authorized the retention of the Bechtel 10 MR. WATKINS: Object --10 Corporation to conduct this assessment? 11 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 11 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. MR. WATKINS: Same objection. 12 12 MR. WATKINS: Same objection. 13 THE WITNESS: My memory is it was people 13 THE WITNESS: No, that's not correct. 14 who were on site who were familiar with 14 BY MR. COX: 15 construction activities, primarily from the 15 Q. Tell me how that's incorrect. 16 finance and administration department, along 16 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form. 17 17 with appropriate personnel from construction. There's no question pending. 18 BY MR. COX: 18 THE WITNESS: I mean, this was not in any 19 Q. Is it true that the Commission would --19 way referring to Bechtel. 20 20 I'm sorry. BY MR. COX: 21 Is it true that the company would identify 21 Q. Bechtel did an assessment of the project people who it felt would be best qualified to review 22 in 2015, correct?

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MR. CHALLY: Object to form.

MR. WATKINS: Same objection.

that information?

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MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: Our outside legal counsel

MR. CHALLY: Same objection.

Kevin Marsh Page 164 Page 162 1 and construction expert engaged Bechtel to do a 1 THE WITNESS: No. And I don't think in 2 2 project assessment in 2015. any way it's connected to this. This letter of 3 BY MR. COX: 3 communication that I sent to Mr. Carter was 4 Q. Did Bechtel assess the project in 2015? 4 September of 2014, and the Bechtel assessment, 5 MR. WATKINS: Same objection. 5 based on my knowledge, wasn't even considered 6 THE WITNESS: They performed the 6 until 2015. 7 BY MR. COX: 7 procedures that George Wenick and the Bechtel 8 team agreed to. 8 Q. The need that you're referring to here, as 9 BY MR. COX: far as hiring/engaging an additional resource, is 10 Q. And you were aware that that assessment that the same need that you ultimately agreed to have 11 was occurring at the time that it was conducted, Bechtel fulfill in 2015? 12 correct? 12 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 13 A. I was aware that George Wenick had engaged 13 MR. WATKINS: Objection. 14 them to do a review and that they were on site doing 14 THE WITNESS: I don't believe in any way 15 15 they're connected. The additional resource that, yes. 16 Q. And your company authorized Mr. Wenick to 16 here, in my understanding from my recollection, 17 enter into that contract with Bechtel Corporation to 17 addresses an individual that we were considering 18 conduct that assessment, correct? 18 adding to our team to work with our team in 19 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 19 evaluating ongoing schedule-related activities. 20 20 BY MR. COX: question. 21 THE WITNESS: Mr. Wenick --21 Q. And can you describe what ultimately --22 what individual was ultimately retained to fill that 22 MR. COX: What's the objection there? 23 MR. WATKINS: "Your company" is vague and 23 role? 24 24 ambiguous. I'm not even sure what "your A. I don't recall if anyone was retained. We 25 25 recommended that Jeff Archie and Mike Crosby help company" means. Mr. Kevin Marsh does not own Page 163 Page 165 this company. 1 identify potential candidates for this role. I don't 1 2 I'm not even sure what the time frame is 2 recall if they ever identified anyone for the role. 3 here. But it's vague and ambiguous, and it Q. It's true that at this time you believed mischaracterizes testimony. 4 it would be beneficial for SCE&G to hire/engage an 5 BY MR. COX: 5 additional resource with significant construction Q. Go ahead. 6 expertise to assist SCE&G with evaluating the A. Mr. Wenick, who was construction counsel 7 construction schedule and project status, correct? that had been engaged by SCE&G and Santee Cooper, 8 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 9 recommended and believed it would be a good idea to MR. CHALLY: Same. 10 10 engage Bechtel to do an assessment in anticipation of THE WITNESS: Lonnie and I had talked 11 potential litigation. 11 about that. I agreed that it would be 12 12 He suggested that, and we -- and the worthwhile pursuing that, and I turned that over 13 leadership team believed he should pursue it. 13 to the construction team to make a final 14 Q. So it's correct that SCE&G authorized 14 determination. 15 BY MR. COX: 15 Mr. Wenick to engage Bechtel to conduct that 16 assessment? 16 Q. And it's true that you agreed that that 17 A. We accepted his counsel as an outside 17 would be a beneficial step for the project? 18 construction expert that that would be a step that MR. WATKINS: Same objection. 18 19 19 would potentially prove useful in anticipation of MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 20 litigation, based on his advice. 20 THE WITNESS: I'll stand by what I said. 21 Q. And your testimony is that that assessment 21 I agreed we were ready to move forward with 22 conducted by Bechtel is not an assessment that you're 22 hiring an additional resource because Lonnie had

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24 correct?

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referring to here in Exhibit Number 6; is that

MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form.

indicated he thought that could be helpful.

think that would hurt.

When Lonnie and I discussed it, I said, I don't

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I turned it over to the construction team to make the final determination. I wasn't in a position to make a final decision about whether or not we needed a construction person. I agreed that an additional resource, you know, could assist us, and I turned it over to the construction team to make a final determination.

8 BY MR. COX: 9 Q. What resources are you aware of that SCE&G 10 ultimately hired or engaged to perform this work? 11 MR. WATKINS: Objection.

THE WITNESS: Well, I want to be clear. When I'm talking about resources here, I'm talking about one person. It says "an additional resource." I'm talking about an individual. I don't know if we hired someone as a result of this discussion.

We hired people all along the way to add to -- "we," Steve Byrne, the construction team -- as necessary would add expertise to their team and hire the levels of expertise they believed was necessary.

I was not engaged nor was I qualified to determine the exact type of people we needed on the project.

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1 To the extent a project schedule changes, 2 it wouldn't be unexpected that cost would change 3 with that. But it's not clear here what he's referring to.

5 BY MR. COX:

6 Q. Is it fair to say that you don't feel that 7 you were in a position to be able to assess whether the schedule was achievable?

9 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.

MR. CHALLY: Same objection.

11 THE WITNESS: Yeah. I personally was not 12 in a position to evaluate that. That was --

that's not my skill set.

14 BY MR. COX:

15 Q. When you received this e-mail from 16 Mr. Carter, did it concern you that Mr. Carter was expressing the opinion that he did not believe that the schedule that Westinghouse was -- proposed was 19 achievable? 20

MR. WATKINS: Same objection.

THE WITNESS: All I knew was he had expressed his concerns. I knew that a -- a team would go through and evaluate the results, and once we had completed an evaluation would be in a position -- the company would be in a position

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1 BY MR. COX:

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Q. If you could turn to Mr. Carter's response 3 to you dated September 8th, bullet point number 2 on 4 the response, Mr. Carter says, quote, My sense is 5 that neither the owners nor the consortium have any 6 real confidence that the proposed rollout schedule

that the consortium shared with the owners on

August 1st is achievable, end quote.

At this point in time, did you have 10 confidence that the schedule, the proposed schedule 11 that Westinghouse had rolled out, was achievable?

12 A. I had no basis of make -- excuse me, 13 making that determination one way or the other.

14 The information was very preliminary. To 15 my knowledge, it had not been reviewed or analyzed by 16 the team that Steve Byrne put in place on the site. I didn't have an opinion. It was a preliminary 17 18 schedule at that point and related cost.

19 Q. And when you refer to "schedule," you're referring to the schedule, the timeline schedule for 21 construction, or the cost estimate?

22 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.

23 THE WITNESS: I don't know exactly what 24 Lonnie's referring to here, when you're talking about a "new project schedule."

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1 based on input from the nuclear team to form an 2 opinion as to the schedule.

3 BY MR. COX:

4 Q. So you felt that the concern expressed by Mr. Carter was being addressed internally by SCE&G? 6 MR. WATKINS: Objection.

THE WITNESS: I knew that the schedule would be reviewed by SCE&G personnel and also Santee Cooper personnel who were on site. They normally participated in that process with us.

11 BY MR. COX:

Q. Did you ever respond to Mr. Carter and 13 say, "Why do you feel that the schedule that the consortium's given -- giving us isn't achievable"?

15 A. I don't recall responding to him. 16 Q. Did it concern you that Mr. Carter had 17 these opinions and you felt that the concern was being addressed by the -- the owners' team, or did it 19 not concern you at all that he expressed these 20 opinions? MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the

21 22 question.

23 THE WITNESS: Given that Santee Cooper was 24 a 45 percent owner in the project, I never 25 ignored Lonnie's concerns.

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The fact that he had raised that concern wasn't a surprise. We had gotten a new schedule after we had been through a protracted period where we had concerns about submodule deliveries. They had delivered us a new schedule.

We had -- we had a right to understand and be concerned about what was in the schedule and did we believe they could achieve what they had provided to us.

11 BY MR. COX:

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Q. What did -- what did SCE&G's review of the schedule reveal, to your recollection?

MR. WATKINS: Objection.

MR. CHALLY: Same objection.

THE WITNESS: What I recall from the results of the review was that, based on the information provided, that we had reviewed it with personnel on site. They had looked at the -- the team on site had looked at the basis for scheduling changes as well as cost associated with those schedules. They had -- they had verified amounts associated with that.

They had looked at the basis for the staffing and other issues related to the cost

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increases and concluded that that was the best information we had available based on the assumptions they had made in the schedule.

In the review, that schedule was the best information we had available and the cost associated with it that the contractor under their responsibilities under the EPC contract had given us.

9 BY MR. COX:

- Q. Did you go back and tell Mr. Carter about this result from the review?
- A. I don't think it required me to go back and tell Lonnie Carter. He had people on site that were close to the review and the evaluation. I'm confident he would have known what the team concluded.
- Q. Did you ever find out whether that review addressed his concern that the schedule that the consortium had proposed was not achievable?

MR. WATKINS: Objection.

21 MR. CHALLY: Same objection.

THE WITNESS: I can't speak for

Mr. Carter's thoughts. I know, in accepting the information from the consortium that they

provided to us, that we ultimately took the

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- Public Service Commission as a partner. They
 - had to concur in what was provided in order for
- 3 us to update the Commission. We wouldn't have
- 4 updated them if we hadn't concurred that the
- 5 information provided was the best available
- 6 information we had.

7 BY MR. COX:

- Q. So Santee Cooper had to provide approvalto any submissions that the SCE&G made to the
- 10 Commission?
- A. They didn't have to provide -- they didn't have to provide approval of the submissions, but the information we would have included at this time in -- I guess that would have been the 2015 update to the Commission, we had to negotiate a number of change

I don't know if they were just -- if they
were amendments to the contract or they were just
change orders that impacted cost.

orders and agree to certain changes.

20 Anything over a million dollars, they had 21 to sign off on. So they were clearly in agreement 22 with what we had agreed to with the consortium at 23 that time. They may have still had concerns, but 24 they agreed to what we had, and that was the 25 information we presented to the Commission.

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- Q. So it's your testimony that in 2015, SCE&G
- 2 presented to Santee Cooper the information that SCE&G
- 3 planned to present to the Commission regarding
- 4 schedule and cost, and Santee Cooper agreed that --
- 5 that that was an appropriate submission to the
- 6 Commission?

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- A. I don't know that --
- 8 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the
- 9 question.
 - MR. CHALLY: Objection.

THE WITNESS: I don't know that -- I don't know that we presented the -- gave them a presentation or gave them all the details of our filing to review, but they were certainly aware of what we had agreed to with the consortium or what we had accepted in terms of the schedule as being the best information available.

There were still disputes at that time regarding who was responsible for paying for the cost, but in terms of the schedule and whether or not the cost would be spent and if that represented an accurate update of the best information available at the time, I believe we agreed to that.

Kevin Marsh Page 174 Page 176 1 BY MR. COX: 1 other than this team, correct? Q. It's true that SCE&G presented the 2 MR. WATKINS: Objection. Form. 3 THE WITNESS: Again, I don't know who all 3 consortium's cost estimate to the Commission in the 4 was on the team. I know Steve Byrne put a team 2015 update docket, correct? 5 5 in place to review it. I just don't recall who A. We presented what the consortium provided all was on that team. This may be all of it; it 6 to us as one of their obligations under the contract. 6 7 7 may not be all of it. I just don't know. And we reviewed that, evaluated it, and concluded that that was the best information 8 BY MR. COX: 9 available to reflect the actual work to be done, the Q. To your knowledge, was it only one team time frame that it was expected to be done, and the 10 that was put together for analyzing cost? cost associated with it. We did present that to the 11 A. I'm not aware of another team. That --12 Commission. 12 the one team may have brought in expertise to assist 13 Q. And it's your testimony that Santee Cooper 13 them, but I'm only aware of one team. 14 14 agreed with SCE&G regarding that being the best Q. Did you receive this presentation in information prior to SCE&G submitting that October 2014? 15 15 16 information to the Commission? 16 A. I -- I don't recall receiving this 17 MR. WATKINS: Objection. 17 presentation. 18 THE WITNESS: It's my belief they were 18 Q. There's a reference to an executive 19 aware of it. They were aware of the schedule. 19 meeting on the first page. 20 They were aware of the change orders that they 20 What is an "executive meeting"? 21 had signed off on as part of that. 21 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. THE WITNESS: I don't know specifically. 22 22 And I -- I suspect -- I don't have access 23 23 Certainly, a meeting that includes executives of to all of their documents, but I suspect those 24 24 were the same disclosures they provided at the the company. I don't know if that means SCE&G, 25 time we were presenting that to the Commission. 25 Santee, or it means SCE&G and Santee and Page 175 Page 177 (Exhibit 7 was marked for identification.) Westinghouse. I don't know what executives 1 1 2 BY MR. COX: 2 they're referring to. 3 Q. Mr. Marsh, we've had a -- labeled 3 BY MR. COX: 4 Exhibit 7 to your deposition a presentation labeled 4 Q. If you can turn to the third page of the 5 "EAC review team preliminary update, preparation for document, the bottom right corner is -- last three 6 10-13-14 executive meeting," Bates-labeled numbers are 676. 7 SCANA RP024674 through -686. The third bullet point says, quote, EAC Have you ever seen this document before? 8 team anticipates a to-go PF closer to 1.40 and 9 A. I have seen it in preparation for this 9 recalculated the cost, resulting in an additional 10 deposition. 10 increase of approximately 101 million. This is the 11 Q. The individuals that are named on the 11 cost impact of the to-go PF of 1.40 versus 1.15 and 12 front page of this document, were these the 12 is not included in the consortium EAC. individuals that were part of SCE&G's review team of 13 Did I read that correctly? 14 the consortium's cost estimates in 2014? 14 A. Yes, you read that correctly. 15 15 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. Q. What is a "PF," to your knowledge? 16 THE WITNESS: Again, I didn't put the team 16 A. I believe they're referring to performance 17 17 factor. in place. I do recognize the names of these 18 individuals who were part of the finance and 18 Q. And to your knowledge, what does that 19 administration and construction team on site. 19 measure? 20 20 Their names appear here. I don't know if there MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 21 were others involved, but they are certainly 21 THE WITNESS: I'm not a construction

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identified on the cover sheet.

Q. You're not aware of any other teams that

25 reviewed the consortium's cost estimates in 2014

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23 BY MR. COX:

expert, again, but as described by Steve Byrne

and other members on site at the project, it's a

way to measure the efficiency of the work being

performed, the actual time spent doing a task

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- compared to what you would expect to spend doing that task or what you had forecast you would
- 3 spend doing that task.
- 4 BY MR. COX:

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- Q. Do you recall the consortium having
 trouble meeting its goals on PF during the course of
 the project?
- 8 A. I don't recall specific, you know, PFs
 9 throughout the project. I know we had addressed PF,
 10 performance factors, with the consortium. I know we
 11 disclosed it and risks associated with it in our
 12 testimony before the Commission.
 - Q. Do you recall it being an area of concern?
- A. It was an area that we were watching on the project. We had identified that as a risk that could impact cost and schedule, and we disclosed that to the Commission.
- Q. Were you aware prior to the 2015
 Commission filing that the SCE&G EAC team had
 anticipated a worse PF than the consortium had
 estimated in its cost analysis?
- MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- MR. WATKINS: Same objection.
- THE WITNESS: Could you restate that?

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details and knowledge of the construction effort it would take to complete the plants, and we believed they were in the best position to say what they thought they could achieve as a performance factor.

That was an estimate. Anything outside of that, in my mind, was speculative.

I think what the -- what the team had done here was just a mathematical calculation. I don't know that they concluded that was the right number. This was -- it says here that this is a preliminary update back in 2014.

I mean, we filed with the Commission in 2015, so we had a lot of time expired between the time this team started doing its work and we concluded what we believed the appropriate schedule was to file with the Commission.

18 BY MR. COX:

Q. Isn't it true, though, that the SCE&G EAC team estimated that the PF going forward would be 1.40?

MR. CHALLY: Object to form.

MR. WATKINS: Objection.

THE WITNESS: Again, my understanding is they made a mathematical calculation assuming

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1 BY MR. COX:

Q. Sure. Were you aware prior to the SCE&G's 2014 Commission filing that the SCE&G EAC team had estimated a going-forward PF factor that was worse than the factor that the consortium had estimated in its cost analysis?

MR. CHALLY: Object to form.

MR. WATKINS: Same objection.

THE WITNESS: I don't recall all the details of the work of the EAC, but I recall they had done a mathematical calculation that said if they don't improve on the performance factor, here's a potential impact.

I don't know -- it was not my understanding that was a complete study because I know in the -- in the estimate that was given to us by the consortium, they had increased productivity factors across the board from what was initially in the contract when we signed it in 2008. And they had offered different steps of mitigation they planned to take and actions they planned to take to achieve that.

I mean, they were -- they were responsible for the contract. It was their responsibility to build the plants. They had all the -- the

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nothing changed in the performance factor as a way to assess risk that was associated with the numbers that were given to us by the consortium.

4 BY MR. COX:

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Q. So is it your testimony that you understood the EAC team to not be giving its best prediction on what the PF would be; that it was just using the historical number?

MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: I can't speak to exactly

what they did.

My understanding was it was a mathematical extension assuming there were no changes in the PF. It was a financial calculation done by capable accountants at the site, but they were not the construction experts. They didn't have access to all the details. They were not the ones that were contractually obligated to complete the plant.

We had information from the consortium about the PF. We had identified the PF as a risk that we disclosed to the Commission. We identified that they had increased the PF across the board in their estimate, the new estimate they had given us, with respect to cost and

Page 184 Page 182 1 schedule. And we identified that clearly in 1 MR. WATKINS: Objection. 2 Steve Byrne's testimony before the Commission in 2 MR. CHALLY: Same objection. 3 2015, the basis for that number and the risk 3 THE WITNESS: Their goal, from my 4 associated with it. 4 understanding, was to validate the information 5 We believed that would be a challenge, but 5 that was given to us and raise any areas of 6 that was the best -- we concluded -- the nuclear 6 concern for us to validate because, at the same 7 construction team concluded that was the best 7 time, this was not a schedule we had accepted. 8 information we had available because the 8 We weren't saying, "That's the exact 9 9 consortium had access to all the details and had number, and we agree to pay all that." 10 10 the best ability to project what they could We were in a dispute as to who was 11 produce based on the revised schedule. 11 supposed to pay what. And one of the disputes 12 12 we had was over the performance factor. BY MR. COX: 13 Q. Your company, SCE&G, did not reveal to the 13 So that would have been an area of concern 14 for us as we went through that review in how we 14 Commission in 2015 that SCE&G anticipated that the 15 going-forward PF would be 1.40, did it? 15 tried to identify who was going to pay for what. 16 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 16 So the fact that they appear to have 17 MR. WATKINS: Same --17 talked about the performance factor in this 18 THE WITNESS: I don't --18 preliminary assessment is not a surprise to me. 19 MR. WATKINS: Same objection. 19 BY MR. COX: 20 20 THE WITNESS: I don't believe that SCE&G Q. Is it your understanding that the EAC 21 construction team concluded that. This -- this 21 team, the SCE&G EAC team, validated the consortium's 22 numbers and agreed that it was the best estimate of is a preliminary update, which is -- well, we 23 got the estimate from Westinghouse in August. 23 anticipated costs? 24 24 And so this is one month after that, and they MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 25 25 MR. WATKINS: Same objection. were saying "anticipates closer to 1.4." Page 185 Page 183 And my memory is that was a mathematical THE WITNESS: I don't know how they 1 1 2 extension just based on what had occurred to 2 finally presented their information, but I know 3 date. It was no more complicated than that. It 3 their information was considered by the 4 wasn't a study. It wasn't with access to all 4 construction team on site as whole and with the 5 the additional information. 5 company's legal counsel and what was required to 6 And that -- this is what the team stated 6 be filed with the Commission. 7 7 here. I don't believe -- I don't conclude that And that was the best available 8 that's SCE&G's position when it went to the 8 information we had at the time. And it did not 9 9 Commission. When we went to the Commission, it include any speculative costs that were clearly 10 10 was clearly our belief that the schedule we not allowed under the Commission's rules and 11 provided, based on the updates from the 11 guidelines. 12 12 BY MR. COX: consortium, was the best available information 13 with the details and information we had 13 Q. Were you aware in 2015 that SCE&G -- the 14 available at the time that this team reviewed EAC team had concluded that the likely cost to 15 and did their best to validate. 15 complete the project would be greater than the 16 And Steve Byrne gave testimony. I believe 16 consortium's estimate? 17 Ron Jones gave testimony. Carlette Walker gave 17 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 18 testimony -- all officers of the company -- that 18 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form. 19 19 they believed that was the best available THE WITNESS: I'm not aware that they 20 20 information. concluded that. 21 BY MR. COX: 21 They may have done some analyses that 22 Q. So it's your understanding that the EAC 22 indicated some risks that could lead to higher 23 team that SCE&G commissioned agreed that the 23 costs, but I don't recall them concluding that 24 consortium's cost estimate was the best information 24 based on the testimony we gave at the Commission. 25 regarding anticipated cost to complete the project?

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1 BY MR. COX:

Q. Do you recall any employees at SCE&G
 expressing the opinion that the cost figure in the
 2015 filing should have been greater than the
 consortium's number?

A. I don't recall an individual saying the
number should be greater. I do recall when we were
preparing testimony for the Commission, Ms. Carlette
Walker was our accounting witness because she was a
financial person on site. She did raise a question
as to whether or not we should include an estimate of
cost that could be -- an estimate of increases in
cost based on no change in productivity factor.

We had a discussion in a large room that included a lot of people from the construction team, primarily led by outside regulatory counsel. And at the end of that discussion, we concluded it would not be appropriate to include any additional schedules as part of Carlette Walker's testimony.

But it was appropriate that we identify
the issue related to productivity as a factor, a risk
factor, that could have an impact on the schedule and
the cost associated with the project.

Q. Who made that decision not to include in the Commission filing the estimate of cost that would

can't say specifically. Others may or may not have
been there, but that's what I remember possibly were
there.

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Q. Which one of those attorneys expressed the opinion that the increased cost estimate did not need to be provided to the Commission?

A. The --

MR. CHALLY: So hold on here.

9 The -- I'm going to object to the form of 10 the question first.

So this is, as you know, an issue related to -- an issue related to a dispute that we had previously in depositions related to this particular -- or to meetings of this sort.

Rather than require that we get Judge Hayes on the line again, if we can reach the same agreement that we reached previously -- which was that we are allowing questions on this topic to proceed on the basis of his ruling previously and that you-all don't consider us allowing Mr. Marsh to answer questions on the substance of this meeting as a waiver of our right to invoke privileges to anything else -- we can allow Mr. Marsh to continue -- or we can allow Mr. Marsh to answer questions along those

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1 exist if there was no improvement in productivity?

A. I don't recall who specifically made a
decision that issues related to testimony are
discussed openly in that process, the way we go about
reviewing and preparing testimony.

I recall the discussion being led by legal
counsel in the room -- that we ultimately concluded
in the room based on legal -- legal's participation
that the appropriate schedule was the one that had
been provided by the consortium, but that we identify
risks associated with that number based on our
knowledge of the impact that could have on overall
completion dates and cost.

Q. What legal counsel were present in that discussion?

A. I recall Belton Ziegler being in the room.
Mitch Willoughby, who was also one of our outside
regulatory attorneys, may have been there. I don't
specifically recall. Chad Burgess, who was an inside
regulatory counsel. And Matt Gissendanner.

That was the legal team that worked with us on preparing testimony and making decisions regarding filings with the Commission.

I don't recall if all of those were in the room. I do remember Belton being in the room. I

lines.

MR. COX: I will agree that your willingness to allow the witness to answer questions about this meeting does not in itself constitute a waiver of any privilege.

I am concerned that -- based on the information that I've learned in depositions, that the company is waiving the privilege for other reasons and to the extent that it's relying on the advice of counsel in support of this decision.

MR. CHALLY: I understand. We can have that fight at some other point.

Does anyone else in the room have an issue with that general agreement that we've reached with the ORS?

Hearing none, have at it.

MR. WATKINS: Okay. So I'll object to the form of the question.

I also -- we weren't here for any of these previous agreements, so we might need to inform the witness about what conversation with counsel he is and is not free to speak about -- is probably not.

MR. CHALLY: He's free to testify as to

Page 190 Page 192 1 the substance of the meetings that he is as evidence in the -- in the hearing. 2 referring to, meetings -- meetings where 2 BY MR. COX: 3 testimony associated with the 2015 PSC filings Q. So is it fair to say that at this meeting, 4 were discussed. 4 she raised a concern about the issue, the attorneys 5 MR. WATKINS: Does that make sense to you? 5 explained why they were doing, what the -- what they 6 THE WITNESS: I believe so. 6 were planning to do, and that basically resolved the 7 MR. WATKINS: Okay. 7 concern? BY MR. COX: 8 8 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 9 9 Q. So maybe I should repeat the question? MR. WATKINS: Yeah. I object to the form 10 A. You may need to ask me the question again. 10 of that question. 11 Q. Which attorneys that were present at that 11 THE WITNESS: This was a very open process meeting expressed the opinion that SCE&G did not need 12 where we reviewed testimony. Generally, there to reveal to the Commission an estimate of cost that 13 were a number of people -- a large group of 13 would -- would exist if the productivity did not people involved around the company in drafting 14 14 15 improve? 15 testimony. It typically included all of the 16 MR. CHALLY: Object to the form of the 16 witnesses that were involved in the process and 17 17 people that would support their testimony. question. 18 MR. WATKINS: Same objection as to form. 18 It was not unusual for anybody to raise a 19 THE WITNESS: I don't recall any 19 question about something that was in testimony, particular attorney coming to that conclusion. 20 20 or should we add something? Is that not 21 I recall the attorneys that were 21 accurate? Do we need to change it? 22 present -- principally Belton Ziegler -- leading 22 I mean, this was a very open process, and 23 that discussion. And at the end of the 23 our goal was to make sure the testimony was true 24 discussion, we concluded that -- the team led by 24 and accurate. 25 25 legal counsel concluded that it would not be So the fact that Carlette had raised this Page 191 Page 193 appropriate to include any additional schedules issue didn't stand out to me as something that, 1 1 in Carlette's testimony. 2 2 you know, I locked away in my memory other than 3 3 BY MR. COX: we had a discussion about it led by the Q. And did they explain why they did not 4 attorneys that were in the room -- as I said, believe it would be appropriate to do so? 5 what I recall is Belton Ziegler -- and at the A. They may have. I just don't recall all 6 end of that discussion, a decision was reached the details of that discussion. 7 7 that we would not include an additional 8 MR. WATKINS: I object to the form of that 8 schedule. 9 9 question. In my mind, the issue was resolved at that BY MR. COX: 10 10 point. I don't -- I don't recall that people 11 Q. Do you recall any discussion about it 11 left the room upset or felt like that wasn't the 12 creating a contingency cost that the Commission could 12 right decision. I mean, it was like any other not approve? 13 13 testimony meeting. We raised questions, we 14 A. Not specifically, no. 14 edited testimony, and we did our best to make 15 15 Q. Did anyone at the meeting voice any sure that the documents were true and accurate. 16 disagreement with the advice that counsel provided? 16 BY MR. COX: 17 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 17 Q. Do you know who made the initial decision 18 MR. CHALLY: Same objection. 18 to draft up the filing with the Commission -- I'm 19 THE WITNESS: My memory of the meeting was 19 sorry, the consortium's cost numbers included prior 20 20 to that meeting? once the discussion was held, we agreed -- the 21 team in the room, again, led by legal counsel, 21 MR. WATKINS: Objection. 22 concluded that nothing else additional needed to 22 THE WITNESS: I don't recall. I mean, I 23 23 just don't recall the process whereby that was be added to the testimony. 24 And there was -- there was nothing added 24 determined.

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Page: 55 (190 - 193)

to Ms. Walker's testimony, and she presented it

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- 1 BY MR. COX:
- Q. It wasn't you, correct?
- A. I don't recall being in a meeting to
- discuss it.
- 5 The testimony -- not the testimony -- but
- 6 someone would typically update me on the filing
- before it was made. As the CEO, I wanted to know
- when we made a filing with the Commission, you know,
- generally what was in it.
- 10 This was a Base Load Review Act update. I
- wanted to make sure I understood what was in there in
- case I was asked about it publicly, even though we
- were doing a -- we did a press release every time we 13
- made one of those filings. 14
- 15 But I don't recall being in the decision
- process to include the numbers from the consortium. 16
- I just recall from going through the testimony
- preparation that that -- that we concluded that was
- the best information available.
- Q. Do you recall any other times where that 20
- 21 question was made -- was raised about what cost
- number to include in the 2015 PSC filing other than 22
- 23 that meeting with the attorneys and Ms. Walker?
- 24 A. That's the only instance I can recall
- where someone raised a question as to what would be 25

- 1 appropriate. Q. Other than the attorneys you mentioned,
- 3 yourself, and Ms. Walker, who else was present in
- 4 that meeting?
- A. I'll do my best to remember. I could
- 6 leave somebody out. If I had more time to think
- about it, I might think about more. And I -- and I
- have to go based on my history who was typically in
- 9 those meetings.
- 10 The people providing testimony were me,
- 11 Steve Byrne, Carlette Walker, Ron Jones, and, I
- believe, Joe Lynch. Joe Lynch may or may not have 12
- 13 been in there.
- 14 Byron Henson from the Regulatory
- 15 Department. Someone from the site. Kevin Kochems,
- 16 who worked for Carlette Walker at the time, may have
- 17 been there. We may have had someone from corporate
- communications. 18
- 19 Chad Burgess. I'm drawing a blank on
- his -- his assistant now. I'm sitting here looking
- at him, and I can't recall his name. I gave it to
- 22 you a minute ago. His assistant was in there.
- 23 Belton Ziegler. Mitch Willoughby.
- 24 Al Bynum might have been in there, who is from our
- 25 legal department.

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Page 197

- Those were the people that were typically
- 2 in those meetings, and they may have had supporting
- 3 personnel from their areas of expertise around the
- 4 company as we were going through particular aspects
- 5 of the testimony. But it was a large room, not
- 6 unlike this room, with a lot of people around the
 - table reading the testimony line by line.
- If something caught our attention, we
- would stop and have a discussion, make edits as we
- 10 considered necessary. This was a very iterative
- 11 process. We went through that at least two or three
- 12 times before testimony was filed.
 - Q. Do you know who Kenneth Browne is?
- A. I know Kenneth. He used to work for 14
- 15 Santee Cooper. When he retired from Santee Cooper,
- 16 he came to work for us on site at the nuclear plant.
- 17 I know Ken. I've known him for a number of years.
- 18 Q. Did you know at the time you worked with
- 19 him that he was an engineer?
- 20 A. I don't recall knowing that.
 - Q. Was he present at that meeting in which
- 22 Ms. Walker raised the question about which cost
- 23 figure to include?
- 24 A. He may or he may not have been in the
- 25 meeting. I don't remember him being there.

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Q. Did that meeting get heated in any way, 1 voices raised or yelling?

- MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 3
- THE WITNESS: I don't recall anybody in 4
- 5 the meeting yelling. I don't recall.
- 6 I mean, you have to understand the process 7 we go through. We were a very open and frank
- 8 group, and people would state their opinions.
- 9
- Sometimes it was more emphatically than others, 10 and we would have a robust discussion about, you
- 11 know, what we thought was appropriate.
- 12 I don't remember this one rising to a
- 13 level above what I was accustomed to seeing when
- 14 we debated issues or tried to delve into issues
- 15 to understand what was the most accurate
- 16 information to include in testimony.
- 17 BY MR. COX:
- 18 Q. Do you recall anyone pounding any tables
- 19 at that meeting?
- 20 A. I do not.

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- 21 Q. Once the attorneys explained that they
- 22 felt that the consortium's numbers were the right
- numbers to include in the PSC filing, do you recall
- 24 how Ms. Walker responded to that information?
- 25 MR. CHALLY: Object to the form.

Page 198 Page 200 1 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 1 hearing. 2 2 question. Q. Who drafted your prefile testimony? 3 THE WITNESS: I don't recall any specific 3 MR. WATKINS: Objection. response from Ms. Walker. 4 MR. CHALLY: Same objection. 5 BY MR. COX: 5 THE WITNESS: In 2015, for the hearing we Q. Did each of the individuals who were 6 6 filed to update the schedule, that was done by 7 submitting prefiled testimony with the Commission 7 Belton Ziegler. have additional meetings with counsel outside of the 8 BY MR. COX: 9 joint meeting? Q. So he would draft the testimony, and you 10 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 10 would review it before it was filed; is that correct? 11 11 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the MR. CHALLY: Object to the form. 12 12 question. MR. WATKINS: Same objection. 13 THE WITNESS: I -- I don't know. 13 THE WITNESS: Let me try again. I thought 14 Typically -- well, there were attorneys 14 I described that earlier. 15 15 assigned to different witnesses for testimony He would draft the testimony. It would 16 preparation. To the extent they met outside of 16 then be reviewed in the large room with the 17 that meeting room, I wouldn't have been aware of 17 large conference table with the variety of 18 18 individuals around that table. 19 I know Belton Ziegler worked on my 19 Everybody would review it, not just me. 20 20 testimony. And generally, I recall for this Certainly I was in there, and I would review it. 21 case, he came to my office and we talked about 21 And everybody had the ability to make edits, to 22 testimony he drafted. And then we all provided 22 challenge what I said, to make sure I had said 23 23 input in the meeting. it correctly, as I would have that opportunity 24 24 I don't recall any meetings outside of with others' testimony based on knowledge I 25 25 that to prepare the testimony. might have. Page 199 Page 201 1 BY MR. COX: You would go through that process two or 1 2 Q. That meeting you had with Belton Ziegler 2 three times depending on what was in the regarding your 2015 testimony, was it just you two, 3 testimony and how lengthy it was and the issues or was anyone else present? 4 that needed to be discussed. A. It was just the two of us. 5 Once it was completed, I would take my Q. Would you have a meeting with him 6 testimony, sit down, read it myself to make sure before -- before submitting prefiled testimony as 7 it was consistent with what I believed to be well as testifying at a hearing? 8 accurate information based on what I knew at the 9 A. Well, let me be clear about the process. 9 time, and I would give my -- my final sign-off 10 10 When we started drafting testimony, on the testimony before it was filed. 11 Mr. Ziegler would meet with me to get my thoughts and 11 BY MR. COX: ideas or concerns or issues that I thought should be 12 12 Q. Did you ever propose any changes to your 13 included in my testimony before he drafted it. 13 testimony prior to it being filed? 14 He would then prepare an initial draft 14 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 15 15 that would be made available to the whole team to THE WITNESS: Certainly. Sometimes they 16 review it in the room I talked about earlier. We 16 were minor edits, grammatical errors. Sometimes 17 call it the "situation room" where we would all sit 17 it was to clarify information that may have been 18 around a table and review each other's testimony. 18 included in the testimony or I thought we needed 19 19 Once the testimony was filed, before the to add something to make it clearer. 20 20 case was actually heard, we would again gather in But it was a very iterative process. 21 that room -- the people that were going to provide, 21 BY MR. COX: 22 you know, direct testimony for the case and others to 22 Q. Were you ever told that you couldn't make 23 the extent they supported information that was in the 23 changes to your testimony? 24 24 testimony -- and talk about our -- our prefiled MR. CHALLY: Object to form.

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Page: 57 (198 - 201)

25 testimony and the process of going through the

THE WITNESS: No, I was never told that.

Page 202 Page 204 1 (Exhibit 8 was marked for identification.) 1 the updated schedules in the sense that it recognizes 2 BY MR. COX: 2 them to be the most accurate and dependable Q. This is Number 8. Mr. Marsh, I've handed 3 statements available of the anticipated construction 4 to you --4 schedule for completing the units and the anticipated THE WITNESS: Take a break? 5 5 schedule of capital costs for completing the units." 6 MR. COX: Yeah. We can. Q. Could you turn to the next page, 97? 7 Go off the record. 7 A. All right. VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 2:33 p.m., and 8 Could you read the sentence that starts on 9 9 line 10? we are off the record. 10 (A recess transpired from 2:33 p.m. until 10 A. "However, for purposes of the EPC 11 2:45 p.m.) 11 contract, we are concerned that WEC/CB&I" -- "WEC" 12 VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 2:45 p.m., and 12 meaning Westinghouse -- "may seek to take the 13 we're back on record. 13 term, quote, approved, close quote, as applied to 14 BY MR. COX: 14 these schedules to mean that SCE&G has approved 15 Q. Mr. Marsh, we're back on the record. And 15 substituting these schedules for the schedules 16 before the break, I had labeled Exhibit 8 to your 16 previously approved in the EPC contract, thereby 17 deposition. 17 excusing WEC/CB&I from contractual obligations, 18 Is this a copy of the testimony that you 18 penalties, claims, and possible damages from failing 19 provided to the Commission in the 2015 update docket? 19 to meet those schedules." A. It appears to be my testimony, yes. 20 20 Q. Can you explain what you meant by this 21 Q. And, again, you knew at the time that you 21 sentence? were giving this testimony under oath, correct? 22 22 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 23 A. I'm not clear -- what did you ask me? 23 question. 24 24 Q. You knew that at the time you were THE WITNESS: Well, first of all, I think 25 testifying that you were providing this testimony you'd have to look at my testimony in its Page 203 Page 205 1 under oath? entirety to address what I was talking about 1 A. Yes, I did. 2 2 with respect to the schedule. 3 Q. On page 50 of your testimony --3 What I recall I was talking to here --A. Is that 50 of my numbered pages or 50 of 4 talking about here was we presented a schedule your numbered pages? 5 to the Commission that, in our opinion, was the Q. 50 at the top. 6 best available data as to completion dates, the 7 7 A. Okay. All right. construction schedule, and the associated cost 8 Q. On line 21, there's a sentence that 8 with completing the projects based on the starts, "We deal." 9 9 information provided to us by the consortium and 10 Can you read that sentence for the record? 10 reviewed by our nuclear team on site. We 11 A. "We deal with the issues that arise with 11 believed that to be the best available 12 Westinghouse aggressively and at the highest levels." 12 information. 13 Q. And if you could turn to page 94, again 13 My understanding at the time is that's 14 using the top number. 14 what was required under the BLRA rules and 15 15 A. All right. regulations. If we believe we had a change, we 16 Q. Could you read the sentence that starts on 16 would provide that to the Commission. And 17 line 17? 17 that's what we're doing here. 18 A. "The current schedules reflect the best 18 We had not approved the schedule to 19 information available about the anticipated cost and 19 Westinghouse in the sense that we were going to 20 20 construction timetables for completing the project." pay all of the costs. We recognized it as the 21 Q. Could you turn to page 96? 21 best available schedule and associated costs. 22 A. All right. 22 So in our mind, in our evaluation, we 23 Q. Could you read the sentence that starts on 23 believed that the schedule was the most accurate 24 line 9? 24 information we had available, that the cost was

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A. "SCE&G has, quote, approved, close quote,

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the most accurate cost associated with

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Page 206

completing that schedule, and that would be the cost it took to complete the units. And that's what we included in our filing with the Commission.

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What we're saying here is we wanted to make sure the consortium, WEC and CB&I, didn't assume we had approved the schedule from the sense that we were going to pay all of those costs.

There were disputes related to those costs which we described to the Commission in testimony given by me, Steve Byrne, Carlette Walker, and others that may have testified to it in front of the Commission.

So we didn't want to send a message to Westinghouse, "Just assume you're going to get all these costs, if they're approved." That's why we put it in quotes: "by the Commission." BY MR. COX:

20 Q. If SCE&G had presented the Commission with 21 a higher number of cost based on a less optimistic 22 productivity factor that -- SCE&G still could have said, "We're not going to pay these additional costs above the productivity factor that Westinghouse says 25 it can meet."

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the hook and encourage them to continue to seek ways to stay on the project schedule by just telling them, you know, "Oh, we're going to give you a higher productivity factor. Don't worry about that."

We wanted them to worry about that. They were contractually obligated to deliver these plants on the dates they committed to delivering those plants.

And those dates they gave us in the update of August of '14 were the latest available dates based on their evaluation of the schedule that they had available.

14 And that's what we presented to the 15 Commission, was their schedule.

16 BY MR. COX:

17 Q. I want to follow up on your comment there 18 about not letting the consortium off the hook with respect to the productivity factor issue.

If SCE&G in this filing is telling the 21 Commission, "We don't think we have to pay all the 22 anticipated costs that are included in this cost 23 filing," then how would it be letting the consortium 24 off the hook to say -- to tell the Commission, "Hey, 25 we think the costs are going to be even greater than

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MR. CHALLY: Object to form.

MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the question.

THE WITNESS: It was our obligation to present project costs and related project schedule to the Commission based on the best information we had available at the time.

We believed that the information provided to us by the consortium that had been reviewed by our nuclear team on site was the best available information.

We -- we provided that. However, we identified the risk -- very clearly -- that productivity factors were an issue.

We identified that, in coming up with its estimate, Westinghouse had not only raised its productivity factor, which was included in the estimate, but also that we determined that that was still a risk to the project, a serious risk that we highlighted to the Commission, and said if they don't address this issue, it could have an impact on cost and schedule.

I believe Mr. Byrne testified in cross-examination that we didn't believe it was appropriate to, you know, let the consortium off Page 209

1 what the consortium expects, but we don't think we 2 should have to pay for any of those extra costs as 3 well"?

MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: The cost we presented to the Commission was what the consortium expected to spend. That was -- that was their estimate that had been reviewed by our construction team on site.

We knew there were risks associated with that schedule; talked -- I mentioned earlier, productivity factor. We highlighted that risk. We also highlighted to the Commission that there were disputes, and we defined for the Commission how we included dollars in our filing where we thought disputes could be resolved in our favor, based on our interpretation of the contract. And that's what we included in the filing.

We didn't know the resolution of those disputes, whether they were going to be resolved through negotiations or we would potentially have to go to litigation.

23 BY MR. COX:

Q. Is it correct to say, though, that SCE&G 25 was telling the Commission in this filing, "We don't

Page 213

Kevin Marsh

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1 think we have to pay the consortium for all of the 2 anticipated costs to complete this project that we're presenting in this docket"?

MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the question.

THE WITNESS: My memory and understanding of the filing is that we didn't include costs in the filing that we believed were -- under the contract, we could exclude from payment at that time.

11 BY MR. COX:

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12 Q. Let's turn to page 141 of your testimony. 13 So you're asked a question on line 3 to

14 line 7. I'll read that:

15 "Now, Mr. Marsh, as you relayed in your 16 testimony, the company is currently in a dispute with 17 the consortium, the Westinghouse consortium, with regard to who bears the cost for a number of elements in the capital cost of the proposed Unit 2 and Unit 3 20 reactors, correct?"

21 And can you go ahead and read, Mr. Marsh, 22 the answer on lines 8 to 13?

23 A. "That's right. The numbers that we presented in the filing before the Commission today represent the best estimate of the cost to complete

1 the plant at this time, but do reflect -- we have

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1 BY MR. COX:

Q. This is Chart A labeled "Summary of cost 3 adjustments." And in the right hand column, there's 4 a column labeled "Total cost." And there's a row halfway down labeled "Total EPC cost adjustment." 6 If you -- do you see that row, Mr. Marsh?

7 A. Yes, I do.

8 Q. And if you take that to the far right, the 9 total Cost -- EPC cost adjustment is \$453.1 million, 10 correct?

A. That's correct.

12 Q. And that was the figure that the SCE&G 13 presented to the Commission in this filing as the 14 cost adjustment for the EPC cost, correct?

A. Yes.

16 Q. And then the rows below "Total EPC cost 17 adjustment" includes a row labeled "Total owners' cost adjustment." 19

Do you see that row?

20 A. I do.

21 Q. And the total owners' cost adjustment 22 projected by SCE&G was 245.1 million; is that right?

23 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.

24 THE WITNESS: That's the number that 25 appears in the schedule. That's correct.

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2 noted in my testimony, and others -- that there are 3 disputes related to certain costs included in those 4 amounts." Q. So, Mr. Marsh, isn't it correct to say 6 that SCE&G was saying in this filing that even though

7 there's a certain best estimate of the cost to 8 complete the plants, SCE&G is not responsible for paying all of those costs?

> MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the question.

THE WITNESS: I think what I had said here that we had outlined that there are disputes related to certain costs included in those amounts. And I believe description of those disputes and what was included in the filing were put on the record by Mr. Byrne and Carlette Walker, Steve Byrne and Carlette Walker, in their direct testimony in this hearing.

20 BY MR. COX:

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21 Q. So let's turn to page 60 of your testimony. So we'll go back to page 60. 23 MR. WATKINS: 60 at the top?

24 MR. COX: Correct. 1 BY MR. COX:

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Q. And then the "Total adjustment with 3 liquidated damages" is \$698.2 million; is that 4 correct?

5 A. That is correct. That's included in the 6 schedule.

7 Q. Was it SCE&G's position that it was responsible to pay all of these costs?

MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.

10 THE WITNESS: That was the cost we had 11 determined based on the updated schedule 12 provided by the consortium as to what it would 13 take to complete the project and the costs 14 associated with that.

> The total EPC cost would be the cost associated with the consortium's completion of the project.

The additional of the owners' cost would be cost that would be incurred by the owners -in this case, SCE&G in this filing -- as a result of the delays in the delivery dates of the two new units.

So that's what comprised the total adjustment. We believed that was our best estimate of cost based on what they had provided

Kevin Marsh Page 214 Page 216 1 1 698 million were known and measurable based on to us. 2 Now, we had disputes related to some of 2 the estimate that had been provided to us by the 3 3 consortium on what they believed it would take that cost that we outlined in our testimony to 4 the Commission. 4 to complete the project. 5 5 So in that 698 million, that did include There were no other projections based on, 6 dollars that were subject to dispute that had 6 you know, known and measurable information that, 7 7 you know, could have been included in that not yet been resolved. 8 8 BY MR. COX: number. 9 Q. And SCE&G's position in that dispute was (Exhibit 9 was marked for identification.) 10 that it shouldn't have to pay the consortium for 10 BY MR. COX: those dollars? 11 Q. Mr. Marsh, I've handed you -- or had 12 12 handed to you a document labeled Exhibit 9 to your MR. WATKINS: Objection. 13 BY MR. COX: 13 deposition. 14 This is a spreadsheet that was produced by 14 Q. Or shouldn't pay the consortium those 15 Carlette Walker in response to a subpoena from ORS in 15 dollars, correct? 16 A. Well, there were issues -- I'm not an 16 this action. It's not Bates-numbered. And it includes a block -- feel free to 17 17 attorney, so I can't define all of the issues related 18 in the disputes. 18 review this document. 19 But there were dollars that we disputed There's a block on the chart in the bottom 20 left-hand corner called "February 2015 PSC update 20 that we should not be responsible for paying. 21 Q. Within those 698.2 million, correct? filing SCE&G cost '07 dollars, millions." 22 A. Within that 698 million that were not 22 Do you see that block? 23 resolved, that we described to the Commission and 23 A. I do see that block. 24 24 explained what gave rise to those costs, and that Q. At the time that the company -- that SCE&G 25 they were disputed dollars that we expected to be 25 was preparing its 2015 PSC filing, had you reviewed Page 217 Page 215 1 resolved in the future. 1 this spreadsheet? 2 A. I don't --Q. So SCE&G was telling the Commission that 3 3 it's not letting the consortium off the hook for MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the those costs, correct? 4 MR. WATKINS: Objection. 5 5 THE WITNESS: I don't recall reviewing 6 THE WITNESS: Well, let me try this again. 6 this spreadsheet or seeing it. 7 We believed they were legitimate costs of 7 BY MR. COX: 8 completing the project. The dispute arose as to 8 Q. Did SCE&G file an update filing in 9 who was responsible for paying the cost. 9 February 2015, to your knowledge? 10 And we had not agreed to let Westinghouse A. We filed an update in 2015. My memory 11 "off the hook" as you -- as you stated, for 11 tells me it was filed in March. I don't remember the 12 those costs without going through the process of 12 exact date, but my memory tells me it was in March, 13 negotiating that. 13 not February. 14 BY MR. COX: 14 Q. That's my understanding as well. 15 Q. So my question for you is: There was no 15 The bottom left-hand corner includes a 16 reason that SCE&G was barred from telling the 16 block labeled "Total EPC target and T&M increase 17 Commission that it anticipated the likely EPC cost to request." 17 be greater than Westinghouse estimated, but that 18 Do you see that row? 19 19 SCE&G wasn't going to pay for those higher costs? A. I'm not sure where you're looking. 20 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 20 Q. The bottom row of the chart on the bottom 21 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 21 left corner? 22 22 A. Okay. question.

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Page: 61 (214 - 217)

25 million -- 372,000.

and oranges.

THE WITNESS: I think you're mixing apples

I mean, the cost included in the

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Q. What is the dollar figure in that row?

A. The dollar figure says 900 -- it must be

Page 218 Page 220 Q. And that's represented here in this chart I can agree that there's a mathematical 2 as a -- the total EPC target and T&M increase 2 difference between those numbers, but I can't draw request, correct? 3 any correlation between those numbers and to say 4 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 4 they're related. 5 THE WITNESS: Yeah. I can -- I can tell 5 Q. Okay. And if you go to the top of page 6 you that that's what's in this block. 6 Exhibit 9, the top of the chart, there's some rows on 7 I don't believe that's the number we the far left. The top row is labeled --8 8 included in the increase request. I don't --MR. WATKINS: I think he's referring to 9 9 I'm not familiar with this schedule. I don't Exhibit 9, which is --10 know who prepared it or on what basis it was 10 THE WITNESS: Oh, this one. I'm sorry. 11 prepared. 11 I'm looking at the wrong exhibit. 12 12 BY MR. COX: I can confirm to you that's what that 13 block says, but I -- I don't know who prepared 13 Q. The very top of the document says: this and what was done with it. 14 "Potential target cost remaining as of BY MR. COX: February 2015." 15 15 16 Q. And that's my understanding, too, that 16 Do you see that, Mr. Marsh? it's not the figure that was included in SCE&G's 17 17 A. Yes, I do. 2015 PSC filing. 18 18 Q. And then it says: "Revision 1.0 prepared 19 by KJB/WMC/KRK February 24th, 2012." 19 If you turn back to Exhibit 8, page 60, 20 I'd like to compare the numbers in this chart. 20 Do you see that? 21 On Exhibit 8, page 60, the total EPC cost 21 A. I do see those initials. Q. Do you know whether KJB are the initials 22 adjustment in SCE&G's filing with the Commission was 22 453.1 million, correct? 23 23 of Kenneth Browne? 24 24 A. That's correct. MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 25 25 THE WITNESS: I don't know that So you would -- would you agree that the Page 219 Page 221 1 total EPC target and T&M increase request number on definitively. I can tell you that K and B match 1 2 Exhibit 9 is about \$500 million more than the total 2 up with Kenneth and Browne, but I don't know 3 EPC cost adjustment on Exhibit 8, page 60? that definitively. MR. WATKINS: Objection --4 BY MR. COX: 5 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. Q. Okay. And "KRK," the initials match up 6 MR. WATKINS: -- to the form of the with Mr. Kochems, correct? 7 question. 7 A. Yes, they do. 8 MR. CHALLY: Just to make sure the 8 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 9 record's clear, are we just asking him to 9 BY MR. COX: 10 compare this number on Exhibit 9 to what's on 10 Q. And "WMC" matches with William Cherry --11 page 60 of your testimony? 11 Marion Cherry, correct? 12 12 BY MR. COX: MR. CHALLY: Object to form. THE WITNESS: They could. I mean, I 13 Q. Did you understand the question, 13 14 Mr. Marsh? 14 accept that the initials match, beginning and ending numbers. I don't know about the middle. 15 A. I believe I understood what you were 15 asking. I can tell you, mathematically, there's a 16 BY MR. COX: 16 17 difference between those two numbers. 17 Q. Okay. Fair enough. Q. And what's the difference in those two 18 18 Below that, there's a row labeled "Craft labor costs," and then below that is a row labeled 19 numbers? 20 A. Let's see. 952 less 453. If I've done my 20 "Direct craft labor." 21 math right, it's a little less than 500 million. 21 Do you see that? 22 I don't -- I don't know that those numbers 22 A. I do see that. 23 Q. And then if you go to the right there, 23 are apples-to-apples. As I said earlier, I'm not 24 familiar with this analysis. I don't know who 24 there's a column with the number 13,106,633. 25 prepared it or what -- what was done with it. 25 Do you see that? Page: 62 (218 - 221)

Page 222 Page 224 1 A. I do see that. 1 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 2 2 Q. And if you go to the row below that, THE WITNESS: I was made aware by Steve there's a number in yellow labeled 1.55. 3 Byrne as part of his review of the information 4 Do you see that? that that was their -- their goal that was 5 A. I do see that. 5 included in the estimated update. 6 Q. And then to the right, it says: 6 BY MR. COX: "Performance factor, current ITD PF, recent PFs 7 Q. And did you become aware of whether the closer to 2.0." 8 consortium had met that goal? 9 9 Do you see that? A. I was not responsible for monitoring the 10 A. I do see that. 10 performance factor, so I don't -- I don't recall any 11 Q. Were you aware at the time that you 11 specific amounts at a certain -- or a specific number provided testimony to the Commission in 2015 that 12 as of a specific date. members of the SCE&G EAC team had calculated the cost 13 Q. So it's possible that you never became 13 to complete the project with a higher PF factor than 14 14 aware of whether the consortium had met its promise 15 the consortium was providing to SCE&G? 15 to the -- SCE&G that it would get its PF factor to 16 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 16 1.15 in six months? 17 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 17 A. I don't recall a specific discussion. I THE WITNESS: What I recall is what I told 18 18 do recall including the fact that the consortium had 19 you earlier, that I knew the EAC team, as part not met its performance factors to date was included 20 of their review of the information provided to 20 in Steve Byrne's testimony, I don't remember any 21 us by the consortium, made a mathematical details other than -- other than that. 22 calculation of the potential impact if 22 Q. SCE&G's testimony to the Commission in 23 performance factors did not change, based on 23 2015 did not reveal that the consortium had informed 24 what had been represented to us, that consortium SCE&G that it would get its PF factor to 1.15 six 25 believed it could achieve as part of its 25 months after August 2014, did it? Page 223 Page 225 construction plan. 1 MR. WATKINS: Object to form. 1 BY MR. COX: 2 MR. CHALLY: Objection. THE WITNESS: I don't recall if that was 3 Q. And were you made aware of what the 3 included in specific testimony. financial calculation they reached, based on that 4 estimate, was? 5 I do recall that the issue around A. I don't recall a particular number 6 performance factor was clearly addressed, and I believe Steve Byrne addressed the risk around 7 associated with the calculation. 7 Q. So you don't recall if you were ever 8 performance factor and the potential impact that 9 could have on cost and schedule. informed what their calculation was of their cost to 10 BY MR. COX: 10 complete the project based on that PF that they used? 11 MR. WATKINS: Objection. Form. 11 Q. Your testimony to the Commission in 2015 12 THE WITNESS: I don't recall. 12 did not reveal that the consortium had informed SCE&G that it would get its PF factor to 1.15 within six 13 BY MR. COX: 14 Q. Were you present at the meeting where the 14 months after August 2014, did it? consortium informed SCE&G, in 2014, what it believed MR. WATKINS: Objection. 15 15 16 the anticipated cost to complete the project were? 16 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 17 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 17 THE WITNESS: I don't think my testimony 18 THE WITNESS: I don't recall how that 18 included any specific numbers to that effect. 19 information was communicated to us. I know they 19 The purpose of my testimony was to 20 shared that information with us, but I don't 20 introduce the case before the Commission and 21 recall the fashion in which we received it. 21 identify for the Commission the witnesses that 22 BY MR. COX: 22 would be addressing the detail project information with respect to performance 23 Q. Were you aware in 2014 that the consortium 23 24 had informed SCE&G that it would get its monthly PT 24 factor -- that was done, I believe, by Steve 25 factor to 1.15 within six months of August of 2014? 25 Byrne, Carlette Walker, and maybe Ron Jones

Page: 63 (222 - 225)

Kevin Marsh					
	Page 226		Page 228		
1	also, as part of their direct testimony.	1	through -15658. It's entitled "V.C. Summer Units 2		
2	But that was not the intent of my	2	and 3 2014 EAC analysis and discussion of cost		
3	testimony was to specifically address that	3	changes."		
4	issue.	4	MR. CHALLY: I'm not sure that his Bates		
5	BY MR. COX:	5	label was the same as yours.		
6	Q. Do you believe SCE&G's testimony should	6	THE WITNESS: My Bates label is different		
7	have revealed to the Commission that the consortium	7	than yours.		
8	had told SCE&G that it would get its PF factor to	8	MR. CHALLY: But let's		
9	1.15 within six months after August 2014?	9	THE WITNESS: The title is the same.		
10	MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	10	MR. CHALLY: Let's break		
11	MR. WATKINS: I object to the form of that	11	MR. COX: Let me get the		
12	question.	12	MR. WATKINS: It could be the wrong		
13	THE WITNESS: Based on what we knew at the	13	document.		
14	time, I felt it was important and appropriate	14	MR. COX: the marked number on the		
15	for us to identify the issue around performance	15	record.		
16	factor. And we clearly did that in the	16	So the marked version of the document is		
17	testimony we provided the Commission.	17	SCANA_RP0021577 through -1583.		
18	BY MR. COX:	18	And we'll go off the record.		
19	Q. Is there a reason that SCE&G did not	19	MR. CHALLY: Let's take a break. Thank		
20	reveal in its testimony to the Commission in 2015	20	you.		
21	that the consortium had told SCE&G that it would get	21	VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 3:18 p.m., and		
22	its performance factor to 1.5 [sic] within six months	22	we're off the record.		
23	of August of 2014?	23	(A recess transpired from 3:18 p.m. until		
24	MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	24	3:32 p.m.)		
25	MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the	25	VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 3:32 p.m., and		
	Daga 227		B 220		
	Page 227		Page 229		
1	question.	1	Page 229 we're back on record.		
1 2	_		-		
	question.		we're back on record.		
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2 3	question. THE WITNESS: I wasn't responsible for the testimony on performance factor.	2	we're back on record. BY MR. COX: Q. Mr. Marsh, we've had labeled Exhibit 10 to		
2 3 4	question. THE WITNESS: I wasn't responsible for the testimony on performance factor. For my role as CEO, as Mr. Byrne and the	2 3 4	we're back on record. BY MR. COX: Q. Mr. Marsh, we've had labeled Exhibit 10 to your deposition, this seven-page document.		
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Page 230 Page 232 1 requested to support the original presentation, end 1 that the performance factor continued to be a 2 risk based on our knowledge of the project. 3 Do you have any reason to doubt that the 3 BY MR. COX: 4 owners' EAC review team conducted a detailed review 4 Q. Wouldn't you agree, Mr. Marsh, that of the data that was presented to them? 5 there's a difference between something being a 6 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 6 challenge or a risk and something not being 7 THE WITNESS: I don't have a reason not to 7 achievable? 8 8 believe that. My understanding is that's what MR. CHALLY: Objection to form. 9 9 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the they were assigned to do. 10 BY MR. COX: 10 11 Q. Page 2 of this document, the very bottom 11 THE WITNESS: I mean, certainly, those are 12 different terms. of page 2, there's a sentence at the bottom of page 2 13 that begins, quote, In the four subsequent months 13 BY MR. COX: 14 Q. If you had known that the owners' EAC team 14 since receipt of the EAC, the ITD PF has increased 15 had concluded that the consortium's estimated PF was 15 steadily from 1.45 to the current value due to 16 monthly values of 1.97 for August, 1.95 for 16 not achievable prior to your Commission testimony in 17 2015, would you have had the company, SCE&G, disclose September, 1.91 for October, and 2.48 for November, 17 18 end quote. 18 that to the Commission? MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 19 Were you aware of that fact prior to your 19 20 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 20 testimony to the Commission in 2015? 21 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 21 question. 22 22 THE WITNESS: From my perspective, it was MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 23 THE WITNESS: As I stated earlier, I don't 23 critical that we disclosed performance factor as 24 24 an issue and as a risk and its potential impact recall receiving this document. 25 25 I also don't recall being informed by the on the schedule and cost, which we did in our Page 231 Page 233 nuclear team or leadership that these were the testimony. 1 1 2 PF numbers for those months. 2 Again, I don't recall receiving this BY MR. COX: 3 3 document. I don't know what discussions may or Q. Did you ask the nuclear leadership team 4 may not have taken place once this was presented what the PF factor was since the consortium's EAC 5 to whoever it may have been presented to. estimate in August 2014? 6 I don't -- I don't know the date this was 7 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 7 presented. I just -- I don't know enough 8 THE WITNESS: I don't believe I did. I 8 information about this or recall having seen it to reach any conclusions other than the fact 9 9 don't recall asking them that. 10 10 BY MR. COX: that performance factor was an issue, and we 11 Q. The next sentence at the top of page 3 11 disclosed that. 12 BY MR. COX: says, quote, In its EAC, the consortium assumed that 12 the project would reach a goal PF of 1.15 within six 13 Q. I'll represent to you that this document months. This does not appear to be achievable, end 14 was attached to an e-mail that was dated May 5th, 15 quote. 15 2015, which was prior to your Commission testimony 16 Were you aware at the time that you 16 that's -- was labeled as an exhibit to your 17 testified before the Commission in 2015 that the 17 deposition. 18 owners' EAC team had concluded that the consortium's 18 And I'd like for you to assume for 19 estimate of PF did not appear to be achievable? 19 purposes of my question that the EAC owners' team had 20 20 concluded in May 2015 that the consortium's PF MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 21 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 21 estimate was not achievable. 22 THE WITNESS: Again, I don't recall 22 Given that assumption, do you believe that 23 receiving this document. 23 the -- if that assumption was true, that the owners' 24 I do remember in discussions that I 24 team had reached that conclusion in May 2015, that alluded to earlier in preparation of testimony 25 SCE&G should have disclosed that fact to the

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Page 234 Page 236 1 Commission? 1 BY MR. COX: 2 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. Q. And I appreciate that, Mr. Marsh. And I 3 3 think sometimes it's natural for a witness to kind of MR. WATKINS: Objection to form of the 4 request. That's --4 cut to the chase and get to what the witness feels is 5 the question. THE WITNESS: I think you're --6 MR. WATKINS: That's a hypothetical. And 6 I'm not sure that really answered my 7 7 question. So I just want to go back to it. I object to the extent it calls for a legal 8 conclusion as well. I'm not asking you what the company 9 concluded with respect to whether the -- whether it THE WITNESS: Your question includes 10 10 believed that the consortium's PF factor was speculation -- would require me to speculate as 11 to what I think the company might have done. 11 achievable or not. 12 12 I -- I don't know. I believe the issue In fact, just to follow up on that, 13 with performance factor was very well disclosed 13 sitting here today, you're not aware of whether 14 SCE&G's EAC team concluded that the consortium's PF and the risks associated were very well 15 disclosed. estimate was achievable or not, correct? 15 16 I don't -- as I said earlier, this is a 16 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 17 document that states it was from the EAC team. 17 THE WITNESS: I don't recall, based on 18 I don't know what discussions came after this. 18 this document or other documents you have shown 19 But I do know, you know, based on the 19 me, that they concluded that. 20 20 BY MR. COX: company's evaluation of information we knew at 21 the time, what was included in the filing. And 21 Q. Is that something you would have wanted to 22 22 know as the CEO of SCE&G prior to the 2015 testimony, we believe that to be accurate and pertinent 23 23 if that had been concluded? information relative to the project. 24 24 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. MR. CHALLY: Can we take a break? 25 25 MR. COX: Go off the record. MR. WATKINS: Objection. Page 235 Page 237 VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record at 3:39 p.m. THE WITNESS: In my role as CEO, I wanted 1 1 2 2 (A recess transpired from 3:39 p.m. until to make sure that our testimony before the 3 3 Commission included appropriate information to 3:41 p.m.) VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 3:41 p.m., and 4 4 update relative to cost and schedule and 5 we are back on the record. 5 identify risks associated with any assumptions BY MR. COX: 6 that were made in achieving those dates or those 7 7 Q. Mr. Marsh, it's correct that SCE&G did not costs. reveal to the Commission in 2015 -- strike that. 8 BY MR. COX: 9 It's correct, Mr. Marsh, that in its 2015 Q. And if the owners' EAC team had included 10 filing with the Commission, SCE&G did not state that 10 that the consortium's PF estimate was not achievable, it believed that the PF factor estimated by the 11 is that a fact that you would have liked to have 12 12 known? consortium was not achievable? 13 13 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 14 MR. CHALLY: I'm sorry. Can you please 14 THE WITNESS: Just because the EAC team 15 15 give me one second? had an opinion, you know, I don't know that 16 MR. COX: Yeah. 16 senior management would have concluded that that 17 17 MR. CHALLY: Okay. Go ahead. was the right opinion. 18 THE WITNESS: I don't recall that the 18 I can't speculate as to what was done. 19 19 company had concluded that. All I know is what was presented in the filing 20 20 And in preparation of the testimony, we based on information, you know, I heard 21 provided what we believed was the most accurate 21 discussed in preparation of the testimony and I 22 information available at the time and the risks 22 recall. 23 23 I don't -- I don't recall this document. associated, specifically with the performance 24 factor, in our testimony. 24 I don't recall this discussion. 25 25 As I have reviewed it, it appears to me

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Page 238 Page 240 1 that the EAC team or the team that's presenting 1 filing with the Commission, SCE&G did not state that 2 this is identifying areas for which we had 2 it believed that the PF factor estimated by the 3 3 consortium was not achievable? disputes with the consortium as to whether or 4 not we should or should not pay for costs A. I don't recall all the specific testimony. 5 5 I know Mr. Byrne testified that it was a associated with completing the project. 6 They also say -- and this is their 6 significant risk for the project. It could have an 7 7 impact on schedule and cost. quote -- "The owner believes that CB&I should 8 only be entitled to recovery of a reasonable PF Q. It's correct that your testimony to the 9 Commission did not reveal or did not state that SCE&G like the one assumed in the EAC." 10 So, I mean, it sounds like, to me, they 10 had concluded that the PF factor that the consortium 11 believe that's an appropriate number that we had estimated was not achievable? 12 12 should hold them accountable to, which is MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 13 exactly what we did. 13 THE WITNESS: My understanding is that was 14 not the purpose of my testimony. It was to talk They went to the Commission and said, 14 15 "This is the number they've given us. They've 15 in detail about the project and specific 16 talked about what they expect to do to mitigate 16 project-related matters. 17 17 That was to be included in Mr. Byrne's the current PF and improve it, but it's a risk." 18 And that was covered in Steve Byrne's 18 testimony, and that's what he addressed in his 19 testimony --19 testimony before the Commission. 20 20 BY MR. COX: MR. COX: Could you read the question 21 Q. And I'm --21 back? 22 22 A. -- at length. (Whereupon the Court Reporter read the 23 23 Q. And, Mr. Marsh, I'm not asking you about previous question.) 24 BY MR. COX: 24 any of those --25 25 MR. WATKINS: Mr. Marsh, did you complete Q. Can you answer that question? Page 241 Page 239 your answer there? I just want to make sure we MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 1 1 2 2 question. got that down. 3 3 In addition to the previous objection, Were you still talking? 4 THE WITNESS: I was through. 4 it's now been asked and answered. 5 MR. WATKINS: Okay. 5 THE WITNESS: I -- as I said, I don't BY MR. COX: 6 believe my testimony was intended to cover the 7 Q. Mr. Marsh, I'm not asking you about the 7 detail aspects of the construction project. And disputes with the consortium about who is going to 8 I don't -- I don't recall including any detailed 9 information regarding performance factor in my pay for costs. That's not the thrust of my question. 10 testimony. 10 I think you said that senior management 11 could disagree with the EAC team about whether the 11 BY MR. COX: 12 consortium's PF estimate was achievable or not, 12 Q. And that would include any discussion 13 correct? 13 about whether SCE&G had concluded that the PF factor 14 MR. WATKINS: Objection. 14 estimated by the consortium was not achievable, 15 THE WITNESS: They are certainly entitled 15 correct? 16 to their opinion. 16 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 17 17 You know, the filing before the Commission question. 18 is a -- it's a legal filing. I don't -- I don't 18 THE WITNESS: I don't recall addressing 19 19 recall all of the legal ramifications for what performance factor in detail in my testimony. 20 20 could or could not be included in a filing. I (Exhibit 11 was marked for identification.) 21 just think there are a number of issues that 21 BY MR. COX: 22 would have to be considered before you would 22 Q. Mr. Marsh, I've had labeled as Exhibit 11 23 have changed what we filed with the Commission. 23 to your deposition an e-mail exchange dated 24 BY MR. COX: 24 November 9th and November 10th, 2014, Bates-marked Q. It's correct, Mr. Marsh, that in its 2015 25 SCANA_RP0850425.

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Page 242 Page 244 It involves you, Mr. Addison, and 1 probably should have said "There will be more 2 Ms. Walker. 2 discussions to come but can't predict the outcome. Go ahead and take a moment to review this 3 We should not get into the details of the discussions document if you like. 4 to date." 5 MR. CHALLY: Yeah. We want to take a 5 Q. So you're telling Ms. Walker that she 6 quick break on this one. 6 should not get into the details of the EAC 7 MR. COX: Off the record. discussions that SCE&G has had with the consortium to VIDEOGRAPHER: Time is 3:49 p.m., and we 8 date, correct? 9 9 are off the record. A. That's what I said. 10 10 (A recess transpired from 3:49 p.m. until Q. Why didn't you want to get into the 11 4:00 p.m.) details of the discussion to date or provide those 12 VIDEOGRAPHER: Time is 4:00 p.m., and we details to ORS? 13 are back on the record. 13 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 14 BY MR. COX: MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 14 15 Q. Mr. Marsh, have you had a chance to review 15 question. 16 Exhibit 11 to your deposition? 16 THE WITNESS: From reading the e-mail, it 17 A. Yes, I have. 17 appears that Carlette is looking for some 18 Q. Have you ever seen this document before? 18 guidance on what she can share with Dukes Scott 19 A. It didn't refresh my memory from seeing 19 because we're preparing to file our quarterly 20 it. I don't recall seeing it before. 20 BLRA report with the Office of Regulatory Staff. 21 Q. This e-mail exchange begins with a message 21 We don't -- Dukes is considered to be the from Carlette Walker to Jimmy Addison. 22 22 public, and we didn't believe it was appropriate 23 23 And in the message, Carlette Walker says, for her to share any information that would have 24 24 quote, Dukes has specifically indicated that he been in that report until it were filed and it wanted me to provide him with updates on the EAC and 25 was a public document. Page 245 Page 243 1 the delay negotiations, end quote. So we're on the verge of filing that 1 2 2 Did I read that correctly? report. We don't believe she should share any 3 A. Yes, you did. 3 information in that report. Q. Do you know who Dukes is? 4 With respect to negotiations, we made our A. Dukes, I believe, is referring to Dukes 5 best effort to give Dukes an update on, you 6 Scott, who is the executive director of the Office of 6 know, where we were with the consortium. Regulatory Staff. 7 Just based on what it says here, we had Q. And Mr. Addison responded to Ms. Walker's 8 had one initial meeting and are still having e-mail and copied you as well; is that correct? 9 discussions. "They canceled the meeting last 10 10 A. That is correct. week because they were not ready." 11 Q. And at the end of Mr. Addison's message, 11 And it was my opinion that there would be 12 he says, quote, Kevin, I'll copy you in case you can 12 more discussions to come, but it was too early go ahead and provide Carlette any feedback on the 13 for me to predict the outcome. 14 negotiation points, end quote. 14 So we are still in active discussions --15 15 And then you respond, it looks like the this would have been in November -- with the 16 next day, and you say -- actually, can you just read 16 consortium about the EAC. 17 17 And I didn't have -- I don't think the your response there? 18 18 company had any definitive information that A. This is my response to Jimmy Addison with 19 a copy to Carlette Walker regarding her meeting with 19 would have resulted in a resolution at that 20 the Office of Regulatory Staff: "I talked with Kenny 20 point. And that's what we asked her to relay to 21 this morning, and we believe the message to ORS 21 Dukes. 22 should be that we have had one initial meeting with 22 BY MR. COX: 23 the consortium and are still having discussions. Q. This e-mail, Exhibit 11, it occurred after 24 They canceled the meeting last week because they were 24 the presentation that -- the PowerPoint presentation

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25 not ready. I believe" -- it says "there more." It

25 that's provided in Exhibit 7 to your deposition; is

Kevin Marsh					
	Page 246		Page 248		
1	that correct?	1	I mean, my door is open. She could have		
2	A. Which one was Exhibit 7?	2	come to me at any time, but we didn't have any		
3	You said to my testimony?	3	regularly scheduled come-give-me-update		
4	Q. To your deposition.	4	meetings.		
5	A. Oh.	5	BY MR. COX:		
6	Q. Just look for Exhibit 7 in there.	6	Q. Was she seeking in those meetings to get		
7	A. I should have done a better job of keeping	7	your approval as the CEO, or was it feedback from you		
8	them in order.	8	as an accountant?		
9	MR. WATKINS: This one is 7.	9	MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the		
10	THE WITNESS: Here it is. I think that's	10	question.		
11	it, 7.	11	THE WITNESS: Okay. In the example I gave		
12	What was the question again?	12	you, in my view, it was more as a CPA and		
13	BY MR. COX:	13	someone who had made many calculations in my		
14	Q. This e-mail, Exhibit 11, it occurred after	14	history, just to validate her theory as to how a		
15	the presentation that's provided in Exhibit 7 to your	15	number should be calculated.		
16	deposition; is that correct?	16	I just remember specifically it related to		
17	MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	17	one of our earlier change orders and how		
18	MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the	18	escalation was to be calculated. That's the		
19	question.	19	example that comes to mind.		
20	THE WITNESS: I can confirm that the date	20	BY MR. COX:		
21	of the e-mail is later than the date included on	21	Q. What was your impression of her as an		
22	the cover page of the presentation.	22	employee?		
23	BY MR. COX:	23	MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the		
24	Q. SCE&G never provided ORS with a copy of	24	question.		
25	Exhibit 7, did it?	25	THE WITNESS: Carlette was a CPA. She was		
	Page 247		Page 249		
1	MR. WATKINS: Object to the form of the	1	a she was a capable accountant. She was		
2	question.	2	outspoken. She was aggressive and, at times, if		
3	THE WITNESS: I don't know.	3	she was upset, could be combative in her		
4	BY MR. COX:	4	relationships with others around the company.		
5	Q. SCE&G never provided Exhibit 7 to the	5	BY MR. COX:		
6	Commission; is that correct?	6	Q. What did you think about her work as an		
7	A. I don't know.	7	accountant for the company, quality of the work?		
8	MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the	8	MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the		
9	question.	9	question.		
10	BY MR. COX:	10	THE WITNESS: I never I never		
11	Q. How much, or I should say, how often did	11	supervised Carlette's work directly as an		
12	you interact with Carlette Walker?	12	accountant, but I to my knowledge, she was a		
13	MR. WATKINS: Object to the form of the	13	capable accountant.		
14	question.	14	I mean, she was a CPA, and I believe that		
15	THE WITNESS: I didn't I didn't keep a	15	established some baseline of qualifications for		
16	log. I've known Carlette for a long time. At	16	her, for her work.		
17	any time, she could pick up the phone and call	17	BY MR. COX:		
18	me. You know, we met from time to time on	18	Q. Was it concerning to you that she was		
19	issues that she had at the plant regarding	19	outspoken?		
20	disputes with the consortium about how a	20	MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.		
21	calculation was made.	21	THE WITNESS: No. We we put her		
22	When there was some theory involved that	22	Bill Timmerman, who was the CEO, decided to put		
23	involved more accounting and finance, she would	23	her at the plant site because of her		
24	sometimes come to me and get me to validate some	24	personality. He wanted to make sure we had some		
25	of her calculations.	25	at the plant someone at the plant site that		

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1 would challenge numbers or payments or invoices 2 that came in from the consortium.

BY MR. COX:

6

Q. Why did -- to your knowledge, do you know 5 why Ms. Walker left employment at SCANA?

A. I can't point to any particular reason. I

know she came to see me -- let me back up.

She had gone through a performance

appraisal with Jimmy Addison in the fall of 2015.

10 Jimmy had come to me and said that Carlette was upset

with some of the issues he had raised in the -- in

the performance evaluation.

13 And Jimmy told her, "I understand you may disagree. You feel free to go see Kevin and raise 14 your concerns if you want to raise those to him." 15

16 I recall Jimmy telling me, "Expect a call 17 from her."

18 I think I did -- I do recall receiving a call, and we may have actually set up an appointment. 20 It was late in the week.

21 But before we met, she called Jimmy back and said, "I don't need to see Kevin. I was -- I was 22 wrong in my comments. You and Kevin have been 23

supportive of me and my career, and I appreciate the

opportunities you've given me, and I don't need to

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25

And I did not meet with her.

Later in 2015 -- I believe it was over the

Christmas holidays of 2015, I got a very angry text 5 message from Carlette, unlike any text message I had

6 ever gotten from her before. I don't remember all of

7 the details, but I recall it had to do with the

8 company's disclosures -- I believe it had to do with

9 the company's disclosures regarding the nuclear

10 project, and she was extremely upset, used some foul

language in the text message that I recall, and said

12 she wanted to meet with me.

1 meet with Kevin."

2

13 I texted her back, indicated I would meet 14 with her immediately.

15 And she responded and said, "No. We can 16 get together after the first of the year."

17 So as soon as I got back to the office in

18 January, I set up an appointment with Carlette.

19 And she came to -- came to see me. And 20 from what I -- what I recall of the conversation was

21 she was extremely upset. She believed that our

22 disclosures around the nuclear project were not

23 appropriate and not accurate and that, you know, she

24 didn't believe that -- that Jimmy Addison, Jeff

25 Archie, and Marty Phalen were trustworthy and that I

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1 should fire all three of them immediately.

2 That didn't seem logical to me at the

3 time, but -- it seemed a little irrational, but I

4 wanted to make sure I understood what was driving her

concern, and I asked her about that.

6 And she proceeded to tell me about a

7 meeting she had with Jimmy, Marty Phalen -- Jimmy

Addison, Marty Phalen, and Jeff Archie. It was

regarding a personnel matter at the nuclear plant in

an area of the -- of Unit 1's operation -- not the

construction site, but Unit 1 -- because Carlette

12 also had responsibility for Unit 1.

It regarded an issue related to an 13

14 employee that Carlette believes pay grade -- or the

value associated with her job had not been calculated

appropriately and needed to be reviewed. 16

17 It was explained -- I don't recall who

explained it to Carlette, but as I was informed by

Marty Phalen -- and I knew the policy because it was

20 a company policy -- if a job is taken up for review

and the salary is reviewed and it comes back that the

pay should be increased or the range should be

23 increased, the employee may or may not get an

24 adjustment in their pay.

If the evaluation comes back and it's

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1 lower, the range is lower than the employee is

2 making, I recall the policy says you'll be adjusted

down immediately to the top end of that range.

So you had a risk when you took a job up 5 for evaluation because you didn't know what the

6 answer would be.

And she had been advised, as I was told by

8 Marty, not sure you really want to do this. It could

9 come back on the negative side, and then we'll have

10 to adjust the salary. But she insisted that -- based

11 on what Marty had told me, she insisted on going

12 forward with the interview -- I mean, with the

evaluation. 13

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14 When the evaluation came back, it was

15 lower, significantly lower than the employee was

making. And that employee's current pay was adjusted

down to the top end of the range associated with that

18 job -- or was going to be adjusted to the top end of

19 that range. I don't know when it was adjusted.

20 She was very angry about that. She went

21 through an appeals process that is available in the

company for someone to review decisions that are

made. The appeal came to my office. 23

Under the policy, my understanding was I 25 could delegate someone in the organization to hear

Kevin Marsh Page 254 Page 256 1 the appeal rather than myself. I chose to do that. With respect to the issues related to 2 I felt like Jimmy Addison would be the appropriate 2 disclosures, when she left, I took that as 3 person. I knew Jimmy to be very fair, very rational, 3 information and told her I felt obligated to follow 4 and one that would listen to all the facts and base 4 up on that. 5 his conclusions on information that was presented and 5 Based on what she had told me, I immediately called Ron Lindsay, our general counsel, 6 come up with the right answer. 7 My understanding is he did that and 7 and I said, "Ron" --8 concluded that the actions that were taken were MR. CHALLY: Mr. Marsh, I want to just 9 consistent with the company's policies and that interrupt you. 10 Carlette was aware of the risk associated with that 10 As to your discussions with lawyers 11 and the decision reached was appropriate. 11 representing SCANA, I'm fine if you generally 12 12 She relayed to me a meeting she had with describe the substance of what you sought their 13 Jimmy Addison, Marty Phalen, and Jeff Archie. And 13 advice on, but don't disclose in detail the what -- when she was to communicate to the employee 14 14 conversation that you had with those lawyers that was going to be affected. 15 15 related to the topic. 16 And she -- I don't recall -- she said she 16 THE WITNESS: All right. was treated very ugly in that meeting. She did not 17 17 MR. WATKINS: Do you understand that, or like the way she was treated in that meeting based on 18 do you want to take a break to understand the the way she presented that discussion that took 19 nature of what you can testify about in terms of 20 20 place. discussion with counsel? 21 I told her that, as I told any employee 21 THE WITNESS: I believe I do. 22 that came into my office, you brought me a set of 22 MR. CHALLY: Yeah. facts. You have given me your side of the story. I 23 MR. WATKINS: Okay. now feel obligated to look at the other side of the 24 THE WITNESS: I believe I do. 25 25 story. As the CEO, we had in place a corporate Page 255 Page 257 So with respect to that human resources compliance program whereby if employees believed 1 1 2 issue, I went to Marty Phalen and asked him, "Tell me 2 anyone or anything was not appropriate that was what went on in this meeting." 3 being done by the company, you could raise that He described to me where they had 4 to your immediate supervisor, the corporate 5 explained to Carlette how they had reached the 5 compliance officer, or the general counsel. decision. It had gone through review process, and 6 I passed that issue on to general counsel the conclusion had been reached that the action taken 7 for appropriate action. would be appropriate. 8 BY MR. COX: She again -- he said she didn't agree with 9 Q. What did Ms. Walker tell you in that 10

the conclusion had been reached that the action take
would be appropriate.
She again -- he said she didn't agree with
it and said she was going to go back and tell the
employee that "HR had decided to cut your salary."
Marty said -- Marty told me, he said,
"Now, wait a minute. You're an officer of the
company. You've got to represent the process and
explain the process and not blame it on an

individual. We went through the right process. And
 that's what you need to explain to the employee."
 She didn't like that answer. She was - Marty said she was very upset, and I believe she
 continued to be upset about that when she came to see
 me because she relayed that -- said, "I don't have
 any trust in Jimmy Addison, Marty Phalen, or Jeff
 Archie" -- because he also worked up at the nuclear
 plant -- and said, "I think you should terminate all

9 Q. What did Ms. Walker tell you in that 10 meeting about her dissatisfaction with the company's 11 disclosures about the project? 12 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.

MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: I don't remember the
details. I recall that it had to do with
disclosures.

16 BY MR. COX:

21

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17 Q. SEC disclosures?

18 A. I don't recall the specific details. I

19 just -- I remember it had to do with disclosures, and

20 I wanted to make sure it was appropriately addressed.

Q. You don't remember what her problem was

22 with the disclosures?

MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. Asked and answered.

and answered.

THE WITNESS: I don't recall the details.

25 three of them."

Kevin Marsh Page 258 Page 260 1 BY MR. COX: 1 and expressed concerns about her personal health. Q. Do you recall anything more than she She -- she updated me on health issues her 3 husband was having, which she believed could be didn't -- or wasn't happy with the disclosures? 4 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 4 life-threatening. She informed me that she was 5 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 5 losing 15 pounds a month because she was -- she was 6 question. 6 upset just over the issues she had described to me 7 7 earlier. THE WITNESS: I don't recall any more 8 8 detail about the conversation. We -- I asked her if she was getting -- if 9 she was talking to someone to address those issues, 9 BY MR. COX: 10 Q. How did you make sure it was appropriately 10 and she said she was. 11 11 addressed? I asked her if it would help her for me to 12 12 move her to a different responsibility within the MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 13 13 organization; if she thought that would help her question. 14 address some of the health issues. 14 THE WITNESS: I turned it over to general 15 counsel to address the issue. I don't know that 15 She initially thought that it might, but 16 I can say any more than that. 16 later communicated back to me that she didn't want to 17 17 leave. She wanted to stay and see the project BY MR. COX: 18 Q. Did you get a report back from general through to completion. 19 counsel? 19 I took that information, and I met with 20 MR. CHALLY: Just to be clear, the 20 her another time. 21 question is: Did you get a report back, 21 She again relayed her health concerns and 22 Mr. Marsh? 22 losing all the weight she was losing each month, and 23 MR. WATKINS: So "yes" or "no" would be an 23 she couldn't afford to go on many months before she 24 24 appropriate answer here, but the substance of thought that would create a real issue for her. 25 25 I was concerned for her health. I had the communication would not be. Page 259 Page 261 THE WITNESS: Yes, I did get a report. 1 known Carlette since, I believe, it was 1984. I 1 BY MR. COX: 2 think she joined the company in 1983, and I joined in 3 **1984.** 3 Q. Was that written or oral? 4 A. It was oral. 4 I considered her a friend. I was Q. And that report doesn't jog your memory concerned for her health. And I told her that I was about what her concern was about the company's 6 going to put her on paid, full paid medical leave to 7 disclosures? give her a chance to step away and, you know, resolve 8 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 8 issues with her husband, hopefully, and also address 9 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of 9 the stress that was impacting her health and causing 10 that question. 10 her to lose 15 pounds a month. 11 THE WITNESS: I apologize, but I don't 11 She asked me, "How long will you do that?" 12 remember the details. It was regarding 12 And I said, I don't want to put a time 13 disclosures. I don't remember the specific 13 frame on it, but I want to do it as long as it takes 14 claims she made. 14 you to recover so that we can -- we can move forward 15 BY MR. COX: 15 and you can get well. 16 Q. Did you report back to Ms. Walker 16 She -- she left the meeting, and I believe that was the last meeting we had. 17 regarding the report that you received from general 17 18 counsel? I was informed -- I don't recall if it 18 19 A. I don't know that I did. 19 was -- if it was directly by her, but the company was 20 Ms. Walker came back to see me -- I'm 20 informed that she desired to retire, and she wanted going to go back and finish up. The question 21 to talk to company representatives about what that 22 relating to Carlette Walker leaving, I think, was the 22 would look like.

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She came back to me. I don't recall if we

25 had two or three meetings, but she came back to me

23 initial question we started on.

She had engaged -- she informed us she had

engaged outside counsel, and at that point, I steppedaside and turned it over to our legal department.

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13

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- Q. Were you involved in negotiating any agreements in connection with her retirement from the company?
- A. I was not involved with the negotiations
 of the amounts. General counsel or the
 representatives from the legal department would
 update me from time to time on where they were in
 negotiations and their thoughts. So I monitored that
- Q. Did you recommend that any provisions be placed in any agreement with her in connection with her retirement?
- MR. WATKINS: On that point, if you're talking about communications with counsel, again, I'll -- I'd counsel you not to disclose the substantive communications with counsel, whether they're giving you legal advice or you're seeking legal advice.
- But otherwise, you may answer.
- 20 BY MR. COX:
- Q. Let me strike the question.

based on what they told me.

- 22 A. Yeah. Okay.
- Q. Who were you dealing with at the company
- 24 in connection with Ms. Walker's agreement to retire
- 25 from the company?

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- A. I believe it was Jim Stuckey and Will Brumbach. I'm not sure I get his last name pronounced correctly.
- Q. Who is Will?
- A. He's an attorney who works in the general counsel's office.
- Q. Who signed the agreement for Ms. Walker toleave the company?
- 9 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.
- 10 THE WITNESS: I don't recall.
- 11 BY MR. COX:
- 12 Q. Wasn't you?
- 13 A. I don't know. I don't recall.
- Q. Going back to that communication you had
- 15 with Ms. Walker where she informed you about her
- 16 family's and her personal health issues, I just want
- 17 to close the loop about your recollection about her
- 18 concern about the company's disclosures.
- Do you not recall whether you ever briefed her on the report you received from SCE&G counsel
- 21 about her concerns?

22

- MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.
- 23 THE WITNESS: I don't recall sharing that 24 with her. I believe she indicated her desire to
 - retire before I got any feedback from the legal

- Page 264
- department. But I did inform her that I was -
 - that I was taking actions to evaluate and, you
- know, determine the basis for what she had told
 - me, whether it was accurate or inaccurate.
- 5 BY MR. COX:
- Q. After receiving the report back from thelegal department, did you have concerns about the
- 3 company's disclosures?
- 9 A. No, I did not.
- MR. WATKINS: When you're at a good breaking point, I could use a break. You don't need to stop a line of questioning, but I could
 - use a restroom break.
- MR. COX: I think I just have a couple more questions on this line.
- 16 BY MR. COX:
- 17 Q. Did you become aware at a certain point in
- 18 time about a voice mail that Ms. Walker left with
- .9 Marion Cherry?
- A. I recall seeing a newspaper article about
- 21 it. I believe it was in the Post and Courier.
- Q. Is that after you had retired from the
- 23 company?
- A. I believe it was. I don't recall the
- 25 specific date.

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- Q. So to your recollection, you weren't aware that voice mail at the time you were CEO, correct?
- 3 A. I don't recall hearing or being aware of
- 4 it.
- 5 Q. That text message that Ms. Walker left for
- ${\ensuremath{\mathsf{G}}}\xspace$ you around the holidays of 2015, did you save a copy
- 7 of it?
- 8 A. I did not personally save a copy of it,
- 9 no.

10

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- Q. Did anyone else save a copy of it?
- 11 A. The legal team may have saved a copy of
- 12 it. I don't have direct knowledge of that.
- But I know I did not personally save a
- 14 copy of it.
- Q. What makes you think that the legal team might have saved a copy of it?
- 17 MR. CHALLY: I'm just instructing
- 18 Mr. Marsh not to answer to the extent he's --
- would repeat communications he had with lawyers.
- 20 If you have some independent knowledge as 21 to why the legal department might have retained
- a document, you're free to provide that.
- THE WITNESS: I shared the text message with the legal department.

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1	BY MR. COX:	1	the project in 2015, did it?
2	Q. Are you aware of any other text messages	2	MR. WATKINS: Objection
3	that employees of SCANA or SCE&G received from	3	MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
4	Ms. Walker that expressed concern about the company's	4	MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.
5	disclosures?	5	THE WITNESS: The assessment being done by
6	A. I'm not aware of any. I don't recall any.	6	Bechtel was at the direction of George Wenick.
7	Q. Did you ever discuss with Mr. Addison	7	He had engaged them to do an assessment.
8	Ms. Walker's concerns about the company's	8	BY MR. COX:
9	disclosures?	9	Q. And I I I'm pretty certain that didn't
10	A. I may or may not have after the meeting I	10	answer my question.
11	had with Carlette. I just don't recall specifically.	11	And I I think I understand what your
12	MR. COX: Let's take a break and go off	12	answer would be to the question, but I just want to
13	the record.	13	have the answer on the record.
14	THE WITNESS: Okay.	14	I think you were explaining to me the
15	VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 4:29 p.m., and	15	reason that SCE&G did not reveal the Bechtel
16	we are off the record.	16	assessment to the Commission and I'm not putting
17	(A recess transpired from 4:29 p.m. until	17	words in your mouth. That's what I understand your
18	4:39 p.m.)	18	answer to be.
19	VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 4:39 p.m., and	19	But my question was just to establish the
20	we're back on the record.	20	fact of whether SCE&G informed the Commission that
21	MR. SOLOMONS: And before we get started	21	Bechtel was doing an assessment.
22	back with the questioning, I just wanted to put	22	And so I'm going to need to go back and
23	onto the record that Plaintiffs' counsel, due to	23	ask that question again just to get your answer to
24	the time constraints and the PSC proceeding,	24	that question on the record.
25	will not be asking questions today.	25	But isn't it true that SCE&G did not
	Page 267		Page 269
1	However, they are reserving their right to	1	inform the Commission that Bechtel had done an
2	either renotice in the Lightsey only or to	2	assessment of the project in 2015?
3	reconvene this deposition however counsel sees	3	MR. CHALLY: Object to form of the
4	fit. But we will not be asking questions today	4	question.
5	because of those time constraints.	5	MR. WATKINS: Object to the form of the
6	MR. CHALLY: Okay.	6	preamble as unnecessarily argumentative, and I
7	MR. SOLOMONS: And we have an	7	object to the form of the question as asked and
8	understanding with SCANA counsel I don't know	8	answered.
9	if I have that same understanding or cleared	9	THE WITNESS: As I stated, the company was
10	that yet with personal counsel but that is	10	not doing an assessment. So there wasn't I
11	our plan.	11	don't believe the company informed the
12	MR. CHALLY: The only clarification I	12	Commission that it was doing an assessment. The
13	think we need on that is we'll I don't know	13	assessment was being performed by George
14	that I would characterize it as reconvene the	14	Wenick had engaged Bechtel to do an assessment.
15	deposition, and I say that for purposes of	15	BY MR. COX:
16	clarifying what obligations we may have to	16	Q. Okay. Fair enough.
17	discuss background facts with Mr. Marsh before	17	And SCE&G did not notify the Commission
18	or after this period, so	18	that Wenick had engaged Bechtel to perform an
19	MR. SOLOMONS: We can notice that in	19	assessment of the project, correct?
20	Lightsey only renotice in Lightsey only.	20	MR. CHALLY: Object to the form of the
21	MR. CHALLY: Fair enough. Thank you.	21	question.
22	MR. SOLOMONS: Thank you.	22	MR. WATKINS: Same objection.
23	BY MR. COX:	23	THE WITNESS: I don't recall a
24	Q. Mr. Marsh, SCE&G did not inform the	24	notification to that effect.
25	Commission that Bechtel was doing an assessment of	25	

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Kevin Marsh Page 270 Page 272 1 BY MR. COX: 1 parts of the presentation that was given to the 2 Q. SCE&G did not reveal to the Commission the 2 company Santee Cooper and SCE&G by Bechtel on 3 written Bechtel report from the Bechtel assessment 3 October 22nd, 2015, but I can't verify that because I until after abandonment; is that correct? was not given a copy of the presentation. 5 5 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. Q. You were present at a presentation on that 6 MR. WATKINS: Object to the form of the 6 date given by Bechtel; is that correct? 7 7 A. I did attend a presentation on that date. question. 8 THE WITNESS: The report was George 8 Q. Did that presentation include an 9 assessment by Bechtel of the schedule on the project? Wenick's report, outside counsel. And we did 9 10 not -- we did not provide a copy of the report 10 A. There was a presentation given on the 11 given to George Wenick -- that I said earlier 11 schedule. There was discussion in the room about the 12 that I know of -- to the Commission. 12 schedule, but there were pages presented on the 13 BY MR. COX: 13 screen that addressed schedule. 14 14 Q. And isn't it true that SCE&G did not O. There were or were not? provide the Bechtel report to ORS as well? 15 15 A. There were pages that were presented in 16 MR. CHALLY: Object. Excuse me. Object 16 the projection on the screen that related to 17 17 schedule. to the form of the question. 18 MR. WATKINS: Object to the form of the 18 Q. If you could turn to page 24 of this 19 question. Same objection. 19 exhibit? 20 A. Where are the page numbers? Got it. 20 THE WITNESS: To my knowledge, I don't 21 think the company provided the report given to 21 Okay. I see it down here at the bottom. Yes. 22 Mr. Wenick to the Office of Regulatory Staff. 22 Q. This page is labeled "Schedule Assessment 23 Preliminary Results," and there's a chart that shows 23 BY MR. COX: 24 24 "Unit 2, Unit 3 Current COD Adjustment" and then "New Q. The company received the Bechtel Project 25 COD." Assessment Report from Mr. Wenick, correct? 25 Page 273 Page 271 MR. WATKINS: Object to the form. Do you see that? 1 1 2 2 A. I do see that. THE WITNESS: Mr. Wenick did make that Q. Did -- did Bechtel at this October 2015 3 report that was given to him available to the 4 presentation provide you with the information on this 4 company. BY MR. COX: chart regarding its assessment of the schedule? Q. And isn't it true that SCE&G did not A. I don't recall. This appears to be consistent with what they provided. I know there was 7 provide that report to ORS? 8 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 8 a lot of discussion in the room regarding how they 9 9 derived those numbers, most of which I didn't MR. WATKINS: Same -- same objection. understand because I'm -- I'm not a scheduling expert 10 THE WITNESS: Yeah, my understanding from 11 direction from in-house counsel was that that 11 related to construction management, but they did 12 12 present information related to schedule. report was protected because it was -- or 13 Q. And the information they provided showed a

16

19

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13 privileged because it was prepared in 14 anticipation of litigation, and it was not 15 appropriate for us to disclose it. 16 (Exhibit 12 was marked for identification.) 17 BY MR. COX:

18 Q. Mr. Marsh, you've been handed a document 19 labeled Exhibit 12 to your deposition.

20 Have you ever seen this document before?

21 A. (No audible response.)

22

Q. Mr. Marsh, have you ever seen this

23 document labeled Exhibit 12 before? 24

A. I have not seen this document before. 25 Given the date of the document, it appears to be

Q. Did you have this information regarding 20 the schedule prior to execution of the 2015 amendment 21 to the EPC?

14 commercial operation date with the adjustment on this

A. Well, they -- they presented information

15 chart from the current commercial operation date?

17 that related to those dates along with other items

18 identified as part of their schedule assessment.

22 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.

23 THE WITNESS: We had given -- I mean, we 24 had been given this information on October 22nd.

And, again, it was preliminary information. It

Page 274 Page 276 1 wasn't -- wasn't finalized. 1 whether Bechtel should provide a written report of 2 And if my memory's correct, we signed the 2 its assessment? 3 amendment on October 27th, 2015. So the A. I remember -- I seem to recall an e-mail 4 presentation of the preliminary results we 4 that I believe came from George Wenick wanting to 5 received prior to the amendment to the EPC 5 know if we wanted a written copy of the Bechtel 6 contract 6 assessment report. I don't ever remember a 7 BY MR. COX: discussion regarding a schedule assessment report. 8 Q. The information regarding the schedule I've had no involvement with this. 9 assessment by Bechtel on page 24 of this document, Q. Did you provide Mr. Wenick with your 10 SCE&G never provided that information to the 10 position on that issue? 11 Commission, correct? A. Well, I knew Lonnie Carter had expressed 12 12 to me a desire for the report, and I indicated to MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 13 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 13 George that I thought we needed to -- I believe I 14 THE WITNESS: I don't -- I don't recall 14 indicated to our legal counsel, to George, that we 15 needed to make the report available to Lonnie. providing that information. As I stated, this 15 16 was a preliminary assessment. There were 16 Q. Were you involved in any discussions 17 certainly discussions in the meeting regarding 17 regarding whether the Bechtel Corporation should 18 the accuracy and completeness of the issue two written reports? 19 information. I recall that very robust 19 A. I don't recall being in any of those 20 discussion. So in my mind, this was not --20 discussions. 21 these were not dates that we had concluded were 21 Q. You didn't ever advise Mr. Wenick that you 22 accurate or that could be relied upon. 22 wanted Bechtel to issue a Project Assessment Report 23 BY MR. COX: 23 and a schedule assessment report? 24 24 Q. Did you have any discussions with any MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. nonattorneys at SCE&G or -- or Santee Cooper about 25 THE WITNESS: I don't recall any 25 Page 277 Page 275 1 whether to disclose the Bechtel schedule assessment directions I gave to Mr. Wenick to that effect. 1 2 BY MR. COX: to the Commission? 3 3 Q. Did Mr. Wenick ever tell you that Bechtel MR. CHALLY: Can we just get precisely the 4 had issued a schedule assessment report? 4 5 Are you talking about before abandonment 5 A. I don't recall being informed by 6 or after abandonment? Mr. Wenick that there would be a separate report. 7 7 Q. And I should probably make that -- repeat MR. COX: Before abandonment. 8 MR. CHALLY: Before abandonment. 8 that question and make it more broad. 9 9 Were you ever informed by anyone that Go ahead, Mr. Marsh. 10 THE WITNESS: I don't recall any 10 Bechtel had issued a schedule assessment report? 11 discussions regarding disclosures. I mean, we 11 MR. CHALLY: You talking about prior to 12 abandonment? considered the information -- the company, I 12 13 BY MR. COX: 13 believe, considered the information preliminary. 14 It had not been validated. 14 Q. Prior to abandonment. I apologize. A. I may have been at some point. I don't 15 (Exhibit 13 was marked for identification.) 15 16 BY MR. COX: 16 recall a specific conversation. I do know I've never 17 17 seen the report. I just don't recall if I was ever Q. Mr. Marsh, you've been handed a document labeled Exhibit 13 to your deposition. It's a 18 informed there was a separate report. 18 document entitled "V.C. Summer Nuclear Generating 19 Q. When did you become aware that there was a 19 20 Station Units 2 and 3 Schedule Assessment Report." 20 Bechtel schedule assessment report? 21 It's got the Bechtel logo on it. It's 21 A. The first time I recall is -- I believe it 22 Bates-numbered ORS 00450277 through -0303. 22 came up in either presentations or testimony to the 23 Have you ever seen this document before? 23 Senate committee and/or House committee regarding the 24 abandonment decision. I remember a discussion around 24 A. I have not seen this document.

25 that time.

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Q. Were you involved in any discussions about

Page 278 Page 280 I don't recall if it was in response to a 1 final Summer Units 2 and 3 Project Assessment Report 2 question or a discussion that attorneys were having. 3 I recall -- I recall hearing something about it at Q. And Mr. Bynum is instructing you not to 4 that point. 4 forward it to anyone else, correct? 5 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. O. Were you surprised to learn that fact? 6 A. I was. 6 THE WITNESS: I mean, what he says in the 7 7 Q. Were you upset that you hadn't been e-mail is that I should still treat the report, informed that Bechtel had issued a schedule 8 the Project Assessment Report, as 9 assessment report earlier? attorney-client privileged and I should not 10 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 10 forward it. If someone needs to see it, send 11 THE WITNESS: No, I wasn't -- wasn't 11 them to Ron or Al, Ron Lindsay or Al Bynum. 12 Q. Did you forward it to anyone else? upset. I had been informed by my legal counsel, 12 13 outside legal counsel, that the report was not 13 A. I don't believe I did. 14 Q. You mentioned earlier, I think, that fully developed enough to be relied upon. So I 14 15 was not surprised that I didn't get a report. you're not a schedule expert. 15 16 BY MR. COX: 16 Do you know whether the schedule for the 17 project that the consortium provided SCE&G was a Q. You're referring to Mr. Wenick? 17 18 A. George Wenick, that's correct. fully integrated construction schedule? 19 Q. And when did he inform you of that fact? A. I -- I can't address that. I know 20 A. I recall an e-mail in the November 2015 20 there -- a variety of descriptions and levels of 21 time frame, if I remember correctly. He delineated 21 schedules, but I don't have knowledge to draw that 22 conclusion. 22 some of the reasons why he didn't believe the report 23 could be relied upon or the schedule information 23 Q. Would you have the same answer to the 24 included in the assessment could not be relied upon 24 question of -- let me just ask you the question: Do 25 you know if the consortium's schedule for the project 25 because it was not -- not fully developed. Page 279 Page 281 (Exhibit 14 was marked for identification.) 1 was resource-loaded? 1 2 BY MR. COX: 2 A. I don't know. Q. Mr. Marsh, is it correct that the Q. Mr. Marsh, I've handed you a document 4 labeled Exhibit 14 to your deposition. It's an 4 fixed-price amendment to the EPC contract did not 5 e-mail chain dated February 5th and February 8th, freeze owners' costs? 2016, Bates-numbered ORS SCEG 01420739. 6 MR. WATKINS: Objection. MR. WATKINS: And this is 14, you said? 7 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 7 8 MR. COX: Exhibit 14, correct. 8 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the MR. WATKINS: Okay. 9 question. 10 THE WITNESS: The amendment to the EPC 10 BY MR. COX: 11 Q. Mr. Marsh, is it correct to say that the 11 contract would have addressed EPC cost. That was the effect of the amendment. 12 initial e-mail on this is Mr. Wenick forwarding the 12 Project Assessment Report to Ron Lindsay and Al Bynum 13 BY MR. COX: 14 from SCANA? 14 Q. And it did not fix the owners' cost 15 A. Correct. 15 associated with the project; is that correct? 16 MR. WATKINS: Is there an attachment to 16 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 17 this document? 17 MR. CHALLY: Same. 18 MR. COX: There was, yeah. 18 THE WITNESS: To my knowledge, owners' 19 MR. WATKINS: Okay. But you don't have 19 costs were not identified in the EPC contract. 20 20 it? So to the extent they were not identified in the 21 MR. COX: I don't have it with me, yeah. 21 EPC contract, I don't believe they would have 22 BY MR. COX: 22 been subject to the amendment. 23 Q. And is it correct to say that Mr. Bynum 23 BY MR. COX: 24 was forwarding this document to you? Q. Mr. Marsh, you were aware at the time that A. Well, he states that he is attaching the 25 the 2015 amendment to the EPC contract was executed

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Page 284 Page 282 1 that Westinghouse could use the Bankruptcy Code to 1 Is the question that after the amendment, 2 invalidate their price and performance guarantees in 2 they anticipated it, or before the amendment the EPC contract, correct? 3 they anticipated it after? I'm confused as to MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 4 time. 5 BY MR. COX: 5 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 6 question. 6 Q. Do you understand the question? 7 THE WITNESS: Did you say "to invalidate"? 7 A. I'm going to ask you to repeat it. BY MR. COX: 8 8 Q. Sure. 9 9 Q. Correct. To invalidate. Isn't it true that Westinghouse informed 10 MR. CHALLY: Same objection. 10 SCE&G that it anticipated an increase in cost after 11 MR. WATKINS: Yeah. Same objection. execution of the 2015 amendment due to the increased 12 12 cost in bringing Fluor on board the project? THE WITNESS: I don't know that I had 13 direct knowledge of that issue at the time. 13 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. BY MR. COX: 14 MR. WATKINS: Same objection. 14 THE WITNESS: What I recall is 15 15 Q. The fixed-price amendment -- or strike 16 that. 16 Westinghouse believed that Fluor would be 17 ramping up the number of construction personnel The 2015 amendment to the EPC contract 17 18 resulted in an increase in the amount of monthly 18 on site as well as increase in activity on the payments from the owners to Westinghouse, correct? 19 construction site that would have resulted in 20 increased cost as they began that ramp-up for MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 20 21 question. 21 the work to be done on the project. 22 MR. CHALLY: Same. 22 BY MR. COX: 23 THE WITNESS: The contract addressed a 23 Q. The interim payments that SCE&G agreed to 24 24 pay under the 2015 amendment, that was \$100 million a series of interim payments to be made beginning 25 month? 25 January 1st until a final construction milestone Page 285 Page 283 payment schedule could be agreed to between the A. That's what I recall, yes. 1 1 2 owners and the consortium. 2 Q. And is it your understanding that that 3 Those -- those payments were an estimate. 3 estimate for the monthly construction cost was 4 To my recollection, those estimates were an greater than the cost that had been incurred prior to 5 estimate of actual amounts expected to be spent the amendment? 6 on the project during that five-month period. 6 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 7 7 And at the end of that time, there was a true-up MR. CHALLY: Same. 8 mechanism that would have adjusted any 8 THE WITNESS: I don't know that I can make 9 difference between actual amounts incurred and 9 an apples-to-apples comparison between what was 10 actual amounts paid. 10 going to be done after the amendment and what 11 So it was a -- it was an educated estimate 11 was done before. 12 of what we expected to pay during that period 12 What I recall is the monthly amounts 13 for construction; however, if it didn't -- it 13 before were less than that, but the \$100 million 14 turned out to be more or less, there would be an 14 was less than what Westinghouse had represented 15 adjustment once the construction milestone 15 to us they expected to spend. 16 payment had been agreed to. 16 That was an amount we negotiated as part 17 17 of the EPC agreement. So it wasn't -- it wasn't a way to 18 18 BY MR. COX: increase project cost or lower project cost. It 19 19 was just a way to estimate what cost would be Q. So Westinghouse informed SCE&G that it 20 during that five-month period. expected to spend more than \$100 million a month 20 21 BY MR. COX: 21 after the 2015 amendment? 22 Q. Isn't it true that Westinghouse 22 A. Yes, they did. anticipated an increase in cost after the 2015 23 Q. And the parties settled on an interim 24 payment schedule of \$100 million a month? 24 amendment due to bringing Fluor on board the project? 25 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 25 A. We did, with the understanding there was

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- 1 to be a true-up. I mean, nobody was to gain or lose
- 2 money on this process. It was -- it was simply a
- 3 mechanism put into place based on an estimated number
- 4 negotiated between Westinghouse and the owners to
- 5 make interim payments until the construction
- 6 milestone payment schedule had been clearly defined.
- 7 Q. Did SCE&G conduct an estimate of the cost
- to complete the project as part of deciding whether
- to enter into the 2015 amendment to the EPC contract?
- 10 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.
- 11 MR. CHALLY: Yeah, same objection.
- 12 THE WITNESS: I don't -- I don't recall a
- 13 specific analysis to that regard. I know we
- provided testimony to the Commission in 2016. 14

15 As part, Joe Lynch provided testimony 16 regarding his evaluation of the risks associated

17 with the fixed-price option.

18 BY MR. COX:

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Q. Did SCE&G conduct its own analysis of 19

whether it would be a good deal to enter into the 20

21 fixed-price option?

22 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.

23 THE WITNESS: The company -- the company's

24 team at the site and financial team did an

evaluation of whether we thought the fixed-price

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- option would be good for us and good for
- customers or -- or to leave the contract exactly
- 3 the way it was.
 - The amendment taken as a whole, which
- 5 included the fixed-price option, we believe was
- 6 in the best interest of the project and
- 7 customers.
- 8 BY MR. COX:
- Q. That internal analysis that SCE&G
- 10 conducted, was it conducted before the October 2015
- 11 amendment or afterward?
- 12 A. I don't recall the specific analyses that
- 13 were done. I do remember members of the financial
- team from the plant were working with us as we were
- 15 negotiating the fixed price with the consortium, but
- 16 I don't -- I don't recall specific analyses they did
- 17 to support the decision to sign the amendment.
- 18 Q. In deciding whether to execute the 2015
- 19 amendment, SCE&G used its own estimate of cost to
- complete the project to decide whether to execute
- that amendment and didn't rely on the consortium's
- 22 cost estimate, correct?
- 23 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the
- 24 question.
 - MR. CHALLY: Yeah, same objection.

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THE WITNESS: I don't -- I don't agree

2 with that statement. The amendment was broader 3

than the fixed-price option. It was an option.

4 It wasn't something we had to do. It was an

5 option that was available to us that, as we told

6 the Commission, we needed to take time to study

7 it and evaluate it.

But we wanted that option, which is what

we negotiated into the EPC amendment. There 10 were a variety of other issues that were

11 addressed in the amendment that we believe were

12 also good for the project and in the best

13 interest of customers.

14 BY MR. COX:

15 Q. Part of SCE&G's analysis was to decide how

16 likely it was that the cost to complete the project

17 would exceed the fixed-price option price, correct?

18 A. I don't recall the specific analysis. I

know we evaluated -- the team -- the team that was

20 doing the evaluation evaluated risks associated with

the project to help us determine whether or not the

22 fixed-price option was to the benefit of customers.

23 Q. And is it correct to say that as part of

24 that analysis, SCE&G developed its own estimate of

25 the cost to complete the project?

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MR. WATKINS: Objection.

2 THE WITNESS: I don't recall a specific

3 estimate. I recall evaluations being done of

4 the risk associated with us staying with the

fixed-price -- staying with the existing

6 contract versus converting to the fixed-price

7 option.

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8 BY MR. COX:

9 Q. What steps did SCE&G take to assess the 10 financial health of Westinghouse as part of its

11 decision to execute the 2015 amendment?

12 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the

13 question. Lack of foundation. 14 THE WITNESS: I don't know. I wasn't

15 involved in any of those steps.

16 BY MR. COX:

17 Q. Do you know if any of those steps

18 occurred?

19

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A. I don't recall specifically what was done.

20 I do recall, at the time we signed the

21 agreement, that Westinghouse -- excuse me -- that

22 Toshiba, who was assuming responsibility for the

parental guarantees, had a credit -- had a credit

24 rating of investment grade. I believe it was

²⁵ actually higher than SCE&G's at the time.

Kevin Marsh Page 290 Page 292 Q. Those parental guarantees weren't 1 Q. What was the purpose of those meetings? 2 increased as part of the 2015 amendment, were they? 2 A. I don't --A. I don't believe they were. I don't recall 3 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 4 specifically. I don't believe that was one of the 4 THE WITNESS: I don't recall specifically. changes made in the agreement. 5 I try to maintain a relationship with Dukes to Q. When did you become aware that 6 make sure he was satisfied that he was getting Westinghouse was having cash flow problems? 7 what he needed from our team, if our people were 8 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 8 interacting with his team appropriately, and I 9 THE WITNESS: I don't -- I don't recall 9 don't recall any specific issues. 10 specifically. 10 BY MR. COX: 11 11 BY MR. COX: Q. Did he ever express any concerns to you 12 Q. Did you become aware of that at some point 12 regarding the interactions between his team and your 13 prior to Westinghouse's bankruptcy? 13 team? 14 A. I remember Westinghouse filing for 14 A. I don't recall. What I generally remember bankruptcy. I don't -- I don't recall any specific 15 him saying is that our team was being responsive and 16 discussions around cash flow issues. 16 that our contacts were keeping him informed and 17 It was our understanding that Toshiba 17 working to resolve issues. 18 would be able to back them up if they had any issues. 18 I don't recall him complaining about any 19 Q. Did you have discussions with Santee 19 interactions on the team. Cooper in 2016 about engaging bankruptcy counsel due 20 20 Q. Do you recall him raising any concerns 21 to concern about Westinghouse entering bankruptcy? 21 about the project during those meetings? 22 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 22 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 23 THE WITNESS: I did have discussions. I 23 THE WITNESS: I -- we talked about the 24 don't recall specifically who with. I know we 24 project from time to time or issues we might 25 discussed it. 25 have been considering, or it might have been in Page 291 Page 293 testimony. But I don't recall any specific 1 The company, several representatives, met 1 2 2 with the board of Santee Cooper, and we issues we discussed. 3 BY MR. COX: 3 discussed the concern that it would be prudent Q. Did you inform him at some point in time 4 to make sure we had bankruptcy counsel available 4 5 as a part of the overall project. Should there that you no longer trusted Westinghouse? 6 be a need to engage someone, we would already 6 A. I don't recall making that statement to 7 7 Dukes. have someone identified. 8 We didn't identify any particular work 8 Q. Did you lose trust in Westinghouse at some 9 that I recall needed to be done at the time. 9 point in time? BY MR. COX: A. I became very disappointed with what we Q. That step was taken -- to retain 11 learned as our team did its evaluation of what needed bankruptcy counsel -- was taken after the 2015 12 to be done to complete the project once they made all amendment to the EPC was executed, correct? 13 their information available to us. MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 14 We had been -- we had been told on

10 11 12 13 14 15 THE WITNESS: I don't recall the exact 16 date, but it was done after the amendment was 17 executed. 18 BY MR. COX:

19 Q. Did you ever meet with Dukes Scott at 20 Lizard's Thicket?

21 A. I've had lunch with Dukes Scott on a 22 number of occasions at Lizard's Thicket.

23 Q. Anywhere else? 24 A. I think I've had breakfast with him a

25 couple times downtown at different restaurants.

15 numerous occasions that they intended to complete the project. They were committed to the project. It was 17 important that they complete these projects because 18 it was a cornerstone of their strategic business plan 19 to sell these units, not just in the United States 20 but around the world. 21 So I was shocked when they decided they 22 were going to file for bankruptcy and reject the

Q. Did you learn in 2017 that the

25 Westinghouse schedules were inaccurate?

contracts.

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Page 294 Page 296 1 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 1 BY MR. COX: 2 THE WITNESS: We put together a team for Q. Mr. Marsh, you've been handed a document 3 3 labeled Exhibit 15. It's a one-page document the purpose of making our evaluation of what we 4 thought it would take to complete the projects. 4 entitled "Bechtel Report Action Plan," Bates-numbered 5 Our team, based on that evaluation -- it 5 ORS 00000497. 6 was put together by Steve Byrne and the people 6 Have you ever seen this document before? 7 7 MR. CHALLY: Let's take a quick break. at the plant -- they came up with different 8 estimates based on what they learned as part of 8 VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 5:20 p.m., and 9 9 their investigation and analysis of details that we're off the record. 10 for the first time had been shared with us by 10 (A recess transpired from 5:20 p.m. until 11 the consortium. 11 12 BY MR. COX: 12 VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 5:27 p.m., and 13 Q. And that assessment that was done by SCE&G 13 we're back on the record. revealed that the completion dates for the units 14 BY MR. COX: 14 would be later than Westinghouse was projecting, 15 Q. Mr. Marsh, have you ever seen the document 15 16 correct? 16 that's labeled Exhibit 15 before? 17 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 17 A. The first time I saw this document was 18 MR. CHALLY: Same. 18 when the company was providing testimony in front of 19 THE WITNESS: The analysis that was 19 the House committee that was reviewing the performed came up with different dates than what 20 20 abandonment decision. I had not seen it prior to 21 Westinghouse had committed to us. 21 that time. I had no knowledge of it. 22 BY MR. COX: 22 Q. The second section of the document labeled 23 Q. Do you recall what the dates were that 23 "Santee Cooper proposal for use of report," it lists 24 your team came up with? 24 four steps to be taken on the project: A, B, C, and 25 A. I -- I don't recall specifically what they 25 D. Page 295 Page 297 1 were. Can you tell me which of those steps, if 2 any, were implemented on the project? Q. Isn't it true that the completion dates A. I need to reiterate I'm not familiar with 3 that the SCE&G team came up with were even later than 4 the completion dates that the Bechtel Corporation had 4 this document. I didn't participate in preparation. estimated in 2015? 5 It was never shown to me prior to the presentation to MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 6 the House of Representatives subcommittee, so I just MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. don't have knowledge of this. THE WITNESS: I don't recall. 8 MR. WATKINS: I'll object to the form of BY MR. COX: 9 that question. 10 Q. What information did your team have to 10 BY MR. COX: make that assessment in 2017 that it didn't have 11 Q. Fair enough. prior to Westinghouse's bankruptcy? 12 12 Do you know who within SCE&G or SCANA had 13 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 13 this document prior to abandonment? 14 THE WITNESS: I don't know. I wasn't 14 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 15 15 THE WITNESS: I have no knowledge of this involved in the analysis. I just know, based on 16 what was reported to me by Steve Byrne, that we 16 document until it was handed to me at the 17 had access to information that we had never been 17 presentation of the Legislative Committee. 18 able to see before because of the fixed-price 18 BY MR. COX: 19 19 and proprietary nature of the contract. Q. The -- and I realize that you were not 20 BY MR. COX: 20 privy to this document prior to abandonment -- but 21 Q. But you're not aware of what the 21 that second section of the document, "Santee Cooper 22 information was that he was talking about, correct? 22 proposal for use of report," it says, quote, We will 23 23 continue to cooperate within the law with SCE&G's A. I can't tell you personally. No, I can't. 24 (Exhibit 15 was marked for identification.) 24 efforts to avoid disclosure on the condition that 25 25 SCE&G will agree to use the document as a template

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	Kevin Marsh						
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	for project administration. Changes to be jointly	1	but my first question is the same.				
2	decided, but most include" I think that must be	2	Have you ever seen this document before?				
3	"must" and then it lists four steps.	3	MR. WATKINS: Let's take time to review				
4	Can you tell me whether those four steps	4	this document.				
5	that are listed, whether any of them were actually	5	MR. COX: Can I go ahead and label one				
6	implemented on the project?	6	more? I only have one more document.				
7	MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	7	MR. CHALLY: Smart move. Let's just do				
8	MR. WATKINS: Object to form of the	8	that. That's a good idea.				
9	question for all the previous reasons, plus it's	9	MR. COX: We've reached a consensus.				
10	now been asked and answered.	10	(Exhibit 17 was marked for identification.)				
11	THE WITNESS: I can't I can't speak to	11	MR. COX: So I've labeled a document				
12	what Santee Cooper was proposing. I mean, I was	12	marked as Exhibit 17 Bates-numbered ORS_0013083				
13	not aware of this document at the time it was	13	through ORS_0013091. We can go off the record.				
14	drafted.	14	VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 5:34 p.m., and				
15		15	we are off the record.				
16	Q. I understand that, Mr. Marsh, and I	16	(A recess transpired from 5:34 p.m. until				
17	understand this is their proposal.	17	5:55 p.m.)				
18	What I'm asking you is: Based on your	18	VIDEOGRAPHER: Time is 5:55 p.m., and				
19	knowledge of the project, which of these proposals,	19	we're back on the record.				
20	if any, were actually implemented?		BY MR. COX:				
21	MR. WATKINS: Same objection.	21	Q. Mr. Marsh, we're back from our break.				
22	MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	22	Exhibit 16 to your deposition, it's a				
23	MR. WATKINS: Same objection.	23	nine-page document produced by Santee Cooper in this				
24	THE WITNESS: I don't know if those exact		litigation.				
25	proposals were presented to the company for	25	Have you ever seen this document before?				
	Page 299		Page 301				
1	implementation.	1	A. I don't recall seeing this document.				
	BY MR. COX:	2	Q. Did Mr. Carter ever provide talking points				
3	Q. That's fair enough. I understand that.		to you for your meetings with the CEOs at the				
4	All I'm asking for you, to the extent you		consortium?				
1	know, is whether any of these four steps were ever	5	A. From time to time we would agree on				
	implemented on the project.		talking points, but I don't recall seeing this				
7	MR. CHALLY: Same objection.		document as part of that process.				
8	MR. WATKINS: Same objection.	8	Q. Exhibit 17 to your deposition, it's a				
9	THE WITNESS: Again, I don't know if these	9	separate document in front of you.				
10	are specific recommendations that were made. I	10	A. Right.				
11	don't know that the company, you know, followed	11	Q. Same question on that document: Have you				
12	all of these recommendations, if they were	12	ever seen the document before?				
13	recommendations.	13	A. I have seen this.				
14	Again, it's Santee Cooper's proposal.	14	Q. When did you see it?				
15	I you know, we made we made changes on a	15	A. I don't recall exactly. What I do recall				
	regular basis with issues related to the	16	is it was attached to an e-mail that came to me. My				
17	project. I don't know specifically if all these	17	memory is it was in the November time frame of 2016.				
18	were put into place or if any were put into	18	Q. Who was the e-mail from?				
19	place. (Exhibit 16 was marked for identification.)	19	A. Lonnie Carter.				
20	(Exhibit 16 was marked for identification.)	20	Q. And do you recall why he was sending it to				
21	BY MR. COX:		you?				
22	Q. Mr. Marsh, you've been handed a document	22	MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the				
23	labeled Exhibit 16 to your deposition. It's a 9-page	23	question.				
24	document Bates-numbered ORS_00035603 through -611.	24	MR. CHALLY: Same objection.				
25	Take your time to review this document,	25	THE WITNESS: I don't know why he would				

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- send it to me.
- 2 BY MR. COX:
- Q. He didn't tell you why he was sending you
- 4 this document?
- A. No. He sent me the letter -- he sent me
- 6 the e-mail. I don't recall what was in the e-mail.
- 7 I do recall it was right before we were scheduled to
- meet with his board of directors.
- 9 Q. What was the purpose of that meeting? 10 MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 11 THE WITNESS: The board of directors
- 12 meetina?
- 13 BY MR. COX:
- 14 Q. Yes.
- 15 A. We had agreed with their board that we
- would meet periodically throughout the year to talk 16
- about actions and activities related to the project. 17
- 18 Q. And what was the information that you were 19 presenting to the Santee board at that November 2016
- 20 meeting?
- 21 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form.
- 22 THE WITNESS: I don't recall the specific
- 23 information we were to talk about.
- 24 BY MR. COX:
- 25 Q. Did you view Bechtel's presentation in

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- 1 October 2015 to be a sales pitch?
- 2 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 3 question.
- 4 THE WITNESS: I mean, my -- my
- 5 understanding of the report that was presented
- 6 was to give us their preliminary results
- 7 regarding the assessment that they had done for 8
- George Wenick.

9

- I had been informed before the meeting --I don't recall by whom -- saying that Bechtel
- 10
- 11 intended to give us a sales pitch at the
- 12 conclusion of the meeting.
- 13 Q. Did that occur?
- 14 A. No, it didn't. They offered -- they had
- 15 another presentation they wanted to give us. I
- 16 didn't feel like we had time for another
- 17 presentation. We were in the middle of trying to
- 18 negotiate the amendments to the EPC contract, a lot
- of other activities going on. 19
- 20 And if it was a sales pitch, we told them
- 21 that at the beginning of the engagement that they
- 22 shouldn't anticipate that this engagement was a
- 23 steppingstone to provide opportunities for them to
- 24 come in and do additional work. Didn't say that it
- wouldn't, but said there should not be an expectation

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- 1 that this is going to lead to additional work.
- Q. Did you become concerned at some point
- 3 during Bechtel's assessment that Bechtel was using
- 4 the assessment to try to get more work on the
- 5 project?
- A. I don't recall specifically times other
- $^{7}\,$ than -- than one offer was made to bring, what I
- 8 recall, hundreds of employees to the site because
- 9 they were finishing up work on the Watts Bar project.
- 10 They had been engaged by TVA to finish that nuclear
- 11 project, and they offered to go ahead and bring
- 12 down -- I remember 200. That may not be an accurate
- 13 number, but it was a large number of people to the
- 14 project.
- 15 And I said, "No, that's not something we
- 16 want to contemplate at this point."
- 17 Q. Did that make you concerned that Bechtel
- was using the assessment to try to get more work
- 19 beyond the assessment?
- A. Certainly put my antenna up because they 20
- 21 had offered something that we had told them they
- shouldn't expect as part of the engagement.
- Q. Did you ever meet with anyone from Bechtel 23
- 24 during the assessment?
 - A. I had some phone conversations with Craig.
- Page 305
 - 1 Craig Albert, I believe, was the president or CEO of
 - 2 Bechtel. We had a couple of phone conversations. I
 - 3 may have had some discussions.
 - 4 I don't recall any of the discussions with
 - 5 the people that were on the site unless they were
 - participants in that phone call.
 - Q. What did Mr. Albert contact you about?
 - 8 A. We were having, I believe it was, biweekly
 - 9 updates of the status of the work, the ongoing status
 - of the work at the project.
 - 11 Q. Were you ever interviewed by Bechtel as
 - 12 part of Bechtel's assessment of the project?
 - A. I don't recall being interviewed by
 - 14 Bechtel. I may have, but I just don't recall being
 - 15 interviewed by them.
 - Q. Did you ever meet Craig Albert in person?
 - 17 A. Yes. He -- I met him on a couple of
 - 18 occasions.
 - 19 Q. Was that as part of these biweekly
 - 20 updates, or some other type of purpose?
 - 21 A. No, those were -- the biweekly updates
 - 22 were done by phone. Craig met with representatives
 - 23 of SCE&G and SCANA when they were making their
 - 24 proposal of work they could do for the assessment.
 - Did Mr. Albert present the findings of

Kevin Marsh Page 306 Page 308 1 Bechtel at the October 2015 meeting? 1 I've been accumulating stock in the Employee Stock A. He was in the meeting. I recall him 2 Ownership Plan, and I've also made additional 3 making some introductory comments. But for the most 3 purchases to satisfy ownership requirements from the 4 part, I remember the presentation being made by 4 board, but I just don't recall the exact number of 5 different members of his team linked to different 5 shares. 6 sections of the assessment that had been done. 6 Q. Is it more than 1,000 shares? Q. Did you meet any other members of the 7 7 A. Yes, it is. 8 Bechtel team aside from Craig Albert? 8 Q. Is it more than 5,000? 9 A. There was a -- at least one A. I believe it is. 10 representative, I believe, in one of the meetings 10 Q. Is it more than 10,000 shares? 11 where they were describing a -- the work to be done. 11 A. I don't want to guess. I mean, those 12 I remember meeting him. There may have been other 12 numbers are reported in the proxy. It's public 13 members of the team at the time. I just don't 13 information. I mean, it's -- it's all reported in recall. I just remember one individual. 14 there. I've not -- I've not sold any SCANA shares. 14 15 Q. Did you ever meet Ty Troutman? Everything I've purchased I still own. 15 16 A. I don't recall ever meeting Ty Troutman. 16 Q. Do you receive any annuity from SCANA? 17 Q. Did you ever meet an individual named Carl MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 17 18 Rau? 18 THE WITNESS: I'm not sure what you mean 19 A. I believe Carl Rau was the one that was in 19 by -- I know what an annuity is, but I'm not 20 the presentation when they were offering suggestions 20 sure what you're referring to specifically. 21 for the assessment. 21 BY MR. COX: 22 Q. That's the October 2015 meeting, correct? 22 Q. Sure. Do you receive any cash payments, A. No, that was in April of '15, but we were 23 23 retirement payments, from SCANA? 24 still -- they were still, I guess, making their pitch 24 A. I'm a participant, like all other to come in and have us consider doing the assessment. 25 employees, in the SCANA Corporation Retirement Plan, Page 307 Page 309 MR. WATKINS: Jim, it's 6:03. I'll 1 and I have an accumulated cash balance in that plan 1 2 2 that's vested. I have not done anything with those obviously give you time to wrap things up, but 3 amounts at this point. They're still -- still 3 we had agreed on 6:00. I just want to get a 4 sense of where we are. 4 invested or still in the Retirement Plan. 5 MR. COX: I think I've probably got about I have an option, like all other 6 ten more minutes. 6 employees, if I desire to convert that to an annuity, 7 MR. WATKINS: Other questions on top of but I've not made any decisions at this point to do 8 8 that. that, too? 9 9 MR. CHALLY: I'll have 10 or 15 minutes. Q. How much is the balance in that plan? 10 MR. WATKINS: Okay. I'll ask you to --10 MR. WATKINS: Objection to form. 11 BY MR. COX: 11 THE WITNESS: I don't know the exact 12 12 Q. Okay. Do you recall who else from Bechtel balance in the SCANA plan. My account, I 13 was present at the October 2015 presentation? 13 believe, is around a million dollars. 14 A. The only specific individual I recall 14 BY MR. COX: Q. Have you been contacted by any 15 being there from Bechtel was a gentleman whose first 15 16 name was Jason. I don't remember Jason's last name. 16 representatives of any law enforcement agencies about 17 I recall he was the one that presented the schedule 17 the project? 18 information as part of the assessment. 18 MR. WATKINS: Objection to the form of the 19 19 Q. Did you have any conversations with him question. 20 outside of his presentation? 20 THE WITNESS: I have not directly been 21 A. Not that I recall. 21 contacted, no.

22 BY MR. COX:

23

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A. Yes, I do.

Q. Do you currently hold any SCANA stock?

Q. How much stock do you hold in SCANA?

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23

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Q. Have your attorneys been contacted?

MR. WATKINS: I'm going to object to the

(Instruction not to answer.)

Page 310

- form of the question, and I'm going to instruct you not to discuss the substance of any
- 3 attorney-client communications.
- THE WITNESS: I believe those discussions are privileged with counsel.
- 6 BY MR. COX:
- Q. Have you given any interviews to any lawenforcement agencies regarding the project?
- 9 MR. WATKINS: Let me think, as it's late 10 in the day.
- 11 I'll object to the form of the question.
- But you may answer the question, with that objection.
- THE WITNESS: With my understanding, no, I haven't, based on my understanding.
- 16 BY MR. COX:
- Q. What city do you currently reside in?
- 18 A. I currently reside in Irmo, South
- 19 Carolina.
- Q. Are you scheduled to be at home during the month of November?
- A. I will be at home some dates in November.
- 23 I do have travel plans for Thanksgiving. I have
- 24 travel plans for the remainder of this week, and I'm
- 25 sure there's some other days I'm unavailable.

Page 311

- I believe my wife has some doctors'
- appointments or other schedules that would require meto be home.
- 3 to be nome.
- MR. COX: I have no more questions.
- EXAMINATION
- 6 BY MR. CHALLY:
- 7 Q. Okay. Mr. Marsh, my name is Jon Chally
- ${\tt 8}\,$ for the record. I represent SCE&G in this case. I
- 9 just have a few follow-up questions for you.
- Can you generally describe for us your relationship with Lonnie Carter?
- 12 A. Sure. I've known Lonnie for a long time.
- 13 He's a long-term employee of Santee Cooper as I'm a
- 14 long term employee of SCANA and SCE&G. We have
- 11 long term employee of Scalla and School We have
- 15 worked together in a couple of different capacities
- 16 along the way. For example, we were both chief
- 17 financial officers at one time, so we have both
- 18 crossed that bridge together. I've dealt with Lonnie
- 19 off and on throughout my career in all those
- 20 different roles.
- Q. About how frequently were you two in
- 22 communication about the project?
- A. There was no set time that Lonnie and I
- 24 would set aside for, you know, just general
- 25 discussions. We did set some regular meetings

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- 1 towards the end of the project just to keep up with 2 project status.
- 3 But for me and Lonnie directly, it was
- 4 pretty much if you need me, you call me. And
- 5 depending on what the issues were, I could talk to
- 6 him four or five times in a week or I might not talk
- 7 to him for a week to two weeks, depending on just
- ${\bf 8}\;$ activities I was related in, connected with the
- 9 project.
- 10 Q. Did you have a practice of using a
- 11 particular form of communication: E-mail, phone,
- 12 letters?
- 13 A. I prefer conversation either through the
- 14 phone or face-to-face. I'm not a big letter-writer.
- 15 I don't think most of my communications were done by
- 16 e-mail unless I felt the need to respond to a
- 17 particular e-mail.
- 18 Q. We saw some e-mails and letters written by
- 19 Lonnie Carter to you related to the project today.
- 20 Did you make it a practice of responding
- 20 Did you make it a practice of responding
- 21 to communications that Mr. Carter sent to you related
- 22 to the project?
- 23 A. I believe, as a matter of practice, I
- 24 did -- I did my best to make sure either I responded
- 25 or I asked someone who might have been more familiar
 - Page 313
- 1 with the issue that Lonnie had raised to respond.
- 2 That was more often the case because I didn't have
- 3 all the direct detail knowledge of the project.
- Q. And you understood that Lonnie expressed concerns related to the project over the life of the
- 6 project, right?
- o project, right:
- 7 A. I do. Lonnie and I had had a number of
- 8 conversations regarding concerns throughout the life
- ⁹ of the project.
- Q. Was it your practice to not only respond
- 11 to the communication which Lonnie raised that
- 12 concern, but to respond to the substance of the
- 13 concern as well?
- 14 A. I certainly made my best efforts to do
- 15 that.

18

Page: 85 (310 - 313)

- Q. Okay. We saw -- Mr. Cox walked you
- 17 through this document?
 - A. Number 17.
- 19 Q. Yeah, Exhibit 17. I just have a couple
- 20 follow-up questions related to it.
- You said you received this document as an
- 22 attachment to an e-mail, I believe; is that right?
- A. That's my recollection.
 - Q. Okay. What was your reaction to receiving
- 25 this document?

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- A. I was -- my initial reaction was I was
- 2 shocked, given my relationship with Lonnie. This is
- 3 not the normal communication I would expect to get
- ${\bf 4}\,$ from Lonnie. It didn't appear to me that it was
- 5 something that he would write.
- 6 And I was -- I was offended. I didn't
- 7 believe it was a complete and accurate discussion of
- 8 the issues he tried to raise in the report.
- 9 And it -- it appeared to me to be a
- 10 deliberate attempt by someone to make the SCANA
- 11 teams' efforts look less than genuine in trying to
- 12 resolve issues on the project.
- Q. Would you agree with that characterization
- 14 as you understood it?
- 15 A. Did Lonnie agree with that?
- Q. Did you agree with that characterization
- 17 as you understood it?
- 18 A. I agreed with -- I mean, I agreed that I
- 19 didn't think it was a fair and complete
- 20 characterization.
- Q. My question was a bad one.
 - You had said -- you had said that this
- 23 appeared to be a deliberate attempt by someone to
- 24 make the SCANA teams' efforts look less than genuine.
- 25 And what I want to make sure we're clear

Page 315

- 1 on is: Did you agree with the -- with this attempt
- $\,\,^2\,\,$ that -- to characterize SCANA's efforts as less than
- 3 genuine?

22

- A. I'm not sure I understand your question.
- Q. Did you think SCANA was acting in a way,
- ${\rm 6}\,$ less than genuine, during its oversight of the
- 7 project?
- 8 A. Absolutely not. We were open and honest,
- 9 in my opinion, with all of our communications with
- 10 Santee throughout the project. As they raised
- 11 concerns, I believe our -- our nuclear construction
- 12 team did their best to resolve those.
- 13 If it was something I could resolve with
- 14 Lonnie, I certainly feel like I made every effort to
- 15 do that.
- 16 Q. Okay. Did you discuss this letter with
- 17 Mr. Carter after he -- or this document with
- 18 Mr. Carter after he transmitted it to you?
- 19 A. I did. Lonnie and his team were scheduled
- 20 to come have a meeting with me and some other nuclear
- 21 project representatives, I believe it was, on a
- 22 Thursday or Friday of the week I got this letter.
- 23 When Lonnie got there, I called Lonnie
- 24 into my office and told him I was disappointed and
- 25 surprised that I would get a letter like this from

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- 1 Lonnie. I couldn't believe that -- that he would
- 2 write it. I didn't think it was a complete and
- 3 accurate reflection of all the efforts both of our
- 4 companies had done to make this project successful
- 5 and that it wasn't the way I was accustomed to doing
- 6 business with Lonnie.
- Q. What made you believe that he didn't write
- 8 the letter?
- 9 A. I've gotten enough communication from
- 10 Lonnie that it just didn't seem consistent with the
 - $^{
 m 1}$ way he would write a letter.
- Q. Okay. Did Mr. Carter respond to your comments that you just described in this meeting?
- A. He did. He indicated that he didn't write
- 15 the letter. As I recall, he indicated that Mike
- 16 Baxley, their general counsel, had written the letter
- 17 and apologized for the tone in the letter.
- And we followed that up with about an
- 19 hour, hour and a half conversation of where we were
- 20 on the project.
- We had a meeting coming up with his board
- 22 of directors the following week. We talked for a
- 23 while about what we could do to communicate to their
- 24 board actions that had taken place that Lonnie and I
- 25 had agreed to, to help make the project more

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- $\scriptstyle 1$ successful, to keep his board updated because they
- wanted to have a good status updates on the project,and left the meeting, I believe, in -- in good stead.
- 4 He said he apologized for the tone of the
- The said the apologized for the tone of the
- 5 letter, and we worked through a lot of issues in that
- 6 discussion and got prepared to make a presentation to
- 7 his board the following week.
- 8 Q. Okay. One last topic. Mr. Cox walked you
- 9 through some aspects of the 2015 testimony submitted
- 10 to the Public Service Commission and specifically
- 11 your testimony where you noted that SCE&G was
- 12 challenging certain costs that were included in the
- consortium's estimated completion provided earlier,
- 14 prior to that testimony.
- Do you recall generally that discussion
- 16 you had with Mr. Cox?
- 17 A. I do.
- Q. Okay. And you -- do you recall that SCE&G
- 19 was presenting in 2015 in the testimony you provided
- 20 that the consortium's estimated costs for completion
- 21 of the project?
- 22 A. I do.

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- Q. Okay. And is that -- not only that was in
- 24 your testimony, but also Mr. Byrne's testimony and
- 25 Ms. Walker's testimony. Those costs, Westinghouse's

Kevin Marsh Page 318 1 estimated costs, were based in part on Westinghouse's 2 estimated schedule; isn't that right? A. That's correct. Q. Okay. So the -- is it -- is it a fair 5 characterization of the disputed costs to say that 6 SCE&G was reserving its ability to challenge certain 7 specific categories of costs as not SCE&G's responsibility under the EPC contract? A. Yes, we did. We made that clear in the 10 testimony. 11 Q. Okay. Were you -- was SCE&G refuting 12 Westinghouse's schedule analysis by disputing those 13 costs? 14 A. No. I think we stated in Mr. Byrne's 15 testimony, as I recall, that we weren't disputing the amounts calculated by Westinghouse in their estimate as their estimated completion or the schedule that 17 they had presented to us. We believed that was the best available information at the time and that that 20 was the appropriate number to be filed with the 21 Commission under the rules of the Base Load Review 22 Act. 23 However, we did inform the Commission that 24 we were disputing some of the costs that were in that schedule, not that they wouldn't be spent or that Page 319 1 they weren't accurate, but whether or not we were required to pay those costs. Those were the issues that were at 4 dispute. And so we also -- we highlighted that for the Commission. And we also made some adjustments for amounts we didn't believe we were obligated to pay under the contract regarding some of those disputed costs until those disputes could be resolved. 10 Q. Okay. But SCE&G was not disputing the 11 schedule estimates that Westinghouse had provided, 12 right? 13 A. No, we were not. 14 Or the costs that flowed from the --15 directly from the schedule estimates that 16 Westinghouse had provided? 17 A. No, we were not. 18 MR. CHALLY: Okay. That's all I've got. 19 Thank you. 20 MR. ELLERBE: No questions from me. 21 MR. WATKINS: Nothing for me. 22 VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 6:18 p.m., and 23 this concludes today's deposition. 24 (Time Noted: 6:18 p.m.)

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(Signature reserved.)

1			SIGNATURE OF DEPONENT
2		I, th	ne undersigned, KEVIN MARSH, do hereby
3	certify	that I	have read the foregoing deposition
4	transcri	pt and	find it to be a true and accurate
5	transcri	ption o	of my testimony, with the following
6	correcti	ons, if	any:
7	PAGE	LINE	CHANGE
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22			
23			KEVIN MARSH
24			NEVIN NICON
25			

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1	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
2	I, Karen K. Kidwell, Registered Merit Reporter and Notary Public for the State of South
3	Carolina at Large, do hereby certify: That the foregoing deposition was taken
4	before me on the date and at the time and location stated on page 1 of this transcript; that the
5	deponent was duly sworn to testify to the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth; that the
6	testimony of the deponent and all objections made at the time of the examination were recorded
7	stenographically by me and were thereafter transcribed; that the foregoing deposition as typed
8	is a true, accurate and complete record of the testimony of the deponent and of all objections made
9	at the time of the examination to the best of my ability.
10	I further certify that I am neither related to nor counsel for any party to the cause pending or
11	interested in the events thereof. Witness my hand this 31st day of October, 2018.
12	child size day of cocosci, fore.
13	
14	Karen K. Kidwell, Registered Merit Reporter
15	Notary Public State of South Carolina at Large
16	My Commission expires: August 21, 2024
17	riagase 21, 2021
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has ever presented to this Commission. But you don't need to hear from me on these issues. SCE&C's leadership is going to appear before you during the course of this hearing and they're going to explain to you why nuclear technology is not only the best option for its customers, but it's also the best option for the State of South Campilina, and therefore, we would respectfully submit to this Commission that you approve the combined application that is before you, and issue a Base Load Review order.

With that being said, SCE&G calls its first witness, its president and chief operating officer, Kewin Marsh to the stand.

THEREUPON came,

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KKEVIN B. MARSHI,

called as a witness on behalf of the Applicant, who, having been first duly sworn, was examined and testifficed as follows:

DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MIR. BUIRGESS:

- Q Please state your name for the record.
- 23 A Keewin Maansh.
 - Q Mr. Maansh, by whom are you employed and in what capacity?

VOLUME 2

1	A	I'm the president and chief operating officer employed
2		by South Canolina Electric & Gas Company.
3	Q	And have you caused to be prefiled in this docket direct
4		testimony consisting of 42 pages?
5	A	Yes, I have.
6	Q	And are there any changes or corrections you would lilke
7		to make to your direct testimomy?
8	A	No, I have no changes.
9	Q	So if I asked you the very same questions that are
10		comtained in your prefiled direct testimony, would those
11		answers be the same tooday?
12	Α .	They woulld.
13		MR. BURGHSS: Wadam Chairman, at this time we
14		would move into the record of evidence the direct
15		testimmony of Kewin Maarsh as if given orally from
16		the stand.
17		CHAIRMAN FLEMING: Yes, Keevin Maarsth's
18		testimmony wiill be read into the prefiled
19		testimmony will be read into the record as if given
20		orally ficom the staind.
21		MR. BURGESS: Thank you, Madam Chariman.
22		
23		
24	[PREFI	LIED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF KEVIN B.
25	MARSH	FOLLOWS AT PGS 143-184]

1		DIRECT TESTIMONY OF
2 3		KEVIN B. MARSH
4		ON BEHALF OF
5 6		SOUTH CAROLINA ELECTRIC & GAS COMPANY
7 8 9		DOCKET NO. 2008-196-E
10 11	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS, AND
12		POSITION.
13	A.	My name is Kevin B. Marsh and my business address is 1426 Main
14		Street, Columbia, South Carolina. I am President and Chief Operating
15		Officer of South Carolina Electric & Gas Company ("SCE&G" or the
16		"Company").
17	Q.	DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND
18		BUSINESS EXPERIENCE.
19	A.	I am a graduate, magna cum laude, of the University of Georgia,
20		with a Bachelor of Business Administration Degree. Prior to joining
21		SCE&G, I was employed by the public accounting firm of Delloitte &
22		Touche. I joined SCE&G in 1984 and have served as Controller, Vice
23		President of Corporate Planning, and from 1996 to 2006 I served as Senior
24		Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of SCE&G and SCANA. As
25		Vice President of Corporate Planning for SCE&G, I oversaw the planning
26		effort that resulted in construction of SCE&G's Cope Station coal-fired

1		generating plant in the 1991-1996 time period. From 2001-2003, while			
2		serving as CFO of SCE&G and SCANA, I also served as President and			
3	Chief Operating Officer of PSNC Energy. In May of 2006, I was named				
4		President and Chief Operating Officer of SCE&G.			
5	Q.	HAVE YOU EVER TESTIFIED BEFORE THIS COMMISSION IN			
6		THE PAST?			
7	A.	Yes. I have testified in a number of different proceedings, including:			
8		a) The 1986 proceedings to place in rates the last increment of			
9		investment subject to the electric capacity phase-in plan that was			
10		adopted when V. C. Summer Nuclear Station ("VCSNS") Unit 1			
11		was placed in service in 1984;			
12		b) The 1991 and 1992 proceedings to site the Cope Generating Station			
13		and to place the initial investment in it into electric rates; and			
14		c) The proceedings to place into electric rates the Company's			
15		investment in the Urquhart Repowering Project (2002) and the			
16		Jasper Generating Station (2004).			
17	Q.	WHAT SUBJECTS DO YOU DISCUSS IN YOUR TESTIMONY?			
18	A.	My testimony discusses how SCE&G's leadership assessed the			
19		needs of its system for new base load capacity in the 2016-2019 time frame			
20		and how the Company evaluated the options available to meet those needs.			
21		My testimony also discusses the decision to partner with the South Carolina			
22		Public Service Authority ("Santee Cooper") to construct two new AP1000			

units as VCSNS Units 2 & 3. I will show how this decision supports the needs and interests of the people SCE&G serves, and how it is consistent with SCE&G's long-standing commitment to function as an integrated electric utility that is willing to bear the risk of building the principal baseload units that serve its customers. My testimony discusses how SCE&G has evaluated the risks of nuclear construction and the challenges SCE&G faces in constructing and financing these units. My testimony also introduces the testimony of the other Company's witnesses in this case.

A.

SCE&G WITNESSES

Q. WHO ARE THE OTHER WITNESSES THAT WILL PROVIDE DIRECT TESTIMONY FOR SCE&G?

The other SCE&G witnesses providing direct testimony are:

1. Jimmy E. Addison, Senior Vice President and Chief
Financial Officer of SCANA and SCE&G. Mr. Addison will present an
overview of the financial position of SCE&G and will discuss the capital
requirements of building VCSNS Units 2 & 3 and the rate impacts of those
expenditures of capital; the importance to the financial community of the
Base Load Review Act and the order in this proceeding; and SCE&G's
financial ability to sustain the investment required to build the units
successfully. Mr. Addison will also present the return on equity established

in SCE&G's last base rate proceeding as the return on equity to apply in establishing revised rates in this proceeding.

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- 2. Stephen A. Byrne, Senior Vice President for Generation and Chief Nuclear Officer of SCE&G. Mr. Byrne will discuss the selection of nuclear units as the preferred technology to meet SCE&G's need for base load generation and will review the selection and advantages of the Jenkinsville site; the choice of Westinghouse AP1000 units; and the choice of Westinghouse/Stone & Webster as the contractors to build those units. Mr. Byrne will also present and explain the structure of the Engineering, Procurement and Construction Agreement (the "EPC Contract"), and the contingencies contained in the Combined Application in this proceeding. He will explain how the Company will manage the VCSNS Units 2 & 3 construction project and oversee the EPC contractors. Mr. Byrne will review and explain risk factors related to the construction program; issues related to spent fuel storage and disposal, and decommissioning; the Nuclear Regulatory Commission ("NRC") permitting process; and the overall construction schedule for the Units.
 - 3. **Dr. Joseph M. Lynch,** Manager of Resource Planning, SCANA Services, Inc. Dr. Lynch will sponsor the studies that establish the need for additional base load generation in the 2016 time period, and that establish the relative economics of nuclear and non-nuclear generation

1	alternatives. He will also review the process by which generation
2	alternatives are reviewed by the Company.
3	4. David K. Pickles, Vice President, ICF International, Mr.
4	Pickles will testify concerning energy efficiency and load management
5	issues as well as SCE&G's comprehensive energy efficiency and demand
6	side management review and evaluation initiative for 2009.
7	5. Stephen E. Summer, Senior Environmental Specialist,
8	SCANA Services, Inc. Mr. Summer will provide an overview of
9	environmental permits required for VCSNS Units 2 & 3 and the seismic
10	and environmental studies conducted at the site. His testimony will
11	establish the Company's ability to conform to the applicable environmental
12	laws and regulations related to the Units.
13	6. Robert B. Whorton, Senior Engineer, SCE&G. Mr.
14	Whorton will testify concerning seismic, geotechnical and geological
15	conditions at the Jenkinsville site.
16	7. Steven H. Connor, Tetra Tech, NUS, Inc., Project Manager.
17	Mr. Connor will sponsor the environmental report establishing the
18	environmental suitability of the Jenkinsville site for new nuclear generation
19	units and will present a synopsis of the extensive site characterization
20	studies and other site and environmental information filed with the NRC in

the Combined Operating License Application (the "COLA").

8. E. Elizabeth Best , Director of Financial Planning & Investo
Relations, SCANA Services, Inc. Ms. Best will sponsor the financial and
cost projections related to the VCSNS Units 2 & 3 construction program,
including the inflation indices and contingency amounts included in those
projections. Ms. Best will present the capital structure and cost of capital
for SCE&G and schedules of anticipated capital expenditures during the
construction period. She will also sponsor the current estimates of in-
service expenses for each unit after start-up.

- 9. **Kenneth R. Jackson**, Vice President, Regulatory Matters, SCANA Services, Inc., Mr. Jackson will sponsor the tariff sheets for the initial rate increase. He will present the rate design and the peak demand allocators as well as other information on which the revised rates request in this proceeding are based.
- 10. **Hubert C. Young, III,** Manager, SCE&G Transmission Planning, SCE&G. Mr. Young will present the transmission interconnection studies that have determined the transmission facilities that SCE&G will be required to build to connect VCSNS Units 2 & 3 to the transmission grid, and will present the cost estimates for those facilities.

OVERVIEW OF SCE&G'S GENERATING SYSTEM

Q. PLEASE GIVE A SHORT DESCRIPTION OF SCE&G'S ELECTRIC
 SERVICE TERRITORY AND GENERATING FACILITIES.

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A.

SCE&G operates an integrated electric utility system that serves over 640,000 customers in 24 counties in central and southern South Carolina. SCE&G owns and/or operates ten (10) coal-fired fossil fuel units (2,484 MW), one (1) cogeneration facility (90 MW), eight (8) combined cycle gas turbine/steam generator units (gas/oil fired, 1,319 MW), eighteen (18) peaking turbines (347 MW), five (5) hydroelectric generating plants (227 MW), and one pump storage facility (576 MW). The total net nonnuclear summer generating capability rating of these facilities is 5,043 megawatts. In addition, SCE&G operates the V.C. Summer Nuclear Station ("VCSNS Unit 1" or "Summer Station") which it owns jointly with the South Carolina Public Service Authority or Santee Cooper. Summer Station was originally rated to generate 900 MW but over the years SCE&G and Santee Cooper have invested capital to increase the net dependable output of the plant to 966 MW on a sustained, reliable basis. Combining SCE&G's fossil-hydro capacity with its two-thirds interest in VCSNS Unit 1, the total net generating capability of all SCE&G facilities is 5,687 MW. When our South Eastern Power Authority contracts (33MWs) and a long-term purchase (25 MWs) from Santee Cooper are considered, our total supply capacity is 5,745 MWs.

1	Q.	WHAT WAS SCE&G'S PEAK DEMAND AND RESERVE MARGIN			
2		IN 2007?			
3	A.	In 2007, SCE&G's peak demand was 5,248 MW including a 250			
4		MW firm sale to the North Carolina Electric Membership Corporation			
5		which when compared to the Company's net generating capability provides			
6		for a reserve margin of approximately 9%.			
7	Q.	HOW MUCH ELECTRICITY WAS GENERATED BY SCE&G IN			
8		2007?			
9	A.	In 2007, SCE&G generated 26,242,850 megawatt hours of energy.			
10		Of this energy, the fossil steam plants generated 65%, the nuclear plant			
11		generated 18%, the combined cycle natural gas units generated 12%, and			
12		the gas peaking turbines and hydro facilities generated 5%.			
13					
14	<u>ID</u>	ENTIFICATION OF THE NEED FOR NEW BASE LOAD CAPACITY			
15	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE PROCESS BY WHICH SCE&G			
16		IDENTIFIED THE NEED FOR NEW BASE LOAD GENERATION			
17		IN THE 2016-2019 TIME PERIOD.			
18	A.	As the Commission is aware, SCE&G's resource planning			
19		department, which is headed by Dr. Lynch, regularly monitors the growth			
20		of customer requirements on SCE&G's electric system and evaluates the			
21		potential means of fulfilling those requirements. In its 2006 Integrated			
22		Resource Plan, SCE&G discussed the need for additional generation			

resources on its system in the 2016-2019 time period. Given the amount of the load growth that had occurred on SCE&G's system in the past decade and the declining percentage of base load generation in SCE&G's generation mix, the Company determined that the requirements for new generation should be met by building additional base load generation capacity.

Q. PLEASE DEFINE BASE LOAD GENERATION.

Base load plants are fuel efficient generating units that are designed and intended to run for extended periods of time and at high capacity factors, *i.e.*, thousands of hours a year. These plants supply the bulk of customers' needs for both electric energy and capacity year in and year out and are the foundation on which an electric system operates. In 2007, base load plants generated over 80% of SCE&G's energy.

14 Q. WHAT TYPES OF PLANTS DO YOU CONSIDER TO BE BASE15 LOAD UNITS?

Base load plants are typically either coal or nuclear fired plants.

These plants have relatively low fuel costs per kilowatt hour (KWH) of electricity generated, but are more expensive to build than intermediate and peaking units.

A.

A.

Q. WHAT NEEDS ARE MET BY INTERMEDIATE AND PEAKING

2 UNITS?

A.

A.

Intermediate and peaking units, supplemented by hydroelectric plants and alternative energy sources, supply customers with the less than 20% of energy and capacity that is not supplied by base load plants. While intermediate and peaking units have lower capital costs than base load plants, these plants typically have higher fuel costs and are intended to run fewer hours per year than base load plants.

Q. WHAT KINDS OF PLANTS ARE BUILT TODAY AS

INTERMEDIATE AND PEAKING UNITS?

Most intermediate plants built today are combined cycle natural gas plants. These plants include natural gas fired internal combustion turbines that power electric generators and are coupled with heat recovery boilers and steam turbines to recover energy from the exhaust stream of the gas turbines.

Most peaking plants built today are simple cycle gas plants. These are internal combustion gas turbines without heat recovery boilers. The lack of a heat recovery boiler makes these plants less expensive and easier to build than combined cycle plants, but limits their fuel efficiency.

Q.	WHAT HAS	CREATED	THE NEED	FOR BAS	E LOAD
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GENERATION ON SCE&G'S SYSTEM IN THE 2016-2019

PERIOD?

A.

A. The need for additional base load generation on SCE&G's system is the result of growth and development in the Company's service territory, which includes a number of the most rapidly growing areas of South Carolina, particularly the areas near Charleston, Beaufort, Northeast Columbia and Lexington. While energy use by some traditional industrial energy users like textile manufacturers has declined, our State's economy has continued to grow in other areas of industry and manufacturing. In addition, residential, commercial and retirement growth continues at a rapid pace.

Q. CAN YOU QUANTIFY THIS GROWTH FROM AN ELECTRIC PERSPECTIVE?

Yes. Over the past twelve years, SCE&G has added approximately 149,000 new customers, which amounts to a 31% percent increase in our customer base over that period. During that period, net of retirements, SCE&G installed 2,413 miles of new overhead line, 3,014 miles of new underground line, 86,065 new distribution transformers and 139,988 new service poles to serve customers on its system.

Q. WHAT IS YOUR VIEW OF THE PROSPECTS FOR CONTINUED GROWTH IN SCE&G'S TERRITORY?

Recent economic uncertainties notwithstanding, central and coastal South Carolina continue to be very attractive places for new residential and commercial growth. The southeastern United States is one of the most rapidly growing regions in the United States. Within our region, the attractiveness of South Carolina for potential growth has increased as other Southern states like Florida and North Carolina have become more crowded and land and construction have become more expensive. Florida in particular has suffered recently from its exposure to hurricanes. We believe that over the medium to long term, growth will continue in South Carolina at rates that are consistent with past rates of growth. As the electric service provider to approximately one-fourth of the customers in the State, SCE&G is responsible for ensuring that sufficient electric power is available on its system to serve both new and existing customers as this growth proceeds.

WHAT PREDICTIONS OF FUTURE GROWTH HAS THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA MADE?

According to the *Global Insights*, South Carolina's population will grow by over 10% between 2008 and 2016. Specific county growth rates include:

Q.

A.

A.

AREA	2008	2016	Percent Change	2019	Percent Change
Aiken County, SC	154,370	168,020	8.8%	173,200	12.2%
Beaufort County, SC	151,230	179,300	18.6%	187,270	23.8%
Charleston County, SC	345,780	368,590	6.6%	381,230	10.3%
Dorchester County, SC	129,090	156,830	21.5%	163,970	27.0%
Lexington County, SC	248,330	279,290	12.5%	290,120	16.8%
Richland County, SC	364,160	402,510	10.5%	416,180	14.3%
South Carolina	4,487,540	4,945,900	10.2%	5,106,000	13.8%

2

4

6

To keep pace with this growth and to meet its service obligations,

- SCE&G will have to add significant new generation capacity to its
- 5 electrical system.

EXISTING RESOURCES

7 Q. WHEN DID SCE&G LAST ADD BASE LOAD GENERATION TO

8 ITS SYSTEM?

- 9 A. SCE&G last added base load generation to its electric system when
 10 Cope Station went into commercial operation in 1996. Cope Station is a
 11 420 MW pulverized coal plant located in Orangeburg County.
- 12 Q. HOW HAS CUSTOMER DEMAND ON SCE&G'S SYSTEM

13 CHANGED SINCE THAT TIME?

A. Since 1996, energy use on SCE&G's system has grown by 5,880 gigawatt hours (GWH) or 31%. By 2016, energy use on the system is forecasted to have grown by an additional 2,499 GWH, for a total growth of 44% since Cope entered service. By 2019, energy use is forecasted to

1		have grown by an additional 1,671 GWH for a total growth of 53% since
2		Cope entered service.
3	Q.	WHAT MODELING AND FORECASTING WAS DONE TO
4		QUANTIFY SCE&G'S NEED FOR ADDITIONAL BASE LOAD
5		GENERATION IN THE 2016-2019 PERIOD?
6	A.	Extensive modeling and forecasting had been done over a number of
7		years that identified the need for additional base load generation in the
8		2016-2019 time period. Dr. Lynch will testify in more detail concerning
9		the modeling and forecasting that his department regularly conducts of
10		SCE&G's territorial demand and options for serving it. He will also testify
11		concerning the specific modeling and forecasting that led his group to
12		identify the need for additional base load capacity in the 2016-2019 time
13		period and validated the fact that two Westinghouse AP1000 units,
14		constructed in partnership with Santee Cooper, were the most appropriate
15		and prudent means to meet that need.
16	Q.	WHAT EXPERIENCE DOES DR. LYNCH HAVE IN
17		FORECASTING ELECTRIC LOADS ON SCE&G'S SYSTEM?
18	A.	Dr. Lynch has more than 30 years experience in forecasting electric
19		use on SCE&G's system and he and his staff know SCE&G's system,
20		service territory and customer needs very well. As a member of the
21		SCE&G leadership team, I have worked with Dr. Lynch's group

extensively for over 15 years. I have found his group's work to be

technically accurate and to reflect excellent judgment and a great deal of
experience concerning how best to meet the needs of SCE&G's system and
customers.

HOW DOES DR. LYNCH'S CONCLUSION CONCERNING THE NEED FOR BASE LOAD GENERATION COMPARE WITH YOUR OPERATING KNOWLEDGE OF SCE&G'S SYSTEM?

Dr. Lynch's determination that additional base load capacity is needed in the 2016–2019 period comports well with the Company's understanding of its operational needs and the current status of its generation fleet. Considering the recent and continuing growth in our territory, and the 12-year period since base load generation was last added to our system, it is entirely logical that SCE&G would be considering adding 614 MW of base load capacity in 2016, and an additional 614 MW in 2019.

15 Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN.

A.

Q.

A.

As indicated above, SCE&G last added a base load unit to its system 12 years ago. In the ensuing years, SCE&G has met increased load through the addition of intermediate and peaking generation resources to the system. Specifically, SCE&G added the 852 MW Jasper Station combined cycle unit to its system in 2004, and repowered Urquart Units 1 & 2 from coal to natural gas in 2002. The Urquart repowering added 317 MW of net new capacity to the system.

While these are efficient and valuable plants, they do not have the low fuel costs associated with true base load plants. As load has grown, SCE&G has been required to rely increasingly on these intermediate plants, and on its fleet of aging coal fired units to meet customers' demands.

Q. CAN YOU QUANTIFY THESE CHANGES?

A. Yes. The percentage of base load capacity on SCE&G's system declined from over 75% to 56% during the period 1996-2007. Nonetheless, during 2007, the 56% of our generation capacity represented by base load plants generated over 80% of the energy used on SCE&G's system. Going

during 2007, the 56% of our generation capacity represented by base load plants generated over 80% of the energy used on SCE&G's system. Going forward, the percentage of system capacity that is base load capacity will drop to 45% by 2020 unless SCE&G builds new base load capacity to meet

forecasted demand growth.

Q. WHAT IS THE AGE OF SCE&G'S BASE LOAD GENERATION ASSETS?

Sixty-four percent (64%) of SCE&G's 3,218 MW of base load capacity, or 2,064 MW, consists of coal plants that were built between 1953 and 1973. These plants are on average more than 40 years old today and they will be on average more than 50 years old by 2019. Unless newer base load resources are added to the generation mix, SCE&G will have to rely on these older plants more and more intensely in future years.

A.

1	Q.	MR. MARSH, YOU HAVE REVIEWED THE LOAD FORECASTS
2		WHICH IDENTIFY THE NEED FOR NEW BASE LOAD
3		CAPACITY IN THE 2016-2019 PERIOD. WHAT IS YOUR
4		OPINION CONCERNING THEM?
5	A.	I believe that these forecasts are accurate and reliable based on the
6		information available today. These studies forecast a forward-looking retail
7		demand growth of 1.7% annually compared to an historical growth rate in
8		2.5% range. This forecast reflects significant demand reductions due to
9		anticipated improvements in the efficiency of lighting and appliances
10		mandated by the Federal Government as well as the expiration of contracts
11		for sales to wholesale customers. These growth forecasts do not include
12		potential increases in demand due to new technologies like electric
13		automobiles. To the extent there is any bias in these studies, that bias
14		would be that the load growth projections contained in them are reasonably
15		conservative because they project a lower growth in system load that could
16		be justified under other, equally reasonable assumptions.
17	Q.	IN YOUR OPINION, IS IT APPROPRIATE TO BASE A DECISION
18		TO BUILD NEW BASE LOAD GENERATION ON STUDIES THAT
19		TEND TOWARD CONSERVATISM IN FORECASTING
20		GROWTH?
21	A.	Yes, I believe that it is prudent to base the decision to build new base
22		load generation on a forecast that tends towards conservatism because of

the long lead-times involved in permitting and siting base-load generation and the options that exist for responding to faster-than-expected load growth during the period by making off-system purchases or building additional peaking generation.

A.

THE SELECTION OF NUCLEAR UNITS TO MEET BASE LOAD

REQUIREMENTS

Q. WHEN DID SCE&G BEGIN TO EVALUATE ITS OPTIONS FOR ADDING NUCLEAR GENERATION IN THE 2016-2019 TIME PERIOD?

A. SCE&G began the process of evaluating nuclear generation load options in the 2005 time period.

Q. WHEN WAS THE DECISION REQUIRED TO BE MADE?

SCE&G determined that to meet its forecasted requirements for new base load generation it would need to make a decision as to the viability of constructing nuclear generation in the 2006-2008 time period. SCE&G has access to good information about the cost and feasibility of gas and coal facilities. As a result, the focus of the evaluation that SCE&G began in 2005 was to develop a comparable understanding of the costs and feasibility of new nuclear capacity. This was particularly important given the increasing cost of environmentally compliant coal units, the likelihood of CO₂ regulation, and the increasing volatility of natural gas prices. As

SCE&G refined its understanding of new nuclear generation, it compared that information with information already available to it concerning the cost and risks of the coal and natural gas alternatives.

4 Q. WHAT DID SCE&G CONCLUDE?

A.

A.

After several years of intensive study, evaluation and negotiation, in May of 2008 SCE&G decided to proceed with the construction of two new AP1000 nuclear units that it will build in partnership with Santee Cooper. This decision was made after careful analysis of the data and analysis that our joint leadership team, including Santee Cooper, believed to be relevant and after intensive negotiations with the Westinghouse/Stone & Webster consortium to ensure a reasonable price and reasonable terms for the construction project.

13 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE HOW THE APROODO UNIT WAS SELECTED.

As Mr. Byrne will describe in more detail, in the 2005 time frame SCE&G's new nuclear deployment team solicited detailed information from the leading providers of nuclear generation units about the cost, characteristics and regulatory status of their designs. The available units were ranked based on both technical/regulatory and financial criteria. An initial selection of the Westinghouse APLOWO unit was made based on a number of factors which included its size, its passive design, its operational similarity to the existing VCSNS Unit 1, the fact that the NRC had issued a

1		nuclear design license for the unit, and the fact that there were opportunities
2		to collaborate with other utilities in the licensing and engineering process.
3		The initial selection of APIOWO units was made in 2005-2006.
4		During 2006, SCE&G began negotiations with the consortium of
5		Westinghouse/Stone & Webster for two AP1000 units. Those negotiations
6		concluded in May of 2008 with the signing of the EPC Contract.
7	Q.	WHY DID SCE&G DECIDE ON TWO UNITS SHARED WITH
8		SANTEE COOPER RATHER THAN ONE UNIT?
9	A.	Due to economies of scale and construction efficiencies, two units
10		built in sequence are cheaper per kilowatt (KW) of capacity than is a single
11		unit. In addition, by separating the commercial operation dates of the two
12		units by thirty-three months SCE&G is better able to match the new
13		generation capacity to the growth in load on its system. Because two full
14		units would be more than SCE&G would need itself, the Company sought a
15		joint venture partner to share the capacity and the cost. We believe Santee
16		Cooper is an ideal partner to take a 45% share in the costs and capacity of
17		each unit.
18	Q.	WHY IS SANTEE COOPER A GOOD PARTNER FOR THIS
19		PROJECT?
20	A.	There are a number of reasons why Santee Cooper is such a good

partner for this project.

1	•	Santee Cooper needs the energy these units can generate due to growth
2		on its system.
3	•	SCE&G and Santee Cooper jointly built VCSNS Unit 1 in the 1970s

A.

- and early 1980s and now have a 26 year history of successfully operating that unit as joint owners. In fact, Santee Cooper already owns a one-third interest in Unit 1 and many of the facilities that will jointly support both the new and existing units.
- Santee Cooper is an agency of the State of South Carolina, with a solid credit rating, and brings great financial strength to the project.

10 Q. BETWEEN SCE&G AND SANTEE COOPER, WHAT 11 PERCENTAGE OF SOUTH CAROLINA'S ELECTRIC 12 CUSTOMERS WILL BE SERVED BY THESE NEW UNITS?

A. By our calculation, almost 60% of the electric customers in South Carolina are served either directly by SCE&G and Santee Cooper or are served by electric cooperatives or municipal electric suppliers that receive wholesale service from us.

17 Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN HOW YOU CAME TO NEGOTIATE WITH A 18 CONSORTIUM OF WESTINGHOUSE AND STONE & WEBSTER.

Before our negotiations with Westinghouse began, Westinghouse had entered into an arrangement with Stone & Webster under which

APLOWO units built in the United States would be engineered and constructed by a consortium of the two companies. SCE&G believed there

1	to be significant benefits to this arrangement and did not object to it in the
2	negotiations with Westinghouse.

Q. WHY DID THIS ARRANGEMENT SEEM BENEFICIAL TO

SCE&G?

A.

A.

Stone & Webster is a very competent and experienced engineering and construction contractor for large construction and power generation projects, and built many of the nuclear units in service today. In addition, having a single construction company build multiple AP1000 units makes sense because it allows all owners of these units to benefit from the expertise Stone & Webster gains in the engineering and construction of multiple AP1000 units.

12 Q. WHAT OTHER UTILITIES ARE CONSIDERING APROXIDE UNITS?

A. Duke Energy, Florida Power and Light, TVA, Progress Energy and Southern Company are considering the construction of APLOWO units for a total of 14 such units counting VCSNS Units 2 & 3. Westinghouse will provide the technology for four APLOWO units being built in China.

17 Q. WHAT WAS THE PRINCIPAL ALTERNATIVE SCE&G 18 CONSIDERED TO NEW NUCLEAR GENERATION?

While the specific generation need that SCE&G identified in the 2016-2019 period was for base load generation, SCE&G also considered an intermediate gas-fired combined cycle plant as an alternative to a base load coal or nuclear plant. An intermediate plant does not fit SCE&G's needs as

well as a base load plant, but from a pure cost perspective, a combined cycle gas plant was most competitive with nuclear generation, and was the principal alternative against which the nuclear plant was evaluated.

Q. HOW DID COAL FIGURE INTO THIS ANALYSIS?

Q.

A.

Α.

A new coal plant was not competitive with combined cycle gas generation primarily due to the cost of constructing a fully environmentally-compliant coal plant as well as the cost of coal, and the potential costs associated with CO₂ emissions. As Dr. Lynch will testify, coal is competitive with nuclear only with the assumption that there is no cost associated with CO₂ emissions. That is not a reasonable assumption in today's political and environmental climate and considering the life-span of base load units. Even when CO₂ costs are assumed to be very low, combined cycle gas generation still emerges as more competitive than coal.

HOW DID RENEWABLE OR ALTERNATIVE ENERGY SOURCES FIGURE INTO THIS ANALYSIS?

Alternative energy sources such as wind, solar, biomass and landfill methane may play a very useful role in supplementing base load generation resources on our system. I do not want to minimize the future role renewable resources may play in supplying South Carolina's future energy needs. But it was our conclusion that at this time, SCE&G could not prudently rely on them as a substitute for new base load generation to meet our customers' needs in the 2016-2019 time period.

Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN.

A.

Landfill methane resources are limited in South Carolina. Landfill methane units are capable of providing only a very small amount of power per landfill. And the number of suitable landfills in our area is limited. In addition, Santee Cooper is actively developing many of the resources that are available. Biomass resources, principally forest industry wastes, are available but not in quantities sufficient to meet a significant percent of SCE&G's generation needs.

Because of weather and atmospheric conditions, South Carolina and surrounding areas are not well suited either for wind or solar generation. In South Carolina, attractive wind resources exist chiefly off-shore. In our opinion, the technology to harness off-shore wind resources is still not fully mature. And the cost and permitting issues surrounding off-shore wind resources make them economically difficult to justify. In addition, wind and solar generation is not "dispatchable." *i.e.*, the weather decides when and how much energy is produced by these resources, not the needs of our customers or the operators in our control room. As Dr. Lynch will testify, to replace the energy from VCSNS Units 2 & 3 using solar or wind resources would require either 96 square miles of solar panels or 2,284 individual 3MW wind turbines installed off the South Carolina coast. As a single wind farm, the 2,284 individual wind turbines would cover 188

square miles or the entire length of the South Carolina coast three wind turbines deep.

A.

Such facilities would be prohibitively expensive and would replace only the energy represented by VCSNS Units 2 & 3 since wind and solar operate only about 20-35% of the time. Dispatchable back-up capacity would still need to be provided when weather or atmospheric conditions were not suitable for wind or solar generation.

Q. WHAT ROLE DOES DEMAND SIDE MANAGEMENT PLAY IN THESE ANALYSES?

As Dr. Lynch will testify, SCE&G has been very successful in managing its peak load through interruptible service riders, standby generator programs, and similar programs. These peak shifting or peak shaving programs are reducing our peak loads by as much as 4% which exceeds the industry average of 2-3%. The Fairfield Pumped Storage unit allows SCE&G to serve another 576 MW of peak demand for energy using off-peak generation. The resulting peak demand savings are already incorporated in the relevant demand forecasts on which the need for new base load generation is based. And for reasons Dr. Lynch will explain, peak shifting programs have reached a point of diminishing returns given the needs and load shape of our electric system.

In addition, as mentioned above, the analyses performed by Dr.

Lynch's group already include substantial reductions in assumed future

demand from new lighting efficiency mandates and appliance efficiency mandates that are being imposed by the Federal Government. SCE&G's experience during the 1970s and 1980s was that the greatest energy efficiency savings from DSM programs at the time came from governmentally-mandated efficiency programs such appliance efficiency standards and improvements in building codes.

Furthermore, in light of greater customer and societal interest in

Furthermore, in light of greater customer and societal interest in energy efficiency, SCE&G has recently expanded its energy efficiency focus, and as the Company's witness David Pickles will testify, is conducting a comprehensive review of potential programs and offerings. The Company plans to complete that review and bring the results to the Commission for implementation in mid-2009. As a company, we are committed to implementing those programs that provide a reasonable assurance of verifiable benefits to customers and the system. We believe that such programs will be identified through the current analysis and will be successfully implemented.

At present, we cannot be certain of the full impact on energy growth of the new lighting and appliance efficiency standards as supplemented by programs that emerge from the Company's energy efficiency evaluation.

However, as Dr. Lynch will testify, the current generation resource plan contains ample room to accommodate the future efficiency savings from governmental or SCE&G programs within the range of reasonable

expectations of success. Energy efficiency is important for many reasons, and should be actively pursued. The resulting efficiency savings can be accommodated in our current resource plan but are not a reasonable or prudent substitute for building the base load generation SCE&G will require in the 2016-2019 time period.

Q.

Α.

IN THE END, WHY DID SCE&G PICK NUCLEAR GENERATION OVER COMBINED CYCLE GAS GENERATION?

Dr. Lynch's group compared the long run costs to our customers of nuclear capacity, based on the construction costs established in the EPC Contract negotiations, with the cost of combined cycle gas generation under a number of sets of assumptions. Those assumptions concerned the future environmental cost of CO₂ emissions, future natural gas costs, future coal costs and future uranium costs. Nuclear capacity was the preferable alternative from a pure price standpoint in the reference case, which reflects the reasonable and conservative assumptions concerning future costs. The reference case shows nuclear is the preferred option from a cost standpoint even assuming relatively low charges for CO₂ emissions (only \$15 per ton in the reference case). Gas has a cost advantage over nuclear only if the studies assume no or a very low cost for CO₂ emissions over the planning horizon or very low gas prices. Neither of these conditions appears very likely over the life of a base load plant.

Q.	HOW DID NUCLEAR GENERATION PERFORM IN VARIATIONS
	FROM THE REFERENCE CASE FOR EVALUATING FUTURE
	COSTS?

A.

A.

As Dr. Lynch will testify, nuclear generation proved to be preferable to combined cycle gas generation in most of the more probable variations of the reference case, *i.e.*, scenarios involving higher than anticipated gas prices, higher than anticipated carbon prices, and higher than anticipated coal prices. In fact, nuclear generation proved to be the most beneficial option in precisely those scenarios where the costs of operating SCE&G's other generating units would be highest and the availability of lower cost nuclear power would be of most benefit to customers. Conversely, in those analyses where nuclear generation was a higher cost alternative, the costs of operating existing coal and gas plants would be lower than anticipated and these lower costs would serve to hold overall generation costs down.

Q. WHAT DO THESE RESULTS MEAN ABOUT RISK DIVERSITY FOR SCE&G'S GENERATION SYSTEM?

Building nuclear capacity diversifies SCE&G's exposure to increasingly volatile and globalized fossil fuel markets as well as risks related to the future environmental costs associated with CO₂ emissions.

The price and environmental risks related to fossil fuels are among the most serious risks that SCE&G and its electric customers face. Adding more gas or coal capacity to meet base load needs in the 2016-2019 period would

increase SCE&G's exposure to those risks. As Dr. Lynch's testimony indicates, if SCE&G were to meet its 2016-2019 capacity needs with natural gas, its generation mix would be 79% fossil fuel based in 2020.

A.

On the other hand, by building new nuclear generation, SCE&G will reduce exposure to those risks. The Company will pay capital costs which, although significant, are largely defined today in the EPC Contract, and will be fully quantified when construction is complete.

Q. HOW SIGNIFICANT A RISK IS GAS AND COAL PRICE VOLATILITY?

With specific reference to natural gas generation, volatility in natural gas markets has grown dramatically in recent years. The natural gas market is becoming more globalized as the United States imports more Liquefied Natural Gas ("LNG") to meet demand for natural gas. Over time, this trend may make global LNG markets more and more susceptible to price increases due to global energy demand and global competition for energy resources.

As Dr. Lynch will testify, the volumes of natural gas that are needed to replace the energy that would be generated by two nuclear units is nearly ten times the volume of gas that SCE&G currently supplies to its residential gas customers. Considering the volumes of natural gas required to generate electricity, at this time, we consider it risky and unadvisable to rely on this fuel to meet base load generation requirements where other reasonable

1	alternatives exist. As to coal prices, volatility in those markets has grown
2	dramatically in recent months, as global competition for coal has caused the
3	United States' net coal exports to increase dramatically. In July of 2008,
4	spot prices for coal which rarely exceeded \$50 per ton three years ago have
5	exceeded \$150 per ton. These developments seem to signal the
6	globalization of U.S. coal markets, with the price volatility that seems to go
7	along with such a change.

Q. WHAT ARE THE ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES RELATED TO COAL AND GAS GENERATION?

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Compared to combined cycle gas units, the two nuclear units proposed here will avoid approximately 510 million tons of CO₂ emissions over their 60 year lives. Compared to coal units, they will avoid approximately 1 billion tons of CO₂ emissions. In fact, by adding this base load nuclear capacity to the system, SCE&G is forecasted to reduce its annual carbon emissions by 21%. The savings in SOx and NOx emissions, while smaller in volume, are nonetheless substantial.

Q. WHAT THEN ARE THE RISKS FROM CHOOSING NUCLEAR GENERATION TO MEET SCE&G'S 2016-2019 BASE LOAD REQUIREMENTS?

20 A. The risks from choosing nuclear generation to meet the 2016-2019
21 requirements are outlined in Exhibit J to the Application.

Mr. Byrne will discuss technical and safety issues at greater length. As
he indicates, given the nuclear industry's record of safe operations, the
technological and engineering advances reflected in current nuclear
plant designs, and the options for dry fuel storage of wastes, SCE&G
does not see safety, technical issues, or waste disposal issues as being
unmanageable risks related to nuclear construction at this time.

- Mr. Addison will discuss the financial risks related to the nuclear construction project. As he indicates, while the investment community is very interested in the outcome of these proceedings, we believe that if the Commission supports SCE&G's request for a Base Load Review Order along the lines of the Application, financial markets will provide SCE&G with access to the capital required to build these plants on reasonable terms. Important to the investment community's assessment of the risks of this venture will be the Commission's response to the contingencies included in the Combined Application in this matter, which relate to both schedule and price. We believe that with an appropriate order in this proceeding, the financial risk from construction of VCSNS Units 2 & 3 is manageable.
- Fuel risks for nuclear generation are modest, not because prices for uranium and fuel components may not rise in the future, but because nuclear fuel costs are so low as a percentage of total nuclear power costs. Fuel costs typically represent less than 10% of the total cost per

kWh of nuclear power. Given these percentages, it takes a dramatic rise
in nuclear fuel costs to create a modest rise in total nuclear generation
costs. That said, SCE&G is not aware of any significant constraint on
either uranium supplies or the availability of fabrication capacity for
fuel assemblies that would indicate the possibility of major price
increases for fuel.

- As Mr. Summer, Mr. Connor and Mr. Whorton will testify, the environmental risks and seismic risks associated with VCSNS Units 2 & 3 have been thoroughly studied and assessed and are not significant.
 SCE&G's 26 year history of successful nuclear operations at the site gives practical support to this conclusion.
- Given the degree of regulatory oversight already given to the APLOWO design, we believe that NRC licensing risk is manageable, and expect a reasonable schedule to be issued for SCE&G's licensing review.
- Construction delays and regulatory or legal changes could jeopardize SCE&G's receipt of Federal Production Tax Credits related to the units. In addition, SCE&G and Santee Cooper have planned to receive a full allocation of credits. However, if final tax regulations and determinations preclude Santee Cooper's and public power entities' eligibility for the credits, SCE&G and Santee Cooper have agreed to share the value of the credits they receive subject to PSC approval. If

1	Santee Cooper is not allocated credits, SCE&G could receive less than
2	its full anticipated amount of credits.

Q. WHAT THEN ARE THE PRINCIPAL RISKS FROM THE VCSNS UNITS 2 & 3 CONSTRUCTION PROJECT?

A. In our view, the principal risks of nuclear generation are risks related to the construction of the units themselves, specifically the price and schedule risks of the construction project.

Q. HOW HAS SCE&G ADDRESSED THESE RISKS?

SCE&G has mitigated these price and schedule risks by selecting a nuclear technology that is well advanced in the NRC licensing process. We are siting VCSNS Units 2 & 3 at a location where the Company has successfully conducted nuclear operations for decades and which is well studied and understood environmentally and geologically and where existing transmissions is located. We have chosen a competent nuclear system supplier and construction contractor to build the units. In the EPC Contract with Westinghouse/Stone & Webster, we have negotiated the greatest amount of price certainty we believe to be reasonably possible consistent with our interest in a low price. And we have built incentives and penalties into that contract for the contractors to meet their cost and schedule commitments.

A.

Q: PLEASE ELABORATE.

A.

A.

Throughout the EPC Contract negotiations, which Mr. Byrne will explain in more detail, SCE&G pressed Westinghouse/Stone & Webster for as much price and schedule certainty as could be reasonably obtained without unduly adding to the expense of the units. The APOWO units clearly are best suited for SCE&G's needs and the needs of the Jenkinsville site, in terms of size and technology.

Those advantages aside, the SCE&G leadership team was not willing to proceed with nuclear licensing and construction without a reasonable target price from Westinghouse/Stone & Webster and reasonable and contractually binding assurances as to price and schedule. Obtaining those assurances was the principal reason the negotiations with Westinghouse/Stone & Webster lasted over two years.

Q: WHAT DID SCE&G DO TO OBTAIN REASONABLE

ASSURANCES OF PRICE AND SCHEDULE FROM

WESTINGHOUSE/STONE & WEBSTER?

SCE&G pressed for price assurances at all stages of the negotiations and took its concerns to the highest levels of Westinghouse, its parent company Toshiba Corp., Stone & Webster, and its parent company the Shaw Group, at the appropriate times. As part of the open book pricing process, our engineers and construction experts carefully reviewed

Westinghouse/Stone & Webster's pricing information, which was contained in the AP1000 "price book" and supporting documentation.

This pricing information was considered very confidential by

Westinghouse and was provided to us on the condition that the price books

be returned at the end of the negotiations and that the supporting data be
reviewed on site at Westinghouse facilities only. This set of documents

detailed each element of cost underlying Westinghouse/Stone & Webster's

cost estimates for the plants, including its estimates of equipment, labor and
materials necessary to each part of the plant and construction effort, as well
as the prices it had obtained from other suppliers for major items of
equipment.

The price information that Westinghouse/Stone & Webster provided was helpful in verifying that SCE&G had negotiated as favorable a price as SCE&G's was likely to achieve. But let me emphasize that Westinghouse/Stone & Webster cost information was not the basis on which the AP1000 technology was ultimately selected. In the end, the decision to construct AP1000 units was not based on Westinghouse/Stone & Webster's cost information, but on the price and price certainty Westinghouse/Stone & Webster offered and how that price conformed to SCE&G's needs and compared to the alternatives available from other vendors and other technologies.

Q. DID SCE&G EVER BREAK OFF NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE

CONSORTIUM?

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A.

Yes. As Mr. Byrne will testify, SCE&G broke off negotiations with Westinghouse/Stone & Webster in late 2006 to reassess its initial technology selection and to refresh its information concerning the pricing and price certainty available from other suppliers. We went back to all the original potential vendors and asked them to update their proposals. The evaluation of updated responses demonstrated that the APLOWO was still the preferred unit and that Westinghouse/Stone & Webster's pricing, price certainty commitments and price terms were in line with the market and the options available from other vendors.

12 Q. DO YOU BELIEVE THAT SCE&G RECEIVED APPROPRIATE 13 PRICE AND SCHEDULE COMMITMENTS FROM

WESTINGHOUSE/STONE & WEBSTER?

Yes, I believe that the EPC Contract with Westinghouse/Stone & Webster does contain appropriate price and schedule guarantees and a reasonable overall cost for a project of this scope. Under the EPC Contact, more than half the contract price falls either in the category of fixed price items or a firm price items which have either fixed or indexed escalators. Fixed price and fixed escalation items include the major equipment components of the plant. Craft wages, construction materials and consumables, and non-nuclear buildings are the principal items that are not

fixed or firm priced, and an additional percentage of these costs will be offered to SCE&G at a fixed price in the coming months.

Α.

As to the non-fixed, non-firm elements of the contract, the contract contains a target price, and Westinghouse/Stone & Webster is at risk for a substantial percentage of the agreed-to profit or costs where they have exceeded that target price. By the same token, if Westinghouse/Stone & Webster completes the project below the target price, they are allowed to keep the majority of the savings. We believe that this structure gives the consortium a significant incentive to bring the project in below budget.

Q. HOW WILL SCE&G MANAGE PRICE AND SCHEDULE RISK GOING FORWARD?

As Mr. Byrne will testify, SCE&G is assembling a team of engineering and construction personnel, with accounting and administrative support, to monitor all aspects of the construction process and to ensure that the EPC contract is administered as intended. The business processes and structures for this oversight group are being formalized at this time. In all, we estimate more than 50 people will be assigned to this task. At the center of this structure will be a dedicated group of SCE&G personnel that will monitor each aspect of the construction process on a day-to-day basis and will report progress, issues and variances to an executive steering committee that includes me as SCE&G's president, and a senior executive from Santee Cooper and to the SCANA board of directors. This project

will be monitored on a sustained and continuous basis by all levels of the
reporting chain as well as dedicated personnel from the Office of
Regulatory Staff and multiple dedicated NRC inspectors.

Q.

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SCE&G'S PHILOSOPHY OF UTILITY OPERATIONS

- MR. MARSH, HOW DOES THE DECISION TO PROCEED WITH CONSTRUCTION OF VCSNS UNITS 2 & 3 FIT WITH SCE&G'S PHILOSOPHY OF UTILITY OPERATIONS AS PRESENTED TO THIS COMMISSION IN PAST PROCEEDINGS?
 - In past proceedings, SCE&G has demonstrated to the Commission that it is guided by a philosophy of utility operations that includes the following points:
 - Vertically Integrated Utility Operations -- SCE&G believes that the Company can best provide reliable, reasonably-priced electric service to its customers if it owns, maintains and operates the base load units which serve them. For that reason, SCE&G has consistently sought to remain a vertically integrated electric utility that owns and maintains its own generation resources. The Company relies on the market and on third parties for short-term and peaking capacity, and for economy and supplemental energy. Otherwise it seeks to own the key assets on which it and its customers depend for reliable and reasonably priced electric service.

Commitment to Build What Is Needed With the commitment to
owning its own generation resources goes the obligation to build and
finance the plants that the system needs when the system needs them.
This means accepting the risks of building plants even in unfavorable
economic and market conditions. For example, SCE&G built the Cope
Plant at a time (1992-1996) when no other investor-owned utilities were
willing to build base load generation for fear that deregulation would
result in "stranded investment." But SCE&G's system needed
additional base load generation and the Company took responsibility to
build it. In fact, to my knowledge, Cope was the only investor-owned
base load plant completed in the mid-1990s and has been a key resource
for serving customers since it was completed. It has been recognized as
being among the most reliable and efficient plants in the United States.
At today's prices, replacing Cope would cost several times what
SCE&G paid for it.

Reducing Financial Costs and Risks through Regulatory Transparency -- From a financial perspective, SCE&G was able to finance the Cope plant successfully in the face of skeptical financial markets because of the early prudency review that it received from this Commission. The Company came to the Commission in 1992, when construction was just beginning, and asked for a full prudency review. The Company sought and the Commission approved staged increases

during the construction period to allow the Company to recover its cost
of capital associated with construction spending to reduce ultimate costs
to customers. The resulting Cope order was a model for the early
prudency reviews and interim rate adjustments written into the Base
Load Review Act. In many ways, this proceeding is a continuation of
the approach that the Company proposed and the Commission adopted
in the Cope proceedings.
Sticking to What We Know SCE&G has been guided in recent
decades by the principle of sticking to what it knows and does well, an

Sticking to What We Know -- SCE&G has been guided in recent decades by the principle of sticking to what it knows and does well, an approach one investment analyst labeled "plain vanilla" utility operations. In proposing to build VCSNS Units 2 & 3, the Company is proposing to build its new nuclear units on a site where it has operated a nuclear plant successfully for more than 26 years; the units are updated versions of the unit currently operating on that site; the principal suppliers will be the same company that supplied VCSNS Unit 1; and SCE&G's partner in this venture, Santee Cooper, is the same entity with which it has successfully partnered in operating VCSNS Unit 1 for the last 26 years.

In important respects, SCE&G's decision to build VCSNS Units 2 & 3 is a continuation of relationships and activities that SCE&G has successfully managed for decades.

1		CONCLUSION
2	Q.	IN SUMMARY, WHY IS SCE&G PROPOSING TO PROCEED
3		WITH CONSTRUCTION OF TWO APPOSOO NUCLEAR UNITS?
4	A.	As a public utility, SCE&G has an obligation to make reliable, safe
5		and reasonably priced power available to both new and existing customers
6		as our service territory develops. To meet that obligation effectively,
7		SCE&G must add new base load generation in the 2016-2019 time period.
8		For all the reasons set forth above, the logical, prudent and responsible
9		means to meet that need is to proceed with licensing and construction of
10		two Westinghouse API0000 nuclear units in partnership with Santee
11		Cooper.
12	Q.	WHAT ARE YOU ASKING THIS COMMISSION TO DO?
13	A.	SCE&G respectfully requests that the Commission issue a combined
14		order under the Base Load Review Act, and the Siting Act:
15		1. Approving the Combined Application in this matter;
16		2. Granting a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing
17		SCE&G to proceed with construction of WCSNS Units 2 & 3;
18		3. Determining, as provided in the Base Load Review Act, that VCSNS
19		Units 2 & 3 will be conclusively deemed to be prudently constructed
20		and used and useful for utility purposes (a) so long as they are
21		constructed in accordance with the price estimates, with inflation factors

and contingencies, that are contained in Exhibit F and Paragraphs 10,

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10	A.	Yes, it does.
9	Q.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
8		5. Authorizing other relief as required.
7		after May 1, 2009; and
6		in Exhibit N of the Combined Application for service rendered on or
5		4. Authorizing the Company to put into effect the revised rates as set forth
4		Application;
3		contingencies, specified in Paragraphs 8 and 9 of the Combined
2		completed in accordance with the scheduled completion dates with
1		13-16 of the Combined Application; and (b) so long as they are

BY MIR. BURGESS:

- Q Mr. Maansh, have you prepared a summaary of your direct testinmony?
 - A Yes, I have.
 - Q Would you please deliver it at this time?
 - A I will1. Good afteenmoon, Madam Chair and membeers of the Commission. On May 30, 2008, SCE&G submitted an application to the Commission for a certificate of environmental compatibility and public convenience and necessity, and for a Base Load Review order for the construction and operation of a nuclear facility at Jenkimsswille, South Canolina. That petition concerns the company's plan to construct two 1,117-megaweatt AP1000 nuclear generating untits at the site of the present V.C. Summer Nuclear Station outside of Jenkimsswille, South Canolina.

These new untits will be built by a consortium formed by Westinghouse Electric Componantion and Stone & Webster, LLC. This will take place under an engineering, procurement, and construction agreement, which we refer to as the EPC contract. It was sigmed on Way 23, 2008.

Other witnesses will testiffy in detail concerning the AP1000 untits, the site where they will be comstructed, and the EPC comtract under which they will

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be buillt. My direct testimmony will focus on, one, how has SCE&G assessed the needs of its system for new baseload capacity in the 2016-2019 timefinane; two, how the company evaluated the options available to nexet those needs; and three, why the decision to partner with the South Campilina Public Service Authority, or Samtee Coopper, to construct two new AP1000 units is a sound I will show how the decisions to construct these new units supports the needs and interests of the people SCE&G serves, and how it is conssistent with SCE&G's long-standing commitment to function as an integrated electric uttility that is willing to bear the risk of building base-load generation to serve its customers. My testimmony also discusses how SCE&G plans to meet the challenges involved in constructing and filmancing these I also introduce the testimony of the other umits. company witnesses in this case.

Let me begin by providing the Commission with an overview of the SCE&G system and its needs. SCE&G operates an integrated electric uttility system that serves over 640,000 customers in 24 countries in central and southern South Canollina. SCE&G owns or operates one nuclear facility, ten coall-fired fossil-fiuel units, one cogeneration facility, eight combined-cycle gas turbine/steam generator units, 18 peaking turbines, five

hydroed bectric generating plants, and one pumped storage facility.

In 2007, SCE&G generated 26,000 -- excuse me -- 26,242,850 megawatht-hours of energy. Of this energy, the fossil steam plants generated 65 percent, the nuclear plant generated 18 percent, the combined-cycle natural-gas units generated 12 percent, and the gas peaking turbines and hydro facilities generated 5 percent. The total net generating capability of all SCE&G generating facilities is 5,687 megawathts. When our Southeasstern Power Authority constructs and long-term purchase from Samtee Cooper are considered, our total supply capacity is 5,745 megawathts.

In 2007, SCEWC's peak demand was 5,248 megawants. When compared to the company's net generating capabillity, this resulted in an on-system reserve mangin for 2007 of approximately 9 percent. This on-system reserve mangin represents SCEWC's long-term resources for meeting customer needs. It was supplemented in 2007 by short-term capacity purchases made to support system reliability during the summer peak period.

For some years, SCE&G has recognized the need for additional generation sources -- resources on its system in the 2016-2019 time period. The company determined that the specific type of generation needed was base-

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load generation, which is capacity designed and intended to run for an extended number of hours per year, and at high capacity factors. Basse-load generation capacity is the backbone of a reliable and efficient generating system. Any such capacity emtails higher initial capital costs than intermediate and peaking units, but it also involves lower liffescycle costs through lower fuel costs.

The need for additional base-load generation on SCE&CG's system is a result of growth and development in the company's service territtomy. The company serves a number of the mosst rapidly growing areas of South Campilina, particularly the areas near Chamleston, Beauffort, Northeast Columbia, and Lexington. energy used by some traditional and industrial energy users, like textile manufacturers, has declined, our Statte's economy has continued to grow in other areas of industry and manuffacturing. In addition, we expect residential, commercial, and retirement growth in South Campilina to continue over the long term. The last baseload generation plant that SCE&G added to its system was Cope Station located in Orangeburg County. Cope wemt into service in 1996. Ower the interwenting 12 years, SCE&G has added approximately 149,000 new customers to its system, which is a 31 percent increase. During that

period, net of retirements, SCE&G installed 2,413 miles of new overhead lime, 3,014 miles of new underground lime, 86,065 new distribution transformers, and 139,988 new service poles on its system.

Since 1996, energy use on SCE&CG's system has grown by 5,880 gigawattt-hours, or 31 percent. This growth is forecasted to comtinue. By 2016, energy use on SCE&CG's system is forecasted to have grown by an additional 2,499 gigawattt-hours, for a total growth of 44 percent since Cope entered service. By 2019, energy use is forecast to have grown by an additional 1,671 gigawattt-hours for a total growth of 53 percent since Cope entered service.

In the interwenting 12 years since Cope went into service, SCE&G has added gas-fired peaking and intermediate generation to meet increased demand. As a result, the percentage of base-load capacity on SCE&G's system declined from over 75 percent in 1996 to 56 percent in 2007. We rely on this shrimking percentage of base-load capacity intensely. During 2007, the 56 percent of our generation capacity represented by base-load plants generated over 80 percent of the energy SCE&G produced. Unless SCE&G burilds new base-load capacity by 2020, the percentage of base-load capacity on our system will drop to 45 percent. These

projections are based on a forward-looking retail demand growth of 1.7 percent per year, which I believe to be a conservantive estimate.

Considering the recent growth in demand in our service territtory and the 12-year period since base-load generation was last added to our system, it is logical that SCE&G would be considering adding 614 megawatus of base-load capacity in 2016 and an additional 614 megawatus in 2019. As the electric service provider to approximately one-fourth of the customers in the State, SCE&G is responsible for ensuring that sufficient electric power is available on its system to serve both new and existing customers efficiently, as its growth proceeds. That is why we are proposing to construct the new nuclear units.

In 2005, SCE&G began the process of exploring the cost and feasibility of new nuclear capacity. Nuclear capacity was attractive due to the increasing costs in environmentally compiliant coal units, the likelihood of CO₂ regulation, and the increasing wollattility of natural gas prices. As this analysis proceeded, SCE&G compared information concerning the cost and feasibility of new nuclear generation with information already available to it concerning the cost and the risk of coal and gas alternatives.

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As to other generation alternatives, a new plant was not competitive with combined-cycle gas generation, primerily due to the cost of constructing a fully environmentally compiliant coal plant, as well as the pottenttial costs associated with CO₂ emissions. As to combined cycle gas generation, SCE&C's exposure to increasingly vollattile and globalized fossil-fluel mankets, as well as risks related to the future environmental costs associated with CO₂ emissions, were Fosssil fuel prices and environmental kev concerns. costs associated with emissions from these plants are among the most serious risks SCE&G and its electric customers face. Adding more gas or coal capacity to next base-load needs in the 2016-2019 period would increase SCE&CG's exposure to those risks.

Allternative energy sources, such as wind, solar, biomass, and landiffill methane, may play a useful future role in supplementing base-load generation resources on our system. I do not want to minimize the role renewable resources may play in supplying South Canodhiman's future energy needs. It is our conclusion that, at this time, SCE&G cannot prudently rely on them as a substitute for new base-load generation to meet our customers' needs in the 2016-2019 time period. Because of weather and atmospheric conditions, South Canolina

and surrounding areas are not well suited for either wind or solar gemenation. South Canciliman's attractive wind resources exist chiefly offshore. In our opinion, the technology to harness offshore wind resources is still not fully matture. And the costs in permitting issues surrounding offshore wind resources makes them economitally difficult to justify. In addition, wind and solar gemenation is not dispatchable. The weather decides when and how much energy is produced by these resources, not the needs of our customers nor the operations in our common. It is also important, in comsidering resources like wind and solar, to have a sense of the scale of energy needs South Cancilina faces and the capathility of those resources to meet such needs.

To replace the energy from proposed new Units 2 and 3, using solar or wind resources, would require either 96 square miles of solar pamels or 2,284 individual three-megawatt wind turbines installed off the South Camplina coast. As a single wind fam, the 2,284 individual wind turbines would cover 188 square miles, or the emtire length of the South Camplina coast, three wind turbines deep.

The decision to pursue new base-load capacity in no way precludes significant contributions from demands side

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mamagement programs. As Dr. Lynch will testiffy, SCE&G includes in its forecast flexibility to accommodate significant countributions to its supply mix from this source.

Dr. Lyngth's group compared the long-run costs to our customers of nuclear capacity based on the construction costs established in the EPC construct negottiations with the cost of combined-cycle gas generation under a number of assumptions. assumptions concerned the future environmental costs of CO₂ emissions, future natural gas costs, future coal costs, and future uranium costs. Nuclear capacity was the preferable alternative from a pure price standpoint in the reference case, which reflects a set of reasonable and conservative assumptions concerning future costs. Nuclear generation was also preferable in many of the alternative case studies that were computed to determine the semsitivity of the reference case to changes in gas, coal, uramitum, or CO2 prices.

As Mr. Byrne will describe in more dettail, in the 2005 timeframe, SCE&C's new nuclear deployment team solicited detailed information from the leading providers of nuclear generation units about the cost, characteristics, and regulatory status of their designs. The available units were ranked based on both technical,

regulatory, and filmancial criteria. An initial selection of the Westinghouse AP1000 umit was, made based on a number of factors which included its size, its passive design, and its operational simillarity to the existing Summer Unit 1. Also important to that analysis is the fact that the NRC had already issued a nuclear design license for the umit, and the fact that there were opportunities to collaborate with other untilities in the licensing and engineering process.

In May of 2008, SCE&G decided to proceed with the construction of two new AP1000 nuclear units in partnership with Samtee Cooper. This decision was made after careful analysis of the data and analysis that our joint leadership team, including Samtee Cooper, believe to be relevant, and after intensive negottiations with the Westtinghouse/Stone & Webster consortium to ensure a reasonable price and reasonable teams for the construction project.

An important part of the company's decision to proceed with construction of the new units has been a careful and thorough evaluation of the risk of nuclear generation, compared to the alternatives. Given the nuclear industry's record of safe operations, the technological and engineering advances reflected in the current nuclear plant designs, and the options for dry

fuel storage as spent fuel assemblies, SCE&G does not see safety, technical issues, or disposal issues as being unmanageable risks related to nuclear construction at this time.

As to the filmancial risk related to the nuclear construction project, we believe that if the Commission supports SCE&C's request for a Base Load Review order along the limes of the application, filmancial mankets will provide SCE&C with access to the capital required to build these plants on reasonable terms. The Commission's response to the schedule and price comtingencies included in the combined application will be very important to the investment community's assessment of the risk of this venture. We believe that, with an appropriate order in this proceeding, including appropriate comtingencies, the filmancial risk from the construction of new Units 2 and 3 is manageable.

As to licensing risk, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission has given certificed design approval to the AP1000, finding that it falls well within its acceptable safety and risk criteria.

Problabbilistic risk assessments of the AP1000 show a core damage probabbility of one or less, every 2.5 million years of operation, far exceeding the once-in-

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10,000-years required by the NRC. As the NRC requires, we will be constructing a standardized AP1000 design with minimal site-specific moddiffications. Given the degree of regulatory owersight already given to the AP1000 design, we believe that NRC likeensing risk is manageable and expect a reasonable schedule to be issued for SCE26G's likeensing review.

As to risk mittigation, building nuclear capacity divensifies SCE&C's exposure to increasingly vollattile and globalized fossil-fluel manketts, as well as risk related to future environmental costs associated with CO2 emissions. The price and environmental risks related to fossil fuels are among the most serious risks that SCE&G and its electric customers face. Adding moore gas or coal capacity would increase SCE&CG's exposure to those risks. As Dr. Lynoth's testimony indicates, if SCE&G were to meet its capacity needs with natural gas, its generation mix would be 79 percent fossil-ftuell-bassed On the other hand, by building new number generation, SCE&G will reduce exposure to those risks. The company will pay capital costs, which, although significant, are largely defined today in the EPC contract, and will be fully quanttified when construction is compositette.

In our analysis, the principal risks of nuclear

generation are risks related to the construction of the units themselves, specifically, the price and schedule risks of the construction project. SCE&G has mitigated these price and schedule risks by selecting a nuclear technology that is well advanced in the NRC likeensing process. In the EPC construct with Westinghouse/Stone & Webster, we have negotiated the greatest amount of price certainty we believe to be reasonably possible, conssistent with our interest in a low price. We are putting in place an extensive and experienced group of internal construction management and owensight personnel who will monitor all aspects of the construction and likeensing process, as it moves forward.

Another important part of SCE&G's approach to

Another important part of SCE&CG's approach to building these untits is our partnership with Samtee Cooper. Due to economies of scale and construction efficiencies, two untits built in sequence are cheaper per kilowatt capacity than is a single untit. In addition, by separating the commercial operation dates of the two untits by 33 mounths, SCE&G is better able to match the new generation capacity to the growth in load on its system. Because two full untits would be more than SCE&G would need itself, the company sought a joint venture partner to share the capacity and the cost. We believe Samtee Cooper is an ideal partner to take a 45

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percent share in the project. Samtee Cooper's involvement makes this a uniquely South-Canollina-focused project. In total, approximately 60 percent of the electric customers in South Canollina are served either directly by SCE&G or Samtee Cooper, or are served by suppliers that receive wholesale service from us. Our 26-year history of successfully operating V.C. Summer Unit 1 as joint owners and Samtee Cooper's solid credit rating and superior access to capital are major possitive features of our vemture.

In past proceedings, SCE&G has demonstrated to the Commission that it is guided by a philoscophy of uttility operations under which SCE&G has conssistently sought to remain a ventically integrated electric utility that works in close coordination with this Commission and the Offfice of Regulatory Staff to build and filmance the plants that the system needs, when the system needs thrænn. In many ways, this proceeding is a comtinuation of the approach that the company proposed and the Commission adopted in the Cope proceedings in the mid-At that time, the Commission came -- the company 1990s. came to the Commission early in the construction process for a full prudency review of the new plant and made fillings for multiple rate revisions as comstruction proceeded.

In addition, in proposing to build the new units, the company is proposing to build its new nuclear units on a site where it has operated a nuclear plant successfully for more than 26 years. The units are updated versions of the Westinghouse unit currently operating on that site. The principal supplier will be the same company that supplied Unit 1, and SCESCI's partner in this venture is the same emitty with which it has successfully partnered in operating Unit 1 for the last 26 years. In important respects, SCESCI's decision to build the new units is a continuation of relatitouships and activities that SCESCI has successfully managed for decades.

Also testiffying in this proceeding on behall of SCE&G will be a number of other witnesses. Those other SCE&G witnesses are Stephen Byrne, who serves as senior vice president for generation and chief nuclear officer of SCE&G, and will discuss the selection of nuclear units as the preferred technology, the choice of Westinghouse/Stone & Webster as the contractors to build those units, the EPC contract, and issues related to fuel storage and disposal; Jimmy Addition is the senior vice president and chief filmancial officer of SCANA and SCE&G, and will present an overview of the filmancial aspects of the project; Elizabeth Best is the director

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of financial planning and investor relations at SCANA services, Inc., and will sponsor the filmancial and cost projections relatted to the V.C. Summer Units 2 and 3 construction program, including the inflation indices and contingency amounts included in those projections; Dr. Joe Lynch is manager of resource planning, SCANA services, and will discuss the studies that establish the need for additional base-load generation in the 2016-2019 time period, and that establish the relative economics of nuclear and non-muxtlear generation alternatives; David Pickles is vice president of ICF International, and will testify concerning energy efficiency and load management issues; Stephen Summer is a senior environmental specialist at SCANA Services, Inc., and will provide an overview of environmental permits required for V.C. Summer Units 2 and 3, and the seismic environmental studies conducted at the site: Steven Common, of Tetra Tech NUS, Inc., is project namager and will sponsor the environmental report establishing the environmental suitability of the Jenkimswille site for new nuclear gemeration untits, and will present a synopsis of the extensive site charracterization studies and other site and envirconmental information filled with the NRC in the combined operating license application; Rodert Whorton

is a senior engineer at SCE&G, and will testiffy concerning seismic, geotechmical, and geological comditions at the Jenkinsswille site; Hubert C. Young is the manager of transmission planning for SCE&G, and will present the transmission interconnection studies that have determined the transmission facilities that SCE&G will be required to build to connect Units 2 and 3 to the transmission grid, and will present the cost estimate for those facilities; and Kemmeth Jackson is vice president of regulatory matters for SCANA Services, Inc., and will sponsor the tariff sheets for the initial rate increase, the rate design, and the peak demand allocators, as well as other information on which the revised rates request in this proceeding are based.

For the reasons statted in my testimmony and that of the other witnesses in this proceeding, SCE&G respectifully requests that the Commission issue a combined order under the Base Load Review Act and the Siting Act, one, approving the application in this matter; two, granting a certificate of public convemience and necessity, authorizing SCE&G to proceed with construction of the new units; and three, determining, as provided in the Base Load Review Act, that the new units will be conclusively deemed to be prudently constructed and used and useful for untility

purposes (a) so long as they are comstructed in
accordance with the price estimates, with inflation
factors and comtingencies that are contained in Exhibit
F in paragraphs 10, 13, and 16 13 through 16 of the
combined appplication, and (b) so long as they are
compaleted in accordance with the scheduled compaletion
dates and comtingencies specified in paragraphs eight
and nine of the combined appplication; four, authorizing
the company to put into effect the revised rates as set
forth in Exhibit Nof the combined appplication for
service rendered on or after May 1, 2009; and fiwe,
authorizimg other relief, as required.

Thank you for your attention, and this concludes my summarry.

MR. BURGESS: Mr. Mansh, please answer any questions that the other parties of record may have of you, as well as those that may be asked by the Commissioners.

CHAIRMAN FLEMING: Thank you. Mr. Gwild?

MR. GUILD: Thank you, Wadam Chair.

CROSS EXAMINATION

22 BY MR. GUILD:

- 23 Q Good afteenmoon, Mr. Mansh.
- 24 A Good afteenmoon.
 - Q Now, I take it you would acknowledge that SCE&G is a

1		pioneer in this endeavor of seeking to build a new-
2		gemenation nuclear power plant in the United States?
3	A	I would say that SCE&G is among a number of uttilities
4		that are including new nuclear gemenation.
5	Q	All right. And let's just try to figure out where you
6		are in the list of pioneers, then, if your're among
7		others. How many other AP10000s have been approved by
8		state regulatory authomities under their respective
9		Siting or Certtificate Acts?
10	A	To my knowledge, none have been approved to this point.
11	Q	Right, so you're going to be the first in that list of
12		pioneers, if, indeed, this Commission does what you're
13		asking them to do by February next?
14	A	We would be the first that has gone through the
15		regulatory process for first sitting and gaining approval
16		for
17	Q	Okany.
18	A	the new plant.
19	Q	Exactly. And none of the felllows none of that
20		pioneer group has receiwed a license from the U.S.
21		Nuclear Regulatory Commission?
22	A	No, there are 12 applications that have been filled with
23		the Commission for the Nuclear Regulatory Commission,
24		excuse me for AP10000s, but none has been approved at
25		this point.

- Q All right, sir. Now, you project that the cost of two AP1000 untits, as you propose, will total only -- our heads spin when we say "omly," now-- only \$6.313 billicon for two untits, correct?
 - A I believe that's the number we provided, yes, sir.
 - And as we allhuded to last time, when you had these lovely full-page ads, you've told the public that the electricity from these nuclear units will be sold to them at 7-1/2 cents kilowatt-hour, correct.
 - A Those ads were interended to reflect the cost of numbers power relative to other sources that would be available at this time. That is in 2008 dollars, and those numbers are deriwed from the application we had filled with the Commission.
- 15 Q All right, sir.

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- A The Commission application includes appropriate comtingencies and inflation factors associated with that comstruction process, that brings you up to the 6.3 billion.
- Q And is the bassis for that 7-1/2 cents a killowatt-hour claim, correct?
 - A Weell, the 6.3 billition is the inflatted cost in 2019-2020 dollars. That \$75 per kW is based on the current cost in 2008 dollars.
- Q Uh-huh. Weell, in your -- you have a weedssite, dom't you,

called SCNNuclear.com?

A I believe we do.

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- Spomsored by SCE&G and Samtee Cooper, and it has fact sheets associated with it, and under the fact sheet called "Nuclear Power is Economical," you show the same number, 2008 bus-bar estimates, dollars per megawatth-hour: Nuclear, \$75." That's what you've got on your wedsite yesterday, correct?
- 9 A Theat's conrect.
 - Now, can we agree that that \$6.313 billition, whether that's the final tab, or not, with all the comtingencies we're going to be talking about, that that \$6.313 billition significantly exceeds your company's manket value emitirely, which was \$4.15 billition as of July 28th of this year?
 - A Yes, that would be the current -- subject to check, that would be the current manket value of the company in today's dollars, compared to 6.3 billion it would be in 2019 dollars.
 - Q All right. And I'we got a document here thatt's a presentation by the Nuclear Emergy Institute. You're familiar with that outtilit, aren't you?
- 23 A Yes.
- 24 Q Is the company a membleer of that organization?
- 25 A Yes, we are.

1	Q	Okany. Now, they make a they have a table called "The
2		Challenge of Scale," and they show 11 of your pioneer
3		appplicants for new number unnits, and would you be
4		surprised to learn that South Camplina Electric & Gas
5		Company is at the very bottom, number 11, in terms of
6		the size of your manket cappitalization, on the list of
7		people applying for new nuclear?
8	A	Yeah, I'we seen that presentation, and I believe I
9		have seen it, and I do recall we probably are at the
10		lower end of the list in teams of mankeeting value.
11	Q	Yes, sir. So is there anybody else out there, amongst
12		the pioneers, that has a small manket capitalization,
13		smadler than \$4.15 billiton as of July of this year that
14		your company has? Amybody any smadiller pioneers out
15		there, that you know of?
16	A	I'm not aware of the manket values of all the companies.
17	Q	So your're going to be the first in lime for a PSC
18		approval, and you're the smallest. Those two facts are
19		clear, are they not?
20	A	That may be the case, but I dom't thimk thatt's

A That may be the case, but I dom't think thatt's indicative of our abbility to comstruct the plants successefully.

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Q I see. Now, in the event that the two units are approved and they dom't cost the \$6.313 billion, and the electricity does not come out at 7-1/2 cents a killowatt-

- hour, how are your ratepayers going to be protected from paying the excess costs?
- A I'm confused by your statement, because we did not say that at \$6.3 billion, the cost would be \$75 per measuratt-hour.
- Q Oh, so the ad that says electricity is going to cost 75 cents a necessarithour or 7-1/2 cents a killowatth-hour dozesm't mean that?
- As I explaimed earlier, the purpose of that ad was to provide information to consumers about the relative value of the bus-bar cost of nuclear, compared to other alternatives in 2008 dollars. It was not our filling with the Commission to show them the dollars it would generate, the 6.3 billion, based on the total construct price.
- Weell, I'm confused. I got your ad, and I'm a consumer.

 And it dosesm't have any kind of fime print on that ad that says, "Pay no attention to the \$75-a-megawatt-hour promise," because that is in, you know, some kind of different dollars than the dollars I'm actually going to be spending. And I dom't see any note to that effect on your wedstite yesterday. You just say it's going to cost \$75 a megawatt-hour, or 7-1/2 cents a killowatt-hour.
- A Agamin, that in today s dollars.
- Q Yes. Weell, what's it going to cost in real dollars when

people actually throw the switch when you actually
throw the switch, and people actually start consuming
electricity from these units?

- A I believe it will be around \$100 per meggawatt-hour based on the 6.3 billicon.
- Q All right. So you're now projectiing not 7-1/2 cents a kilowatt-hour, but 10 cents a kilowatt-hour.
- A Based on the filling, that would be correct.
- Weell, let me rephrase my question now that we've sort of jacked the price up a bit here. In the event that it doesn't cost 7-1/2 cents a killowatt-lhour -- because you just told me it's not going to cost that -- in the event that it doesn't cost 10 cents a killowatt-lhour, but costs more than that, what in the Base Load Review Act is going to protect the ratepayers of South Canollina from paying that higher cost?
- A My understanding of how the Base Load Review Act works with respect to what we present this Commission is that in our filling today, we have applied through the Act with the 6.3 billion, based on the construct cost of our plant and plus the other costs associated with construction, and what we project the final cost would be, based on various inflation factors and comtingencies associated with the project, So long as we stay within the doillars we projected based on the inflation factors

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that are included in the estimated escalation, we would be at that price.

If we go outside of that price, based on those factors, it's my understanding that we would need to come back to ORS and before this Commission to update the Base Load Review filling and put that information in front of the Commission, explain what led to changes, what may have been the cause of those changes, and present testimmony at that time for the Commission's consideration.

- All right. I kind of didm't follow that too well, but let's just say it costs 11 cents a killowatt-hour. Are you going to allow us to get the Commission to hold you to the 10 cents?
- A I think I just explained that. It depends on the dollars included in the filling, which we've estimated at this point based on our communities, inflation factors which are required to be included in the Base Load Review filling, and estimates of commingencies. If we were to go above that and that resulted in a price of 11 cents, we would have to come back to ORS and back to the Commission to update our application to have them comsider the reasons for those increases and whether or not those were prudentily incurred.
- Q So what I'm hearing you say -- tell me if I'we got it

right is, you're not prepared to make any promises
about what the maximum electric costs are going to be,
produced by these proposed nuclear umits?

- A We have taken steps in the constracting process to try to fix as many of the costs as we can, to gain a firm foundation on what we believe the costs will be, as required under the Base Load Review Act. We've applied what we believe are appropriate inflation factors to those costs and included contingency dollars, so we projected the 6.3 billiton.
- Q Let me try it another way now. Will you promise not to ask for more than 12 cents a killowatt-lhour? Yes or no?
- A That's not possible to do today, based on the way the filling works.
- Q Showld I take that as a no?
- A I'm here to represent what we've asked to do in the filling, and I cam't make a prediction that it's 12 cents, 11 cents, or 10 cents.
- Q All right. How about 13 cents a killowatt-hour, will you promise that it word't be higher than 13 cents, and you word't ask for any more momey beyond 13 cents a killowatthour?
- A My commitment to this Commission is that we have worked very hard to draft a commerce that balances the needs of the company. We have

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filled under the Base Load Review Act, and our commitment
is that we wiill follbow that procedure, and if there are
changes in those numbers as we go through the process,
if it's appropriate, we will make sure we come before
this Commission and present that information to them.
All right. Is there any number I could offer, any
number, sir, that you would commit to today as the
maximum price per kilowatt-hour that you will promise
this Commission and ratepayers you will charge from the
output of the W.C. Summer plants, be it 15 cents a
kilowatt-hour, 20 cents a kilowatt-hour, 25 cents a
killowatt-hour, going, going, gone? Any price?
Based on our evaluation, the cost of these two plant, as
we expect them to be comstructed in accordance with the
Base Load Review filling and the contract we have signed
is 6.3 billicon.
I take that as a no. Is that a fair umdærstænding of
your answer, Mr. Maansh?

- 19 A I'm trying to explain --
- 20 Q No promises, right? No promises?
- A Weell, our promise is we will follow the rules of the
 Commission and the Base Load Review process to keep the
 Commission informed of the construction process and what
 the price may be.
 - Q Okay. Lett's just boil it down then. You interpret the

- Base Load Rewiew Act as a blank check, dom't you?
- A No, sir, I didm't say that.

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- Q Weell, then, what is the number on the check. Any number at all? Or are you prepared to say today only that the number is to be fillled in at some future time?
 - Wee're tallking about a very complex continact. We spent a long time negotifiating, trying to fix as many quantifities as we could, trying to nail down as much of the price as we can. That's one of the risks that we saw back in the '70s from our experience, and wee've triked to overcome that risk by managing that to the fullest extent we could, knowing there's a balance between how much you can fix and how much you can get at a firm price per continact.

I'm sure, if we had asked Westtinghouse to give us a firm price, they would have given us a number at some point that they felt like they could absolutely deliver the communact. We didm't choose to do that, they didm't choose to do that. We felt like it was better to try to mamage the process and put that information before the Commission under the Base Load Review filling --

- Q All right. So --
- 23 A -- and thatt's how it was done.
 - Q Thank you. So suffice it to say, the countract that your've entered into with Westinghouse and their

- consortium is not a turnkey communicat where they promise to deliver the goods for a fixed price?
- A There are parts of it that are turmkey, parts of it that are fixed. The parts that are fixed is subject to fixed indices, and parts of it will be adjusted based on inflation factors, as included in the Base Load Review filling.
- Q So I take that answer to mean, no, it's not a turmkey project except in some part?
- A It's not 100 percent turmkey project. Parts are fixed and parts are subject to escalation, as presented in the filling.
- Now, in your summany, Mr. Mansh, you said that if the Commission -- paraphrasing now, if I'we got this right -- if the Commission gives you the Base Load Review Act order that you're seeking here, this is the best I got, the financial risk will be manageable. Now, does that mean that if the Commission gives you what you're asking for, Wall Street will finance the construction if ratepayers are required to pay the costs of the ongoing financing of the plant?
- A I'm not sure how to respond to your question. Let me try and you can ask another one if you have concern.

 Under the Base Load Review Act, the Commission is deemed to have made a decision on the prudency of the plant

that there is regulatory support for the commission [sic] that there is regulatory support for the commission of the plants and their ultimate inclusion in rates. That is a critical part of being able to raise filmancing, I would say not just for a nuclear plant but for any major construction, whether it be any other base-load facility or intermediate facility. Wall Street needs to see signals from the Commission that there is some level of support before they will commit their investor dollars to underwrite the cost of the project.

- Q Right, but it's not just a signal, is it, Mr. Mansh?

 It's a signal of ongoing rate payer responsibility for paying the carrying costs of your construction.
- A Weell, those costs that are prudently incurred under the Base Load Review filling, they are subject to an annual review which would provide for customers paying the carrying costs associated with construction today.
- Q Okany. And with that obiligation of customers to pay the carrying costs, you're telling us that you think Wall Street will finance the capital requirements for the project.
- A What we said is it makes the risk manageable, because it sends a number of important signals to the financial community. One, as I mentioned earlier, it shows that there is regulatory support for the projects and that

they are deemed prudemt. But I think more importantly, the fact that the Commission, under the Base Load Review filling, would allow the company to recover the carrying costs associated with construction while those units are being built would save in the overall construction price by \$1 billition, and then over the life of that plant it saves another \$4 billion that would not have to be charged to the customer because the initial comstruction That's a possitive to Wall Street costs were less. because there's less risk of those costs compounding during the construction period and you've got a smaller number you have to fimance over the life of the project. At the expense of your ratepayers, who will be paying

- the carrying costs in the meantime?
- You know, under the regulatory process we follow here in South Campilina, you know, ratepayers today, or our customers, do pay for the carrying costs of all of our regulatory assets. It's not just this new nuclear plant.
- Wetll, so you were remimisching about your Cope plant Q permitting approval by this Commission, in your summany.
- Riight. 22 Α

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- You didm't have a Base Load Review Act at that time, did 23 Q you? 24
 - No. we didm't. Α

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Q	And	you	buiilt	the	Cope	plant,	and	you've	just	been
	rhap	sodi	c abou	ut ho	w tha	at proc	ess v	woorked .	just	fime.

- We had several preapproved rate adjustments in that process of bringing that plant into rates, where we startteed the consistruction, we presented the schedule to the Commission, under which we committed to a consitruction schedule and doillars. We had the Commission review and approve a subsequent rate increase without having to come back to the Commission, subject to final review -- I guess it was the Commission staff at that point -- of the cost of the plant. So, in concept, it was very similar to the Base Load Review Act.
- Q Weell, if the concept was simple enough to suit you, why do you need the Base Load Review Act now for the two nuclear plants? Why dom't you just follow the process you followed for your Cope plant?
- A Times have changed. During the '90s we went through a process where there was significant pressure for deregulation. I think at that time, we were probably one of the few companies building base-load generation. I haven't checked, but that may be the last base-load coal plant that was built in the nation. It was important for the Commission to signal that they supported those plants, and I think in today's

regulatory environment where some Commissions or some states have deregulated, our State has not, it's a very clear message that needs to be sent to the filmancial community that there is support, and because we're talking about a process that's 12 years later than that, the doillars are significantly larger, and any message we can send to Wall Street that provides not only for support from the Commission but would ultimately lower the cost of the plant -- not just \$1 billition doillars during the construction period, but an additional \$4 billition over the life of that plant -- is significant. Those are possitive signs to Well Street that the plant can be built, it will be included in rates, and it's likely to come in on time and on budget.

MR. GUILD: All right. Could I ask counsel if you could provide Mr. Maash with a copy of Ms. Brockway's surrebuttal testimony and exhibits, please? Do you have that handy, or can I get it up here, perhaps [indicating]? Acctually, I just found a copy up here -- can I provide this to the witness?

BY MR. GUILD:

Q Mr. Mansh, I'm handing you Ms. Brockwayy's surrebuttal testimmony, and appended to that is an exhibit that I trust you will recognize. These are excerpts from the

Exhibit NB-4, for identification. It's excerpts from 1 2 the fimal report, July 2008, South Carrollina Climate, Emergy & Commerce Committee. Have you found that, sir? 3 Yes, I'we got that. Α 4 All right. Now, you're familiar with that body? 5 Q) Yes, I served on that committee. 6 All right. And if you would turn to page iii, meembleers 7 Q of the South Carrollina Climate, Energy & Commence 8 Addwisory Committee -- do you have that, sir? 9 Yes. I do. 10 All right. And I noticed that your name is there? 11 It is. 12 Α 13 And you are shown as having replaced Mr. Biill Timmerman, who attempted the first meeting? 14 That's correct. 15 Did you attemd meetings thereafter? 16 I did. 17 And approximately how many meetings did you participate 18 19 in, Mr. Maansh? I believe I attempted all the meetings but one, if my 20 memory is correct. 21 And rough number, how many would those be? 22 Q

Now, along with you, were a number of other

I'm guessing four or five..

colleagues, Mr. Lommie Canter --

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1	CHAIRMAN FLEMING: Excuse me.
2	BY MR. GUILD:
3	Q the president and CEO
4	CHAIRMIAN FLEMING: Mr. Guild.
5	MR. GUILD: I'm sorry.
6	CHAIRMAN FLEMING: Execuse me, could you tell
7	us exactly where you are reading from?
8	MR. GUILD: Yes, mæ'am, I'm sorry. Thris is an
9	exhiibiit to Ms. Brockwayy's surrebuttal testimony.
10	CHAIRMAN FLEMING: The third page oh, I
11	thought it was an exhibit.
12	MR. GUILD: I'm sorry. It's the third smeall-
13	numbered pages, mæ'æm.
14	[Brief pause]
15	MR. GUILD: May I proceed?
16	CHAIRMAN FLEMING: Yes, go ahead.
17	BY MR. GUILD:
18	Q Your colleague, Mr. Canter, the CEO of Samtee Cooper,
19	your respected pairtner in this project, was a memblear?
20	A He was.
21	Q All right. As was Mr. James Roogers, the chainman and
22	CEO of Duke Energy?
23	A That's correct.
24	Q And I dom't mean to neglect anybody else, but three of
25	the senior executives in the South Canolina electric

- uttilities were members of the committee, correct?
- 2 A That's correct.
- Okany. Now, the committee adopted several
 recommendations, and I want to draw your attention to a
 couple of them that are reflected in the excerpts in
 this document. If you turn to the next page, it's an
 appendix emittleed H-1. It's the next page in the
 document. Do you have that, sir?
 - A I do.

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- Now, that is what is referred to as the energy supply sector policy recommendations, and it is ES-1, and I think I heard you say in your summary one of the elements of that recommendation is indeed that 6 percent of energy served by new nuclear resources by 2020 -- 6 percent of the State's energy be served by new nuclear by 2020. ES-3?
- 17 A Yes.
- 18 Q I'm sorry, ES-1c is what I mean to say.
- 19 A Yes, -1c, correct.
- 20 Q -1c, all right. -- but in addition to that, you
 21 mentioned in your opening, there are two other
 22 recommendations: ES-1a, which is that 5 percent of
 23 energy be met with energy efficiency resources by 2020
 24 -- correct?
- - A Theatt's conrect.

- 1 Q -- and that also by 2020, 5 percent of energy is served
 2 by renewable resources, by that same benchmark date.
 3 Connect?
 4 A That's correct.
 5 Q Now, I notice that on the right-lipend column on that
 - Now, I notice that on the right-hand column on that table, there is a heading "Level of Support," and that recommendation, those three elements in it, passed with a supermajority, as indicated by that note, correct?
- 9 A Thatt's correct.
- 10 | Q With a pairemthetical saying there were three objections.
- 11 A You want me to agree to that? That it says, yes.
- 12 Q Yeah, just asking you to acknowledge that.
- 13 A Sure.

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- 14 **Q Yes.**
- 15 **A Yes.**

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- 16 Q All right. And who lodged those objections, Mr. Mansh?
- 17 A I dom't recall all of the three, but I was one of them.
- 18 Q All right.
- And you might find this interesting, but I objected to the nuclear piece of that.
- 21 Q All right. Wee'll turn to that in a mimute, but that 22 helped. Thank you. You dom't recall the other two?
 - A I dom't recall who the other two were. My concern was over the cost of nuclear they had included in the analysis.

VOLUME 2

- All right. Now, if you would, turn to the next page, H2, and would you just read, please, at the end of that
 first lime, "renewable energy"? "The term 'renewable
 energy' is defined as follows," and would you just read
 that definition for the record, please?
- A Tell me again where your're reading?
- Q Yes, it's the top paragraph on page III-2.
- A Okany.

Q

- Q "'Renewable energy' is defined as follows."
- A renewable energy resource includes solar; wind; small hydrocalecturic; geothermal; ocean current or wave energy; biomass resources, including agricultural waste, animal waste, wood waste, spent pulping liquors, combustible residues, combustible liquids, combustible gases, energy crops, and landifill methane; waste heat deriwed from a renewable energy resource and used to produce electricity; and hydrogen deriwed from a renewable energy resource."
- All right, thank you. Turn, if you would, to the next page, HI-3, again the same recommendation from the CECAC committee. Under the title "Policy Desscription," would you read that second paragraph that begins with the words "energy efficiency"?
- A "'Energy efficiency' includes applications that provide

1		meassurable, verifiable, long-term savings to the retail
2		customer, compared to current technology in use,
3		including but not limited to appliances, lighting,
4		heatting-wenttilaticom-and-air-conditiconimg, building
5		envelope, and efficient mouttons."
6	Q	All right, sir. And skip on down a little bit. "Pollicy
7		design," would you read the first sentence of the
8		"Gozals" paragraph, please?
9	A	"Each public or private utility generating electricity
10		in South Cancollina for sale within the State will meset at
11		least 5 percent of its South Camplina retail customens'
12		electricity needs by 2020 through energy efficiency and
13		demand-response program implementation."
14	Q	All right, sir. Now, the next paragraph addresses the
15		question of renewables. That is the second prong of that
16		policy recommendation. And would you read that first
17		sentence, please, as well?
18	A	"Each pubblic or private utility generating electricity
19		in South Campilina for sale within the State will meet at
20		least 5 percent of its retail customens' electricity
21		needs by 2020 from renewable energy placed into service
22		after December 31, 2003."
23	Q	All right sir. Thank you. Now, page H-5, please?

Theree's a table at the bottom of H-5 which spells out

[Indicating.]

24

	what the elements of energy efficiency and renewables
	are umderstood to mean in the CECAC policy
	recommendation. And can we agree that energy efficiency
	is defimed as 1 percent demand reduction per year by
	2015, 1.5 percent per year by 2020?
A	Team agree that a what it save undowstanding that

- A I can agree that's what it says, umdærstænding that these are goals and not mændættæs.
- Weell, wee'll turn to that question in a moment, but -and with regard to offshore wind, as just one other
 example, can we agree that the report on renewables, the
 policy recommendations, understand the renewables to
 include 500 megawatus in 2015 of offshore wind, and 500
 megawatus in 2017, correct?
- A I agree that it has that in the table as goals to be comsidered.
- Q Weell, it doesn't say goals to be comsidered, it just says those values, does it not?
- Weell, you know, you had to be there for all the meettings to understand and apprecriate all the discussion that went into coming up with the goals that were put into this report. I mean, we had a significant amount of debate, as you can imagine, based on the representatives from the State that were in those meettings, and there was a lot of discussion. As we startted out talking about what we should do to help reduce greenhouse gases,

1		we startted out with tallkiing about a non-emitting source
2		of generation. And as part of that, you know, we had
3		nuclear and altermative-sources generation all included
4		ìn one area.
5	Q	I'm going to get down to what that nuclear is in one
6		second now. I dom't mean to cut you off, here, but I
7		wamted to let you
8	A	I just wanted to describe the process we went through,
9		so you can umdlerstand how we come up with the different
10		categories.
11	Q	Good, and I want to understand what your objections
12		wære, because wæ're going to get to that in a second,
13		Mr. Mansh, but the last element in here is indeed your
14		nuncilear. And what does it say, it says 1,000 mecenwatus
15		in 2017, correct?
16	A	That's not specifically SCE&C's nuclear, that is nuclear
17		to be comsidered.
18	Q	That t's nuclear for the emtire State of South Canvolina,
19		thant's the plan for renewables and new number. It says
20		1,000 mecesswatatts in 2017, does it not?
21	A	Your've got to understand
22	Q	Mr. Maansh, how about just tell me wheather I'm reading it
23		right
24		MR. BURGESS: Wadam Charirman, if Mr. Guild
25		would be so kind as to allow Mr. Maarsh to fimiish

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his answers to the question?

MR. GUILD: I'm happy to have him explain, Madam Chair, but first of all, can we just agree that I'm reading it right?

BY MR. GUILD:

Q It says 1,000 megawatus in 2017, nuclear, correct?

I will agree thant's what the chart says, but as I startted to say, in understanding how all of these work together, is the committee worked to come up with these goals -- and they are goals. You know, what we decided as a committee is we would offer up a posssible scenario for future conssideration by the General Assembly if they decided to accept these recommendations and evaluate them further.

The key here is on evaluating them further, because in the analysis that was done, there was no relevant cost analysis done to determine the impact on customers and the impact on the ultimate consumers in South Canollina, and that was the biggest shortfall of this report, and that was noted in final comments that were given on the report, and it was noted in public comments that were given on the report, and even in the excerpt from the executive summary it states "The CECAC did not break those costs or savings down to the individual household or orgamization levels for each option, and

has not fully evaluated the costs or beneffits of each policy from a broader macroeconomic, social, or environmental standpoint. Further evaluation of both the broader impacts of the policy recommendations and the breakthown of costs and beneffits should be considered prior to adoption by the State."

So while there was offered here a pottential scenario of how these issues could be addressed to the State, it did not inteemd to say this was the only way they could be addressed.

- Q Weell, let's look at page HI-14 to see what exactly you said at the time you endorsed this report. "Bearriers to Consensus," page 14, you see that?
- A Yes.

Q You told us earrlier that one of these objections was your objection, Mr. Mansh. Wee've got three that are written out here. Which one is yours?

I dom't believe any of those captured it, as I statted it in the meeting. My comment in the meeting was that the price that was included for the nuclear option they evaluated was a price that I didn't think was the correct price, based on my knowledge of evaluations we were doing at that time on a combined -- excuse me -- EPC comment with Westinghouse and Stone & Webster.

That was my objection.

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- Q All right. Objection three reads as follows: Prefers a strong mandate, but fixed-goal nuclear costs are too high. That's not you?
- A I dom't recall saying a strong mandate, no, sir.
- Oh, because it does say a stroom mandate. That is kind of what confused me there, Mr. Mansh, because the objection about the nuclear is tired to one that says we want to have a mandate. These arem't just good ideas, these are things we're promising to do.
- If there was a manufacte indicated there -- and I dom't recall exactly the wonding, but my concern was over the fixed-goal nuclear costs were too high, and the manufacte of the committee was to try to figure out how to reduce greenhouse gases, and we came up with a number of policy goals and policy options to be considered further. If you want to state a strong manufact to reducing greenhouse gases, I dom't have an issue with that. But in terms of a strong manufacte of the specific goals, we were talking about putting goals up for further comsideration.
- So let me get this straight. You want there to be a mandate for your nuclear plants, but you want to get out of any kind of suggesstion that you were committing to doing the other things, like energy efficiency or

- renewabiles. Those are just thimgs we're going to study, but, heck, we're going to jump on that nuclear because we've got a mandate for that.
- A I dom't believe I said that. What -- the purpose of the committee was to give the General Assembly ideas for further comsideration as to how we could address the greenhouse gas emissions problem in the State of South Campilina.
- Q All right.

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- A Nuclear was one of those options, and we wanted to make sure nuclear was not excluded from the evaluation process, along with the other ideas of alternative energy. We never said, in the meetings -- and you can go back and check the notes of the meetings. We never said we were opposed to alternative energy; we just did not want to exclude nuclear as an option, especially because of this need for base-load energy in the State.
- Weell, Mr. Mansh, this report has been on the street since July 2008. Have you written to the Governor or Repressentative Haggood, or other members of the committee saying, "Oh, that report, it doesn't accumulately reflect what I said or what we decided." Did you write that letter, Mr. Mansh.
- A I did. I could read it to you, if you'd lilke. It says,
 "The Governoor's Climatte, Emergy & Commerce Advisory

Committee has conducted an intensive process established to, among other objectives, consider the pottential benefits, costs, savings, and feasibility of related energy policy and economic opportunities, and develop specific recommended actions.

"On behallf of South Campilina Electric & Gas, I appreciate the opportunity to participate in the CECAC process. While I would prefer to endorse the emitire report, as discussed in the committee meetings, concerns remain about the validity of some of the background data, as provided by the Center for Climate Strategies and several significant policy recommendations which were not adopted unanimously.

"Many of the CECAC's recommended actions are possitive, including focusing on energy efficiency measures, encouraging green power purchases, tax credits for efficient vehicles, technology research, and incentives in public education and outreach. However, several recommendations could have negative consequences on SCE&C's customers and on South Cancilina's economic competitiveness through increased cost due to limited access to adequate resources. These recommendations include but are not limited to overall voluntary reduction in greenhouse gas emissions 5 percent below 1990 levels by 2020. Wilile this may appear as a

Furthermore, only with

laudable goal, such actions taken independently by any 1 state would be insignificant. The only way to achieve 2 meaningful reductions in greenhouse gas emissions is 3 through a comprehensive and national policy. 4 5 separately, with our limited available renewable resources. South Campolina citizzens may not be able to 6 7 afford an independent approach. a national policy affecting all states will South Campilina remain economically competitive (ES-1, -1a-b, 'Efficiency and Remewable Porttfolio Standard'). statted objective of 5 percent renewables and 5 percent efficiency by 2020 could inject more negative economic impacts to households, small businesses, and industries. First, significant technology limitations may prevent achievement of the target; second, since South Camolina is severely restricted in access to reasonable, costeffectiive renewable resources, the State rissks an even further eroding of any potential economic competitiveness, as power costs would escalate significantly. This assertion is based on CCSS's inability to reduce this recommendation down to the impact on the consumer. Efficiency and renewable power as policy goals without comsideration of cost represent

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In taking these concerns one step further, one must

a very rissky policy for the citizzens of South Canollina.

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comtinue to question the background data and calculations, as was noted during the CECAC process. The data resources provided by CCS were not always verifiable, nor were the quanttification methods and calculations fully explained. There may have been other methods to comsider, but this process did not allow for that option. For example, when a request was made during the process for an analysis of the impact of the recommendations on electric rates, the analysis was not It's important to recognize that the executtive summary notes that the CECAC did not break those costs or savings down to the individual household or organizational levels for each option, and has not fully evaluated the costs or benefits of each policy. Further evaluation of both the broader impacts of the policy recommendations and the breakdrown of costs and beneffits should be considered prior to adoption by the State. This is a significant comment and must continue to be emphassized. Should any of these recommendations be comsidered by the South Camplina General Assembly, it's impremative that comprehensive cost-bemeeffit analyses be conducted prior to the acceptance and implementation of any recommendations.

"Thank you for the opportunity to participate in the process and for taking these concerns into

conssideration."

That was my letter addressed to Ben Haggood, who served as the chaimman of the CECAC committee.

- Q And when did you write that letter, Mr. Maansh?
- 5 A August 28th.

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- Q So after the report was out, you had the report in-hand, you wrrote the letter?
- A I had -- I wrrowte the letter after they asked for pubblic comments, yes.
- Q And would you mind sharimg a copy of that letter with us, for our use, please?
- A I dom't have a problem with that [indicating].
- Q All right [indicating]. Now, I heard what you said there in the letter. That t's helpful to know that you want on record, objecting. Latt's go to page H-13 of the report. Would you read that last builtet, please, under "Key Uncertainties"?
- A "In the interests of advancing the recommended pollicies, the members are accepting the best available numbers as being reasonable, although individual members may disagree with certain assumptions."
- Q All right, sir. Are you saying that you did not, in fact, agree to accept the best awailable numbers as being reasonable?
- A What we agreed to was to accept the numbers as they were

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presented, with respect to the pollicy goals that were
identificed. We didn't make the calculation of the
individual impact on pottenttial customers in South
Camollina, and that was our biggest concern. There were
a numbber of wanys that we could have gone back and
evaluated different options. We were not allbowed to do
that. We bassically had one process we followed, and
that was the process offered by Clive & Ponter.
And how about the "Key Uncertaintties," second buillet,
would you read that one for us, please?
"Nuclear costs and feasibility in the 2020 timeframe."
Lett's look at page HI-7, please?
[Indicating.]

- This is a list of data sources citted by the committee that you were on, and under "Cost of Power Plants," H-7 cites, the second buillet, Moody's Investors Services, "New Nuclear Generation in the United States: Keeping Options Open Versus Addinessing an Inevitable Necessity." That was cited, was it not?
- A It was, and we specciffically had discussion over that and a number of members on the committee took exception to the information in that report.
- I guess you must have been one of those, if your're telling us that now, right?
- A Yes, I was.

- Okaw. The next item, again, cited as a data source for Q 1 the cost of power plants by the CECAC committee, Kathryn 2 Moorris et al., "Nuclear Power Joint Fact-Finding," The 3 Keysstone Center, June 2007. The Keysstone Center report 4 is citted as a source, correct? 5
 - Thatt's what it says here, yes. Α
 - And then down further on the page with regard to Q experience in other states, "Five Years in an Examination of the First Healf Decade of Public Beareffits: Emergy Efficiency Policies," author, American Council for an Emergy Effficient Economy. That t's a source, is it not?
- Yes it is. 13

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- 14 Turn to page HI-11, please?
- [Indicating.] 15
- Now, with regard to the cost of energy efficiency 16 Q measures or saved electricity, the CECAC report makes 17 18 the following observation -- would you read, please? It's the middle of the page above the Table HI-4.
 - "The cost of saved energy is assumed to be 3 cents per killowatt-hour following residential, commercial, and industrial technical working group analysis of policy **RC**-11."
 - All right, sir. And you see below that a cost of energy efficiency measures or saved electricity from other

- states, and there's a range of values there that range from 2 cents a killowatt-hour to 3.8 cents a killowatt-hour, correct.
- 4 A Yes.
- And there's a table above that, citing the installed cost of nuclear power, and it cites a value of \$5,700 a killowatt, citing Moody's. Correct?
- 8 A Theat's connect.
- 9 Q You took exception to that estimate of the cost of nuclear, I take it?
- 11 A We did.
- Now, on page HI-12, the CECAC report notes costs per meggawatatt-hour for offshore wind, and what value do they list there as the cost of offshore wind, dollars per meggawatatt-hour?
- 16 A \$122.

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- 17 Q All right. Now, your weddssite for the V.C. Summer plant
 18 lists the cost of offshore wind not as \$122 a meggawattt19 hour but \$173 a meggawattt-hour. Would you accept that,
 20 subject to check?
- 21 A Subbject to check, yes.
 - Q All right. Now for photowork aic solar, your website lists -- subject to check, would you agree -- \$656 a megeavatt-hour, \$656. Would you accept that, subject to check?

A Thatt's conrect.

- Q All right. And what does the CECAC report say for uttility—scale solar photoxoditaic?
- **A** They shrow \$192.
 - All right. You say 656 when your're telling your customers what a great deal nuclear is, but the CECAC committee on which you participated projected \$192, correct?
 - A I'm not sure the 192 is calculated on the same bassis as the 656.
 - Q Weell, we donn't know what the bassis for the 656 is, because you donn't bother to cite any data sources in your public pronouncements about what a bargain the number plant will be.
 - A That's not true. You know, we calculated 656 based on awailable cost of solar power, adjusted for operating cost and fixed charge ratios adjusted by the capacity factor of those different sources of energy. It's not just the cost of the unnit, it's how much you would have to burild, based on the capacity factor, to provide the megawatus that you need, so --
 - Q Oh, I guess I missed the fime print. Weell, there is m't any fime print, Mr. Mansh. You donn't explain that at all in your weeds site or your full-page ad, do you?
 - A They're all calculated on the same basis, so you're

comparing apples to apples.

Wedl, it --Q

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- That's why we presented --
- -- may be an apple, but as far as the reader is Q concerned it's an orange. No one reading your wedstite or your full-page ad would have any idea what the basis was for those estimates, only that you claim that photoxoditaic is going to cost something like four times as much as the Governoor's Climate, Emergy & Commence Committee says it will.
- We believe that to be true, because when you adjust the Α cost of solar photoxoditaic pamels by the capacity factor -- which is around 20 percent -- you're going to have to produce more of those to provide the magawatus you would need to attempt to replace nuclear energy. Mathematatically, you'll actually never get there, because it only has a 20 percent capacity factor, so theometrically you could build as many as you wanted to, and it wouldn't operate enough to replace the energy from the nuclear plant.
- Q Oh, I see. Wetl, could I get you to agree that you! 'll clarify that with your public? You're going to take out another full-page ad with a little explanatory note saying, "Doon't really take that number at face value.

It really is the cost of the incremental additional

1		gennemantion," or withentewer you expolain it to be. Ame you
2		going to put a note on your wedssite and issue a new ad
3		so that wee'll really umderstand that the 7-1/2 cents per
4		killowatt-lhour bargain price, compared to the exombitant
5		price of photoxxxiltaics, should all be understood in the
6		tæmms you just explaimed?
7	A	Wetll, I thimk consumers could read that information and
8		decide that \$75 is a better price than 656 a megawattt-
9		howr.
10	Q)	But they'd be missled, wouldthi't they, Mr. Maansh?
11	A	I dom't thimk so.
12	Q	Weell, they would be misled without the additional
13		information explaining how you generated the \$656 value,
14		wouldthi't they?
15	A	They were all calculated comsistently and on the same
16		bassis, so the information is comparable between one form
17		of gemeration to another.
18	Q	I see. So you're not going to make the correction or
19		add that as addhitional information to your pubblic
20	,	communication?
21	A	I dom't think a correction is necessary.
22	Q	Understood.
23		MR. GUILD: If I could have just a mooneent,
24		Wadam Chair, please?
25		CHAIRMAN FLEMING: Yes.

1	MR. GUILD: Thank you, Mr. Maansh, thant's all I
2	have. Madam Chair, thank you.
3	CHAIRMAN FLEMING: Okany. Mr. Elliott?
4	MR. ELLIOTT: No questions of this witness.
5	CHAIRMAN FLEMING: All right. Ms. McKimiley?
б	MS. GREENLAW: She had to steep out briefly,
7	but shee''ll be right back.
8	CHAIRMAN FLEMING: All right. Was Was shawer?
9	Wee'll come back to her.
10	MS. WARSHAUER: Thank you, Madam Chariman.
11	CHAIRMAN FLEMING: Yes.
12	CROSS EXAMINATION
13	BY MS. WARSHAUER:
14	Q Good afteenmoon, Mr. Maansh.
15	A Good afteenmoon.
16	Q Almost evening, I guess. So, I'd lilke to ask you a few
17	questions relatted to ittem number three of the
18	appplication, which states that the purpose of the
19	appilication is for your company to, quote, "meet the
20	growing demand of its customers for electric power."
21	And I just warmt to share writh you my recent brill, fircom
22	Oxtober, and I live at 3526 Boundbrook Lame, in
23	Columbia. And in October of 2007, we used 911 kilowatt-
24	hours, and in 2008 we used 642 kilowætt-hours. That
25	shows less use of electricity this year than last year,

correct?

A Yes.

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- Q Yeah. And then in the gas therms, we used 15 therms last year and two this year, so that would also be a reduction, correct?
- A Yes, it would.
- So in the interim, we had installed a solar hot Q) watter heatter, which is reflected in our gas because we had had a gas hot watter heatter before, and for the electricity side we had installed CFL light bulbs and improved our attic insulation. We had a component added on -- we had enclosed our carport and there were lots of leaks in there, and we had somebody come in and close all those up; and the door jamb, which was lilke airconditioning or heating the outside, we closed that up. And we startted using our clothesline more, and turned out the lights more, and turned off the computers at So we volluntarrily, you know, engaged in demandside reduction to lower our cost, and if my neighbors took all of these steps, they would also see similar reductions; is that correct?
- A I'm not sure on the relative reduction in your bill. I suspect, with the actions you took, it did impact a reduction in your bill. I dom't know if some of that could've been due to the weather side. I dom't know if

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the exact percentage can be dupplicated, but certainly
if they took those steps, I would expect their energy
use to go down.

- Yeah, the weather was similar. Last year was 73 degrees average temperature, and this year was 69 degrees average temperature. So we ended up paying -- this year we had a reduction of \$92 to \$71 on electricity, and from \$31 to \$12 in the gas. So we had a comsiderable reduction, almost hall in the gas -- or over hall, in the gas, and a lot in the electricity. So I guess what I'm getting at is, if you were able to somehow get everyone to -- incentivize everyone to do these measures and mone, as has been discussed in the comments earlier this monning, woulkthi't you see a huge decrease in demand?
- Weall, it depends. When you develop programs that would encourage energy efficiency expenditures, and everybody does those, you wouldn't see a reduction in demand. I dom't know, if you take that for all of the customers in the State -- I dom't know what you invested on those technologies or what you paid for additional insulation, or what it took to seal up all those leaks, and the cost of that versus, you know, what you actually saved on your bill. But from our perspective, we would need to make sure that the cost that we would pay, if we were

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paying those incentives to customers or encouraging them to do that and there were costs associated with that, we would need to make sure what we were encouraging them to do was technologically feasible, that they would voluntarily agree to do that, either with or without the incentive, and that the results of that would be permanent and ongoing, that they would produce the desired results over the long term. In other words, they would have to be sustainable.

But on top of that would be what would you pay to save that momey, versus what you actually saved at the end of the day. And our responsibility is to make sure when we do that evaluation for our system, that we incorporate those measures in our calculations and our forecast, as Dr. Lynch has done. He's made provisions for the new efficiency standards for heating and aircomditioning equipment, new efficiency standards on light bulbs that are going into effect, I think it's in 2012, '13, and '14, and other factors that customers would be either required to do or could voluntamily do. All right. I understand that currently there may be not as many incentives for customers to do all of those meassures -- especially the solar hot watter heater; that was a pretty big expense for us -- but ism't it true that currently nuclear power is considering a

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omsiderable incentive from the federal government, iitness the loans that you've applied for? Ism't uclear power being subsidized currently, in that sense? edall, if we are successful in obtaining the federal loan warramtees for the debt that we might issue to support ne cost of the nuclear plant, that will not result in a eduction in cost. As Mr. Addison could probably uplain better than I can, the way that program is esigned, there will be a cost associated with the debt, d then there are crediit filmanciing costs, crediit boidy costs that you have to take to the federal So the combination -vernment.

at --

- -- of the lower interest you might receive from issuing federally backed debt, combined with the credit subsidy cost you would pay to the government, should come close to what you would pay in an open-manket bond sale.
- So why are you applying for the loan subsidies?
- We felt like it was a prudent process to apply for those and we have incliuded ourselves in the process unitil we know exactly what the federal guarantees will provide. There's no clear signal at this point as to how those will be designed, what the actual cost will be, but we felt lilke it was prudent to stay in the process at this posint unitil we do umdærstæmd moore about what they may

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- provide, but we dom't expect those to lower the owermall cost of financing the plant.
 - Q Right, but you wouldthi't have applied for them if you didn't expect there to be a beneffit at some level, maybe
- A Weell, we donn't know if there will be a beneaffit,
 because --
 - Q And --

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- A -- we donn't know what the cost will be. But I'm sure, if we had not applied, and somebody felt there were a beneffit, we would have been accused of not applying prudently.
- 13 Q They hawen't discussed the terms of the loan?
 - A No, they have not. Wee've been to -- and Mr. Additison could go into this further -- but wee've been to one meetting, that was DOE, where they gathered information from the company. They have provided no data as to the cost of the program or what the cost will be to the company, so we dom't know at this point, you know, what those costs might be, but we felt like we needed to stay in the process until we do know if we believe it's prudemt to do so.
 - Q So thatt's just an in-case scenario for you, then?
 - A Weth, we certainly hope it's possitive, and we thimk with our plant and the filling we've got before the

Commission, if it's	approved it wi	ill certainly put us in
a possitiion where we	thimk wee'll be	e favorably lisstæd in
the fimal rankings	that come out.	

- Q So what I'm trying to get at is that our federal government currently has in place some programs that help you finance nuclear power; is that correct?
- A The cost of that program will be underwritten by the industry. The government is simply going to provide the guarantees, and they will calculate the credit subsidy cost associated with those programs, and those costs will be passed on to the uttilities that take advantage of the programs. So I don't think it's a correct assumption to say that the federal government is going to pay for those programs. They're simply offering these programs.
- Weell, if they -- we're having a new administration coming in, as everyone knows, and there's going to be a lot of new programs going to be offered. Would you agree that it could very well be a totally different scenario, as far as subsidies and incentives coming in, beginning in January and through the next six months or 12 months or four years?
- A I dom't think there's any question that the new administration, they've taken a very strong stance of making sure that we support alternative power, that we

	support reduction in greenhouse gases which is likely
	to lead to a carbon tax. I thimk they've indicated
	those are all thimgs they want to look forward to. And
	numclear has not been excluded from that list, either.
Q	No, it hasm't been excluded, but it hasm't been really
	actively promoted, and so we say that is neutral maybe.
	Manybe it will stany the same, manybe it woom to But we do
	know that there's been a stroomg interest expressed in
	these renewarbles and the demandaside mæmægemæmt
	efficiencies, like thimgs that I just mentioned and that
	you would be evaluating in your home visits, that you
	were saying maybe it wouldn't be cost-effective, but
	what I'm suggestimg is, and asking you if you agree,
	that maybe in the next year or so, wee'll see greater
	incentives for these kinds of meassures that would reduce
	the demand and the residemtial usage?
A	And I thimk only time will actually tell us that, as the
	new administration decides
Q)	Right.
A	what its priorities are. But we've accounted for

A -- what its priorities are. But we've accounted for that in the plan we have presented to the Commission. We provide what we thought the needs would be for our customers in 2016 and 2019. We're talking about baseload capacity --

Q But have --

1	A	being used the magiority of the time, and that we have
2		not excluded I think in my testinmony and Dr. Lymoth's
3		testimmony, we both said we have not excluded that
4		there's or, eliminated the need for alternative
5		energy and demanded-side mamagement as paint of the
6		pointfolio that we would look to have in the long term.
7	Q	You have you have inclinded it seemed to me, from
8		what I'we read of your Dr. Lynnth's testimmony that he
9		included a limited amount of reduction with CFLs and the
10		CEER, the air-coonditionning and heating efficiency, but
11		he didm't have a very extensive I could imagine a
12		much moore extensive program than he felt compedited to
13		include. I guess he felt compedited to include those
14		programs that would be mandattory because those are four
15		thimgs that you coumt upon and project, but what I'm
16		suggesstimg is that, as my husband meantioned this
17		moonming, we're really in a transition state right now,
18		and we really dom't know what's going to be coming
19		around the corner, do we?
20	A	Weell, you know, we statted in our testimony, in mine and
21		in Joe's, I believe, that we believe there is a place
22		for demanderside management. We have some very active
23		demandiside management programs now. We currently have
24		a study underway to evaluate what other programs we
25		might bring to the Commission and offer them for

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inclusion in our portifolio, because I mentioned earlier one of the key keys to success for DSM programs is customer acceptance. We now see, because of rising fuel prices, because of diminishing reserve mangins, that there is a remasked interest in demandiside management options. Wedve had other uttilities file with the PSC in the past 12 months; we expect to have our information around the middle of next year, for additional programs that wed'll offer the Commission. But we go on to say that, while we do expect to have additional programs, we don't believe, based on our analysis, that the additional magawatus that are saved from those programs will be enough to eliminate the need for the base-load generation that's going to be provided by the nuclear plants.

- Q You dom't believe there will, but you dom't know that they want't, do you?
- A Weell, the difficulty is, you know, from where I sit, I'm responsible for making sure, when customers need electricity, that we've got it awailable. And with the plan we presented to the Commission for the two new nuclear plants, when that first plant comes omline in 2016, we'll still be at the very low end of our reserve mangin. Our reserve mangin's to try to have enough reserve capacity of 12 to 18 percent. We'll be right at

13 percent when that first plant goes omline.

We'dll, that gets into another whole question, which I'm not going to go into right now, which would be how you predicted the demand, which is another lime of questioning. Right now, I want to get back to what was in my bill. And I have a very attractive brochure, "Set the Pace," and it has two children running along a green meadow barrefoot, on, I guess, very clean grass. And inside it invites me and all of the other ratepayers in my area, I imagine, to contribute just \$4 a month, and that will help provide 100 kilowatth-hours of renewable energy, which is about 10 percent of an average homee's monthly usage. And it says SCE&G is making it easy to help you help the environment.

And let's see, my question here is, if I'm calculating this correctly, if I contribute \$4 per month for 100 kilowatts of renewable electricity, that would be 4 cents per kilowatt-hour; is that correct?

- A Theatt's connect.
- Q So that would be less than I'm paying right now. I'm paying nine point -- point -- if you can help me here, but, yeah, \$.099540, so that would be about 10 cents, right?
- **A Yes.**

Q

Q Okany. So now I'm paying 10 cents, and this brochure

	says I could get renewatble energy for 4 cemts, right?
A	Weell, it says your're going to pay \$4 per killowatt-hour
	that goes to Palmettto Clean Emergy to help substidize the
	development of clean energy technologies. It doessn't
	say thatt's going to comprettely pay for it. It is a
	subsidy that would go to people who would ultimately
	provide that power to SCE&G, that, in return, is put
	into our system. So that does not cover the total cost
	of the clean alternative; that is just a contribution to
	help support that.

- Q Weell, that it's -- I mean, I don't want to be argumentative, but it sounds a little missleading, kind of like what Mr. Guild had mentioned in the other ad.

 I'm not sure why you would mention the 100 killowatth-hours of renewable energy if it wassn't actually going to get that.
- A I would need to read all the information on the brochure, but we've had a lot of information out, we've had press conferences, we've had information available. I think it's also available on our wedsite, or a link to the PaCE wedsite that describes in detail how this program works and that the goal is to take those dollars and funnel those to Palmetto Clean Emergy with the idea that they would support those renewable energy options that are being evaluated and investigated.

- Q They're being evaluated and investigated, but they're not being provided?
- A They would be provided. They would ultimately be provided at the end of the process. And the idea is, with the dollars that come from PaCE, with incentives that may be awailable, tax incentives or other incentives that may be awailable to the provider of the clean energy, they can reduce enough momey to support their continued production of green power.
- Why do you have to have this volumtary countribution for clean energy? Arren't you almost dy committed to it, as a company? Why do you need to have me make that additional chamitable domation?
- A Weell, we are trying to make a constribution to those that arem't cost-effective in today's markettplace, lilke photoxoditaics and lilke solar, along with wind. And in our analysis, we've evaluated those as cost -- if you pay the full cost of the technology and bring that directly onto the grid without any type of subsidy, it's too costly for our customers.
- What -- your're asking the Commission to approve -- I believe I'm correct in saying -- a 37 -- over the course of the life of the project -- 37 percent increase in my manufactory monthly -- manufactory -- you know, I'm being -- would be manufacted or obligated to pay an increase to

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support this nuclear power, these nuclear power plants. Is that the correct amount?

- Weah, I believe the testimony is right at 2-1/2 percent a year over the 12-year period. And that covers the full cost of what we have projected is the cost of nuclear plants as we've included in the Base Load Review filling, and that supports the evaluation that was done that says when you compare the cost of that nuclear energy against other available alternatives, whether that be coal, gas, or alternative energy supplies, that is the cheapest option for the customers over the long term.
- But you're tallking about subsidies and comtributing to something that you wouldn't be able to do without subsidies, but it seems to me like I'm subsidizing the nuclear path, and where -- I'd really rather be doing this [indicating], because you-- ism't that -- dom't you think that a pretty brochure like this, it's kimd of feeding into my natural desire to have a clean world, ism't it?
- And we hope that people wiill elect to do that, because, as I'we said before, we're not opposed to alternative energy, we're not opposed to wind, we're not opposed to solar, we're not opposed to those forms that are higher cost today than nuclear but over the long term have a

place in our gemerration plant.	The problem with the
renewables, in most cases in	all cases that I'm aware
of they dom't provide enough	comstistent energy when
you need it to meet the needs of	f base-load customers,
and thant's where nuclear has the	e advamtage.

- Weell, I think wee'll get to that a lot later on, too, with all the different alternatives. I mean, biomass is pretty stable, but I just wanted to -- this kind of reinforces your point, I think, but I notice in the areas that you're serving, Lexington was included, correct?
- A That's correct.

Q That's correct? So in the paper last week, there was a panel report from -- Lexington town officials received a town advisory committee report that says the town officials should take energy savings steps that include incentives to builders to insulate more, recycled materials, and place homes under trees, and has quoted Britt Poole as saying, "This is going to become the way to do things."

This is in the town of Lexington, it's not -- you know, I spent some of my aduilt life in Cambbridge,
Massachlusettts, which they are a liberal area, but this is Lexington, which is right here in South Cambbrida,
right here next to us, and not necessarily even

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considered an area that might -- not a comserwative-leaning area -- I mean, not a liberal-leaning area, I would think. I guess it doesn't matter, those labels, but what I'm saying is, if you're trying to meet the needs of the customers and the desires of the customers and the push and the real desire to be more efficient and to do whatever it takes, even if it costs more, even if you're going to make a constribution, a voluntary constribution, don't you think that there's a treamendous groundswell of interest and excittement about renewables that you could tap into in offering us something that we really would love to pay even more for than the 37 percent, perhaps?

Weell, that has not been our experience. And our evaluation has been, you know, customers have the choice to decide what they may want to do for energy efficiency or demandistide expenditures, and those are dollars that come out of their pocketbooks, and so they'll ultimately make the decision if they want to make those cost-saving decisions or expenditures to generate savings on their bills. It's a cost-beneffit analysis. With Palmetto Green -- Palmetto Clean Emergy, we did some research before we formed this organization, and our experience was that we had 47 percent of our customers indicated that they would have an interest in participating in the

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orgamization. Once it was made avanilable and the information to date shows that we've had less than 1 percent of our customers sign up to participate and support that objective.

That t's been a very similar case that Samtee Coopper had. They've had their green energy program for a long time. They had the same type results from their surveys, but I believe they're still less than 1 percent participation by the customers.

- Weell, your're asking people to give up their discretionary dollars for something thatt's kind of imaginary in the future, but if it were -- if you were advocating, as the panel that you served on, I guess, is going to advocate in the State Lægisslature, incentives from the government or from federal or State level -- if you were to advocate for that or if they were to come omline, you probably would see different behaviors, because we know -- wouldthit you -- we know that people respond to incentives in their tax dollars or whenever they re presented.
- A Clustomers dom't allways respond -- and we'll have some witnesses testiffy to these facts later on in the case, on demands side management. Some customers will respond, others will not. At the end of the day, there is a point beyond which you cam't assume everybody will

respond. The alternative we would have at this point, as we have to make a decision today about long-term energy needs, is if we decided to do wind, to do solar, in an effort to try to replace nuclear, customers wouldn't have the choice of paying the higher cost of those verses nuclear, if that is the option we brought to the Commission.

What Palmetto Clean Emergy is designed to do is to give them the option of comtributing those dollars voluntarily and not being forced to do that if they don't choose to.

- I'm not sure if I follbowed that whole image, how you ended up and that paint, but -- one more second. So you were saying that your're going to have writnesses that dom't choose to do this, even though they could?
- A I said wee'll have witnesses that will talk about customens' desire to participate in demands side management for energy efficiency programs. We have witnesses who will speak to that.
- Q Wile of they do or they dom't or how that breaks down, that kind of thing?
- **A Yes.**

Q Uh-Huh. But we know for example in your tax code if your're given a discount for your charritable deductions, most people will take the discount, correct?

A Sure.

- Q So, similarly there could be an incentive that most people would really want to participate in, given the right incentives and the right presentation, correct?
- A I thimk that is a great point, because there are costs associated with those incentives, and the way demand-side management is treated in the regulatory process, traditionally, is the cost of paying those incentives is also passed on to customers. So it's a balance of what are you paying for the demands side management programs versus what are you going to pay for energy to provide the same megawatts that you might have displaced.
- Q Thatt's if you were providing the incentives?
- A Right.
 - But if a different emitity -- if the government were to decide to give a manufate, as the imcoming administration may or as the State government may, after reading these proposals from the panel that you've served on, then we could see another option, another way for some of those emititles to be firmanced; is that correct?
 - A If time produces those, and those are cost-bemæfficial to the customers, we would certainly evaluate those for inclusion in our owerall process. I --
- Q Weell, thank you, very much.

MS. WARSHAUER: Thank you, very much.

1	CHAIRMAN FLEMING: At this time, we are going
2	to take a 15-milmute break. Wee'll be back between
3	20 and 25 after.
4	[WHEREUPON, a recess was taken firom 4:07
5	to 4:26 p.m.]
6	CHAIRMAN FLEMING: Please be seated. The
7	hearimg will come to order. I thimk we're at Mr.
8	Joe, riight?
9	MR. WOOLCICKI: Yes, if yout'll let me.
10	CHAIRMAN FLEMING: Ns. ModKimley has not
11	returned, correct?
12	MS. GREENLAW: I believe she's left.
13	CHAIRMAN FLEMING: Okay.
14	MS. GREENLAW: Thank you.
15	CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. WOULDICKI:

Please be let me show my -- how to say -- respect to you as a person who is leading very important part of policy on electricity and distribution electricity between the residents of South Carrollina. My first question -- my question will be probably pretty easy for you, comparing to the previous list of the questions. The first question is that we already know that you are one of the member of the -- one of the -- this is what's called committee?

- A The CECAC, the climate-ordnange stundy committee?
- 2 Q On climate?
- 3 **A Yess.**

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- Q Okay. Are you also the member of other committee or commission, advisory commission to the Governmor of South Carrollina?
- 7 A No, I'm not.
 - Q Okay. My second question is, what kind of issue, from the meetings, discussions, and documents from this committee or commission was injected in your application, this one we are right now reviewing?

You know, we didn't include any of that report in our That report was presented to the Governmor. I think it was done -- I dom't remember -- the report was probably presented to the Governor after we filled our appolication. I dom't remember the exact date; I remember that committee fimishing its work in about the Way timeframe and the final report going to the Governor sometime during the summer. But as such, I would still comsider that, you know, just as a report for comsideration, and I didm't see anything in there that was against, you know, what we were proposing in our appollication here at the Commission, because we recognized that there could be a place for renewables and other alternative sources of electricity as part of

1		our ongoing process and plan that we provided to the
2		Committeesion.
3	Q	In this issue, there was any information about the
4		Governoor's plan to build a huge investment except this
5		one in the State of South Canvollina? Arre you aware of
6		another million billions dollars' investment plan in the
7		State of South Canwlina or not?
8	A	In additional nuclear facilities, or any facility?
9	Q	Any facility. Because each of the facility requires
10		electricity, right?
11	A	I dom't know of any alternative sources that would reach
12		that maggnitude, because of the number of maggawatus that

Q No, this is not about generation, this is about the load. Do you expect some other load, big load, to happen somewhere?

would be involved to replace nuclear base-load

I do know Duke is comsidering constructing

19 **A Oh.**

generation.

two units in South Carolina.

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- Q Say, somebody is going to burild oil refimery, for example. This is a huge load.
 - A Weell, I know from commensations I have from time to time with our personnel in the company that are involved in economic development, there comtinue to be different levels of interest expressed in moving to South

1		Camollina. I cam't point to one particular addition
2		thatt's going to bring, you know, a 1,000-megawaatt load
3		to the State, but there are certainly people who
4		comtinue to look at South Canvilina because of its
5		favorable regulatory possition in terms of the rates we
6		could give our custommers that come to the State.
7	Q	What's your opinion and possition to the public voices we
8		have heard here in the moorming? Arre you think that they
9		represent pubblic convemience and necessity, the voices
10		we heard this moonming? You were present here, right?
11	A	Weell, I certainly believe they spoke what was on their
12		hearrts and on their mimds, in terms of what they believe
13		is best for the State. I would have to offer as a
14		citizzen of South Camollina, with kids and grandkids, I
15		probably have the same interests that they do in making
16		sure wee're doing the right thimgs for the future of our
17		kids over the long term. So my solution would be
18		different from theirs, which is why I support the
19		implication that we filted, but I believe the goal is the
20		same, is to make sure we provide an environment for our
21		kids and grandkids over the long term that is clean and
22		addresses some of the issues that are facing us as a
23		state and as a nation.
24	Q	Let me rephrase. So you don't think that this negative

-- or, oppossition to the nuclear represents the public

- convemience and necessity?
- 2 A I bæliæve that they certainly bæliæve what they spoke.
- I dom't believe that is the prevatiliting view around South
 Carrollina.
 - Q So, you know, I'm almost lilke Commussiomer asking, if this voices has to be rejected over the public convenience and necessity.
- A I dom't think the concerns they've got would provide the
 evidence to the Commission that we should not approve
 the application, as it's been presented. I mean,
 certainly it's their opinion. We recognize they are
 emutitleed to that opinion. I'm glad to have them come
 express that, in --
- 14 **Q B**ut has --

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- 15 A -- the process.
- 16 Q -- to reject in the decision. Okay. I'm not sure that
 17 what I heard, that is several so-called wholescale
 18 customer was no longer your client. Is that true?
- 19 A Which customer was that?
- 20 Q Whobbessale, those guys that are just buying for to sell --
- 22 Q Right. We have been providing --
- 23 Q -- electricity.
- A Wee've been providing electricity to the City of
- Orangeburg under comtract that expires next year. They

Q

Hmmm.

	have given us notice that they do not interned to remew
	that communact, so we have taken the megawatus that were
	in our planning process out of that, along with, I
	believe the Ciity of Greenwood, some additional necessariatis
	because I dom't amticipate that they will be there,
	based on our discussions with them.
Q	Do you know the reason why they qurit?
A	I suspect, based on my knowledge, they wanted to pursue
	where the prices would be available in the manket for
	the cost or figure that was provided to them.
Q)	So they re looking for cheaper electricity, right?
A	There looking for a different price, yes.
Q	Okany. Now, AP1000 are designed to live 60 years. The
	source of the energy is from uranium. And my question
	is, how long can expect the United States going to give
	you uramitum to run your facility, not only this one but
	also you have one Umit No. 1 at Jenkiimswille, and
	Cope. What would be perspective, still expect for 60
	years to have uramitum from Umited States?
Α	We dom't get all of the uramium from the United States.
	I'm comfontable with the analysis that we have done,
	that we have adequate supplies for our current nuclear
	plant, as well as the evaluation that was done for

future suppolies. I'm comfident that they will be there.

You know, this may be my personal fear that wee're

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going to have to buy from Russsia. Just ignore my remanks. Next question is, I was listen to pretty long discussion, session of question and answer between you, sir, and Mr. Guild. And one of the problem I see here is a kind of inabbillity to understand the number we receive from you, as a client, from your wedstite. was also something that I believe that, in this case, Mr. Guild was right; there was so-called companing apples to oranges. From my knowledge and practice, the cost of the killowatt-hours has to be -- if you compare two sources of the -- I want to buy killowatt-hours from the Company A, Company B, I'm looking for so-called levelized cost of the killowatt-hour. And in this case, I think -- especially because I'm involved in the solar energy, in Pickens Plan, as a so-called expent -- I have seen this number really wrong, put it this way. So what I think is very -- will be good for your company, if you're going to present same kind of results of the calculation, from the education point of view, much better would be, if you're going to show also -- in the Web you can put a lot this information. You can start with the beginning of the calculation, what are the input, show the method of calculation, and final give results.

Ome of my bosses say, "Joe, never try to confuse

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your readers or students because they stop to trust you." And your company is doing pretty good job in different places, including education. I think -- what do you think, it would be good if you can tell you people who are working this one, "Guys, give this kind of information," so Mr. Guild, Woojicki, and other people will understand exactly the number are true and were calculated like should be done?

Yeah. I thought we had done that in the calculation that we presented in the newspaper, and that calculation is on the weddesite. All those numbers were calculated on a conssistent basis by taking the capital costs associated with that type of generation, adding to that any fixed cost associated with that, operating cost, and adjusting for the capacity factor, along with the capital cost and those other costs they mentioned, puts them on the same basis so they're all calculated using the exact same formula, so the information that comes out is very comparable and it gives you a very good idea of the relative possition of those different types of power sources.

I see you believe in the way this was done, but we are confused how this was done, if this are really so-called levelized cost of the kilowatt-hours. Also, one of the other problem is with looking at the cost of electricity

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Q

Good afteenmoon.

	is, if I'm looking to your tariffs, I sometimes see ver
	low number for kilowatt-hours 5 cents, 6 cents, 2
	cents then I see another factor that industrial guys
	has to pay for meggawatts, for meggawatt reactive power,
	or for power factor, and they also have to pay some kind
	of mostaly fixed number of dollars. So again, this has
	to be if wee're tallking about the costs, we have to b
	very careful how we present this one. It's just maybe
	I just have no question at this point, except I'm
	going to fimiss homy quesstioning by one remark. Was.
	Wanshawer showed \$4 domattion for renewable energy. Six
	moontths ago, I have seen in Mid-Carodlina Comperattive,
5	askimg for \$3. Is that meeans that with six moonths we
	have this kind of dewaluation in dollar, \$3 to \$4?
A	I cam't speak to what they provided in their bills.
G	Okany.
4	Our \$4 is in there to support the development or,
	support the purchase of renewable energy and it's tax-
	deduxttible.
Q	Yeah, we have to somehow support this kind of stuff.
	MR. WOLCICKI: So thank you, very much.
	CHAIRMAN FLEMING: Thank you. Ms. Greenlaw.
	CROSS EXAMINATION
В	Y MIS. GREENLAW:
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You're lasting a good, long time.

You're doing better than I am. I'm sorry, give me just
a second. All right. Mr. Mansh, I just have a few
questions that I thimk some of wee ve been just kind
of hintimg around the edges of them. When you're
tallking about looking at the replacement of base-load
power plants with renewable energy, and you said it
wassn't companable and it's not actually practical, why
are we looking at renewables as base-load? I mean, we
have an emphassis on base load because that does provide
the comstant energy; is that correct? It's reliable,
it's comstant, you turn the light switch on and you get
your lights?

- A Weell, base load is defined as that energy that is needed generally 65 to 70 percent of the time. It's that load that's pretty much there year-round, day-in and day-out. It's not subject to peaks and valleys.
- Connect, okay. So when we're looking at replacing megawatts, we donn't have to look at base-load options, do we? We can use those peak times and -- for those renewables to offset the power we would use otherwise from base-load plants; is that correct?
- A I dom't think so, based on my understanding of your question. Base load needs to be there 65 to 70 percent of the time, which is why, when you look for base-load generation, you're trying to build a facility that will

provide that energy 65 to 70 percent of the time. The problem we have with renewables, particularly wind and solar, is they donn't have capacity factors -- meaning the percentage of time that they re actually awailable for use -- high enough to meet that base-load requirement. Wind is normally around 30 percent and solar is generally around 15 to 20 percent. So, by definition, if you had enough megawatts of renewable energy, it's likely not to be there at the times you need it for that base-load need, 65 to 70 percent of the time.

- But your're tallking about using renewables as base-load fuel. I mean, your're looking at -- when your're tallking about using solar, for example, your're tallking about a solar plant; is that correct? Is that one of the assumptions -- I'm just trying to find out what some of the assumptions are that wee're working with, because there are solar plants -- we donn't have them -- but, you know, they do run into the problems that you have. But is that the assumption of the company when you are discussing renewables as, you know, being able to produce sufficient megawatuts?
- A Let me try to walk through the process and I think I can answer your question.
- Q Okany.

1	A	In defining the need, we look at the energy needs of our
2		customærs, and that first steep shows that we have a need
3		for base-load gemenation in that 2016-19 timeframe. We
4		then look for awamilable resources to meet that need,
5		which has typically been done by coall-fired plants or
6		intermediate-locad gas combined-cycle plants in the passt.
7		We also comsidered numblear in that mix. We evaluated
8		renewable sources, but concluded that they did not
9		provide a high enough level of capaccity on a comssistent
10		bassis to replace base load, so we did not comsider it as
11		an alternative to base load because of the inherent
12		weakmess in its abiility to provide base load gemenation.
13		Thant didm't mean we doom't beelieve we can find sources
14		for those uses on our system, just not as base-load.
15	Q	Right, correct, and thatt's what I'm hearing, and I just
16		warmted to make sure that that was clear, because I dom't
17		think most people here who are supporting renewables are
18		looking at renewables as a base-load mooted. We are
19		looking at it as something to offset their use of
20		whatever power comes from the base-load plant.
21		Leet me go this wany, okay? In teamns of trying to
22		pronoute renewable power, your company has chosen to use

Let me go this way, okay? In terms of trying to promote renewable power, your company has chosen to use a very weak net-mettering system. And I understand it's experimental; it's, you know, just fresh out of the box; and, you know, you're trying to work out some kinks and

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so on. But it seems that, if your company really wanted
to promote renewables and have them available for PaCE,
you would put a system into place whereby, if somebody
wamts to go ahead and bear those capital costs and put
that, you know, either solar pamels on their house, or
whattever they have, that you would be able to use that.
And fircom what I umderstand, you have only three
renewable providers or suppliers, consumer generators,
at the present time providing solar to the PaCE program
with SCE&G is that correct?
I thimk that number may be higher at this time, but I'd
have to get the exact number to give you that.
Weell, I appreciate that. Okay, that's good. I think
your number would be significantly higher if your
company would change some of the work that you ve done
with your net meatering. You've limited the amount of
well, let me ask you this, because I don't remember the
number. What is your limit of peak load in your net
mettering? Is it .1 percent?
I dom't recall those specific numbers. I'll have to get

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you to address those probably to Kenny Jackson, whoo'll

talk about the rate structure, or manybe Joe -- Dr. Joe

options whereby consumers who self-generate and dom't

need the energy themselves can provide that energy to

But we do provide, I know, four different

the SCE&G system. Under those options under the tariffs approved by this Commission, there are rates that we pay them for doing that. You know, our concern is wee're not paying them for energy at a higher rate than I could purchase it elsewhere, for use by the other customers. I wouldthit want to, just because a consumer decided to put in a relatiively expensive homee generaltion system -- let's just say it's a photoxoolitaic system -- that costs them a higher cost per killowalth-hour than I could purchase that, that I should burden the rest of the customers on the system by purchasing that from you at a higher cost and passing that on to the other consumers who didn't make that investment.

- Q Weell, I dom't thimk you have it structured that way at all.
- A We dom't.
- 17 Q You have it as avoided cost, at this point.
- **A We do.**

- 19 Q You're not even giving one-to-one.
 - A And I think that may be part of the reason we've not seen a number of people, you know, jump and say, "I want to participate." I think it will be a slow-developing program. I hope, with PaCE and other incentives that may be available, we can encourage that industry to begin to develop, and I dom't doubt that over time it

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1		may become more cost-effective. But until that time,
2		wee ve got to protect what all of the customers on the
3		system pay and not just those who have chosen to make
4		those investments.
5	Q	Would you explain what you mean, "protect other
6		customers"? From what?
7	A	Weell, I wouldn't wamt to have as I said earlier, I
8		wouldn't want to pay a home generator a higher price for
9		electricity than I could purchase on the open manket or
10		gemerrate mysself, and pass that higher cost on to the
11		consumers, the rest of my customers.
12	Q	If you're giving retail rate, ome-for-one exchange for
13		their net you know, for their NEG, you know, then you
14		wouldn't be paying a high rate.
15	A	I wouldthi't be, and
16	Q	No.
17	A	I agree wiith that.
18	Q	And I dom't know of any system in the Umited States or
19		anywhere, that tries to subsidize what people put on
20		their homes, from the uttility point of view. There are
21		other kinds of substidies, you know
22		MR. BURGESS: Wadam Chainman, we
23		MS. GREENLAW: Oh, I'm sorry.
24		MR. BURGESS: would object to this lime of
25		testiiffying that Ms. Greenlaw is doing, and just ask

that	she	please	state	a	question.
------	-----	--------	-------	---	-----------

CHAIRMAN FLEMING: Okay. If you could just ask the question.

MS. GREENLAW: I apologize. Thank you, I'm sorry.

BY MS. GREENLAW:

- Q So is it your company's goal to improve your net mettering system to encourage renewable power production by customer generators?
- A You know, I thimk our goal is to follow the system we put into place and wantch it develop. You know, we support the development of renewables where it makes economic sense to do so. And to the extent there are incentives that are awanilable to help custommers pursue those options, we support that. And to the extent we can purchase that power at fair rates and use it on our system, we're glad to do that.
- Okany, thank you. I just have a few moore queestions.

 It's hard to read through this. In your -- I'm sorry.

 In your testimmony on page 20 -- if I have the right one.

 I'm sorry. Yeah. On page 20, you started on lime 13 and 14 -- limes 13 and 14 that SCE&G actually dosesni't need moore than one unnit, one nuclear unnit. Is that correct?

thatt's correct.

Yeah, we dom't need the capacity from two full umits,

Q	So if you	dom't ne	eed it find	com two ful	l umits,	are you
	expecting	it from	1 iilke 55	percent of	the umit	ts?

What we attempted to do was, we knew we had a need in 2016 and in 2019. Our bællief was, as wæ've described in our tæstimmony, that we felt like nuclear was the correct base-load gemæration option because it's clean, safe, and reliable, and mæts the dæfinition of base-load energy. So knowing we had to have two plants to fullfill that need, we felt like it was appropriate, and approached Westinghouse about negottiating for two plants as part of the evaluation process.

Samtee Cooper has been a great partner with us for over 26 years in the current plant. They had expressed a desire to participate with us in that partnership, if it could be worked out in a favorable manner. We knew that there would be significant cost savings as a result of purchasing two plants versus one. And with them as a partner, that allbowed us to build two plants, capture the savings, and then share that with consumers.

- Q These are unitested -- from what I understand, are these -- there are no -- are there prototypes for this AP1000?
- A The first AP1000s are being buillt now in Japan. There are none that are actually compilete today, but the design is an updated version of the pressurized watter reactor that we operate today. Mr. Byrne can give you

moore detail on that, but it's a passive system versus an
active system for safety applications. So we believe
that, while it's a new design, we donn't believe the
nuclear technology is new, and a lot of the risks
associated with compretely new technology have been
eliminated.

- Q But it is a fingest grameration plant that you're putting in?
- A It's actually what they call a Generation III, which is a new-generation facility.
- Okany, but I guess what I'm saying is, this particular model is -- again, it's fresh out of the box, so to speak, and it doessn't have a track record at this point? If they just fimished building one in Japan, we dom't have a track record on it?
- A They have not fimited the one in Japan. It's under commutation today. So there's not an AP1000 that has compileted commutation and is in operation.
- Q Okany. So what you want to do is save momey by buying two, but they re untested. Do you not find that risky, to buy two of something that has m't been tested rather than buy one, run it through its paces, go back and look at the engineering design, let them tweak it before you put in -- you know, purchase a second one that it's identical to the first? I mean, I don't know, it just

-- it doesn't seem wise to me, I guess because I'we had too many bad --

MR. BURGHSS: Objjection, argumeenteative.

CHAIRMAN FLEMING: Yes.

MS. GREENLAW: I'm sorry.

CHAIRMAN FLEMING: Ns. Green law

BY MS. GREENLAW:

- Q Yeah, let me just leave it there. Is it not a rissky thimg to put in -- to purchase two brand-new thimgs that have no track record?
- I wish it were as simple as just looking at purchasing two untits, because there are a lot of issues at play here. As I describbed earlier, you know, we first defined the need for base-load generation, and nuclear came to the top for all the reasons we've enumerated in our testimony -- it's clean, it's reliable, and it provides the energy we need, and we can build it, we believe, in the timefiname in which it's needed.

They are new plants, they are new designs. They re upgrades of existing plants that have been in operation for years. We have comfidence in the company that has designed the plant. The design has been certificed by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. It is, you know, preparing to be constructed. Wee've spent a lot of time with Westinghouse and Stone & Weebsteer, talking about the

issues related to plant comstruction and operation, and we have satisfized ourselves that it will produce the energy, as provided.

The alternative is not to build the plants, which in my mind is significantly more risk than the risk there may be in building two new facilities that have not been in operation before. You know, we know from the messsages we've received from the new presidential administration that carbon is going to be a big issue in the future, so that puts a huge negative flag on coal-fired generation and on gas-fired generation over the long term. We donn't know what that 's going to be, but it's likely to be very expensive.

These nuclear plants will protect us from that risk, not only by providing clean, reliable energy that doesn't produce any carbon emissions, but also if we have the need to shut down one of our older coall-fired untits because it doesn't make sense to provide the retroffits to satisfy the new coal requirements, we have the posssibility of using that nuclear generation to meet that need without having to put additional cost on consumers.

If we want -- if we burild one plant today and want two or three years to burild a second plant, I can just about assure you that the cost of the plant we would

- bring back to this Commission in two or three years would be significantly higher than the cost we've negottiated today, and also the cost of the existing plant would go up because we would lose the beneffit of building two plants over a three-year period versus just one.

 Okay, I'm going to let that one rest for a while. Will you define what you mean -- you keep saying "clean"
- Q Okany, I'm going to let that one rest for a while. Will you define what you mean -- you keep saying "clean energy." Are you tallkiing about only the emissions during the operations of the plant?
- A I'm tallking about no emissions from the plant operations, yes. No greenhouse gases.
- Q Okany, so when you say "clean," you are referring to greenhouse gases?
- 15 A Yess.

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- 16 Q Thatt's it?
- 17 A Yes.
 - Q Okany, all right. Because I think that thant's -- again, I know Mr. Bungess is going to jump up, so I'll have to rephrase this. I'm not sure why you're using that term "clean." Can you explain why you're using "clean" for just greenhouse gases, instead of just saying greenhouse-gas-emissions-free?
 - A Wetll, there's been a lot of discussion around the State and around the country about producing clean energy, and

1	when they "re tallking about clean energy they "re tallking
2	about non-emitting sources of electric generation, which
3	numclear falls into that category. That t's why I use the
4	word "clean."
5	Q Okany, thank you. All right, I'm going to move on. It
6	just Mr. Bungess, go ahead and jump out. It just
7	it just seems that when wee're looking at the fossiliizzed
8	fuel, coal plants, you are trying to eliminate
9	CHAIRMAN FLEMING: Yes, Mr. Bungess.
10	MS. GREENLAW: It's going to be a question.
11	It's going to be a question.
12	MR. BURGHSS: Wadam Chairman, I would object
13	to her intra. If she would, just go ahead and ask
14	a question?
15	CHAIRMAN FLEMING: All right, sustaimed.
16	BY MS. GREENLAW:
17	Q Are you not looking at the emitire from conadile-to-grave
18	on cleanliness in building a plant?
19	A In what fashion?
20	Q In terms of using the word "clean"?
21	A I'm not sure exactly what you're referring to, but, you
22	know, there's
23	Q Wéell I
24	A You know, we believe the plant has comstruction costs
25	which we have defimed, and has matterials that go into

the plant that we have defimed, and, you know, those						
matternials go into the plant that is designed to produce						
the megawatus that we need in an efficient, clean						
manner. There are no emissions from the operations of						
the plant, no greenhouse gases that come from the						
operation of these two nuclear plants.						

- Q So you're not -- are you not looking at the wasste end product?
- The nuclear wasste that is generated at the plant has been accounted for in our evaluation. With respect to the spent fuels -- and Mr. Byrne can address this in more detail -- we have the absility to store that spent fuel om-site in a safe mammer for the life of the plant. So we believe it meets all the requirements of being able to store that fuel safely om-site. I see the safety of that fuel different from clean energy, in terms of emissions and greenhouse gases.
- Okany, thank you for the clarifficattion. Your're tallking about storing the energy on—ssite -- storing the -- I'm sorry -- the spent fuel rods on—ssite. How many years of storage do you have on—ssite, or will you have on—ssite for the AP1000?
- A I dom't recall the exact number of years. Mr. Byrne can address that specifically, but there's a period of time that you would hold the fuel in the spent fuel

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Α

containment, which is within the containment building at
the plant, and then once you've exhausted the storage
capabillity from that pool facility, you would move to
dry cask storage outside of the plant. I just dom't
recall the exact number of years you go from the spent
fuel pool out to the dry cask storage.

- Q Okany. So as far as security is going -- goes, would you define that for me? You're saying it's secure. Would you fill me in on that?
 - Again, we have very strict security requirements at our nuclear facilities. We're required to maintain a properly trained, properly tested security force onsite. We have significant oversight from the NRC and others that regulate that and oversee the evaluation of those security forces, to make sure it's not just in place but that it has been tested and liwes up to the expectations of adequate safety to protect the facility.
- Q Do you have protection from overhead aerial attrack?
- 19 A Our plant design will comsider that in its fimal design,
 20 yes.
 - Q It will be comsidered?
 - A It is being comsidered in the design of the plant. I'm not sure if it's Rewision 16 or 17, but it's being comsidered, and will be in the filmal design for the plant.

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Q	Okany, thank you. I'm sorry. Mr. Mansh, on page 32	of
	your testimmony, beginning around lime 15 of that la	ıst
	buillet, you're expressimg would you just read th	ıat
	for us, limes 15 through, I guess, 21? Do you mind	l
	reading that?	

- A I'd be glad to. "Construction delays and regulatory or legal changes could jeopardize SCE&C's receipt of federal production tax credits related to the units. In addition, SCE&G and Samtee Cooper have planned to receive a full allocation of credits. However, if fimal tax regulations and determinations preclude Samtee Cooper's and public power emitities' eligibility for the credits, SCE&G and Samtee Cooper have agreed to share the value of the credits they receive, subject to PSC approxail."
- Thank you. When your're tallking about consstruction delays and these regulatory or legal changes, I'm not sure how that could jeopardize gettiing the tax credits. Is this a matter of gettiing it done within a certain time window?
- A Yes. There are two critical dates by which you would quallify for the credits: By the end of 2008, you had to have filled your application with the NRC for a new nuclear facility, which is step one of the credits, the application process or quallification process; and I

believe -- and Mr. Byrne can verify this -- by the end of December 2013, you have to have actually started commutation on your nuclear plant, and there are some specific definitions that would qualify for commutation in order to qualify for the credits.

So we have meet the first requirement, in that we have filled our application with the NRC, so based on that, if we were not to meet the construction requirements by starting construction by the end of 2013, we would not be eligible to receive production tax credits.

- Okany, thank you. The tax credits -- I'm sorry. The regulatory issues, I thimk -- ism't NRC going through some new regulatory changes this time around? Heavern't they had some changes in their procedures, when it comes to processing applications?
- A In terms of the licenses?
- Q Yes, sir.

We filled what's called a combined operating license, which is very different than what we had back in the '70s and '80s. In the previous process, you had to apply for a construction license, and then once construction was completed you then had to reapply for an operating license. Under the new process, the COL, you get a combined operating license, which allows you

to	start	construction	on and tl	hen go	into ope	aration	once
you	ur umit	: is compple	ted. Yo	u dom't	have to	go bac	k for
th€	e fiimal	operatimg	1 io en se	once th	he comst	ructiion	is
ov€	er.						

- Thank you. I'm almost through. On page 36 of your testimony, you go into some of the items that don't have fixed or fimm pricing, you know, wages, construction materials, consumables, and non-mucilear burildings. Does this include the water treatment plant that you're planning to burild om-site?
- A I believe that would fall into that category. I would need to check that with Mr. Byrne, in the details of the continact.
- Q Okay. And at page 37, I'm just asking if you will explain limes 3 through 6, about how Westinghouse and Stone & Webster are at risk for a substantial percentage of the agreed-to prooffit or costs where they've exceeded that target price?
- A Under the commence -- and Mr. Byrne can elaborate on this, if necessary -- there are certain items that are subject to target pricing. That includes a base comstruction cost, an amount for contingency, an amount of proffit on top of that. To the extent that we meet the target price, we would be able to share that contingency with Westinghouse and Stone & Webster as an

incentive to have them meet that target price. If they
go above the base comstruction price and also go over
the contingency that is in that calculation, we would
then begin to reduce their proffit portion of the target
price, which would be the third piece in that
calculation.
So they have incentive to bring the project in on

So they have incentive to bring the project in on budget, which would include needing the target price, in order to receive a full payout of their proffit. To the extent that they exceed that target price, plus the contingency included in that calculation, they would give up a portion of their proffit.

It sounds like it's very tight. Okay, thank you. I wanted to ask you some things about distributed generation --

MS. GREENLAW: And if I need to stop, Madam Chairman, I'm wiilling, you know.

CHAIRMAN FLEMING: How much longer?

MS. GREENLAW: I keep lying and telling you I dom't have much, so I'm not quite sure. Maybe fiwe minutes.

CHAIRMAN FLEMING: Okay, why dom't you fimissh your cross-examimation.

MS. GREENLAW: Okay. All right, thank you.

BY MS. GREENLAW:

- Q Concerning the DSM programs, would you explain the process of smart grids?
- A Smant grids is a technology that s being evaluated that would limk the operation of your system to various computerized methods, whereby you could comtrol different aspects of your system based on the must efficient ways to do that, at various times during the day. And I'm sure there are different definitions, but it would include sophisticated computer systems that would interconnect with major users and, in some cases, residential customers, in all phases of the operation for your system. So you could gather data that would help you determine the must efficient operation of your system.

That's very high-level discussion. I may get one of our engineers to give you some more detail when he's up here. But it's a way to gather data on the operation of the system through a computerized method that will allow you to model and make operating decisions that theoretically would improve the owerall efficiency of your system.

Is that different from mixton-grids? Are mixton-grids a form of distributed generation, or are mixton-grids another form of smart grids?

A	I'm not sure if it's a technical paint of the smeart grid
	system, or not. I'm sure it's designed to capture the
	same type of information and help you make decisions
	about economic operation of a system, whether it's a
	larger system or a smaller system within the owerall
	operating grid of the company.

- Q Okany. But at this point, your company/s not using -or, is your company using any of the smant grid
 technologies?
- We certainly have people that are knowledgearble of the smart grid technology. As it comtinues to develop, there may be applications in the long term that make good sense for us. We do have different types of systems or operations we can comtrol on our system, probably not to the fullest extent of a fully implemented smart grid system, which would probably not be cost effective at this point, but we will comtinue to mornitor that technology and make implementations as it makes good sense for the customers.
- Q Would that help with shift-locading kinds of decisions?
- A It could, yes.
- Q Okay. Thank you. And I'm going to stop at this point.

 I thimk some of the thimgs that I was going to ask you,
 I can ask Mr. Byrne tomorrow, because you referred to
 him. I thank you very much.

VOLUME 2

From: MARSH, KEVIN B ≪KMARSH@scana.com>

Sent: Tuesday, June 4, 2013 11:48 AM

To: ROWLAND, PAULA «PROWLAND@scana.com»; MARSH, KEVIN B

≪KMARSH@scana.com≫

Subject: Directors

Paula,

Will you please forward the following message to the directors. Thx. Kevin

Late last week we received the module delivery schedule we asked CB&I to provide us. In our meeting with their new CEO, Phil Asherman, earlier this year we asked them to give us a module delivery schedule we could rely on for planning and scheduling purposses. We explained that Shaw had failed numerous times in providing an accurate schedule. They have given us their revised schedule, and based on that schedule the completion of Unit 2 will slide from March 2017 until late 2017 or the first quarter of 2018. Completion of Unit 3 will also need to move, but they have not focused their efforts on that calculation at this time. We are in the process of reviewing the new schedule and will continue to work with CB&I to gain an appropriate level of comfort with the new completion dates. The impact on cost has not been determined and will certainly be a challenge given our previous settlement with Shaw that we would not incur any additional costs related to module delivery delays. On a positive note, the last three modules we have received have come in ahead of the latest schedule dates. Too early to tell if this will continue.

I wanted to give you this update because we will be doing our annual analysts presentation in NYC tomorrow. While we cannot determine the actual cost of the delay at this point we are doing our best to define some preliminary boundaries on the cost of the delay to keep the market from assuming the worst. Jimmy, Steve and I will be working on this today in preparation of the meeting tomorrow. I will keep you posted as we know more.

If you would like to listen to the analysts presentation tomorrow, it starts at 8:30 in the morning and should be accessible through our website.

Thanks, Kevin 803-543-5200



CONFIDENTIAL SCANA RP0034698



Lonnie N. Carter
President olid
Chief Executir a Officer
(843) 761-4192
fex: (843) 761-7037
In-Ahller canteecooper.com

Confidential Contract Negotiations

August 23, 2013

Kevin B. Marsh Chairman & CEO SCE&G 220 Operation Way D302 Cayce, South Carolina 29033

Dear Kevin:

For almost two years, SCE&G and Santee Cooper have been working with the Consortium (Westinghouse and CB&I) to correct submodule delivery issues from the Lake Charles fabrication facility. When we discussed these problems earlier this year, we were hopeful that the Chicago Bridge & Iron (CB&I) acquisition of The Shaw Group (February 2013) would have an overall positive impact on the project, and particularly, a positive impact on the Consortium's ability to fabricate and deliver submodules.

On April 9, 2013, we met in Columbia with CB&I executive leadership to review its module fabrication status, to include its plan to correct Lake Charles performance issues. CB&I committed to deliver 83 submodules by the end of 2013. Several days after the meeting, CB&I provided its submodule delivery schedule, also dated April 9, 2013, which committed CB&I to only 69 submodules for the remainder of 2013.

As anticipated, the CB&I submodule delivery schedule was integrated into the overall project schedule and resulted in a delay to substantial completion of V.C. Summer Unit 2. This delay was quantified as nine to twelve months and publicly announced to the financial community by SCE&G at an Analyst Day presentation June 5, 2013.

As I am sure you are aware, based on the CB&I schedule, only five of thirteen scheduled submodules have been delivered as of this writing. Although early indications seemed positive that CB&I executive management were engaged in improving the performance at Lake Charles, the delivery record unfortunately demonstrates otherwise, placing the project schedule in jeopardy once again, I know you agree that this is unacceptable.

The Consortium's inability to deliver submodules has been a major source of concern and risk for this project for a long time. At the last president's meeting on June 21, 2013, the Westinghouse and CB&I discussion demonstrated that they do not function well as a team to resolve critical project issues. The Consortium's schedule performance, including any associated module delay costs currently embedded in project costs or future claims against the

EXHIBIT 3-,--WIT: KetSL
DATE: 16: 24-18
K. KIDWELL, RMR, CRR, CRC

One Riller 1, ort Drive 1/1 thanks Corner, SC 20461-2901 1, 43-3) 761-8000 P.O. Box 2846101 1/1 thanks Corner, SC 29461-6101

Kevin B. Marsh August 23, 2013 Pagge 2

project, are simply unacceptable to Santee Cooper. Our view is that the Consortium's inability to fulfill their contractual commitments in a timely matter places the project's future in danger. SCE&G and Santee Cooper need to examine together the remedies provided for under the EPC for the Consortium's failure to perform and exercise the fullest extent those remedies to protect our interests.

Kevin, based on our discussion, I know that you share my concern for the fabrication of the submodules in a timely manner. This has become a critical issue for the project and our companies. I recommend that we meet with our senior team members involved in the project and develop a plan forward. The plan should make clear that we hold the Consortium accountable for the costs to our companies and should insist on the Consortium providing a realistic plan that can be executed by the Consortium to fabricate and deliver the submodules in a timely manner to complete the project on schedule.

Please call me soon to further discuss this matter.

Sincerely.

Lonnie N. Carter

LNC:alh

To: LINDSAY, RONALD[RONALD.LINDSAY@scana.com]

From: BYNUM, ALVIS J JR Sent: Thur 9/5/2013 7:54:33 PM

Subject: Fw: Fwd: Meeting with SCANA and Santee Cooper

Al Bynum

From: Pelcher, Steve [mailtonstepphempedcthem@santeecooper.com]

Sent: Thursday, September 05, 2013 07:20 PM

To: BYNUM, ALVIS J JR

Subject: Fwd: Meeting with SCANA and Santee Cooper

Stephen Pelcher

Begin forwarded message:

From: "Carter, Lonnie" < lonnie.carter@santeecooper.com>

Date: September 5, 2013, 6:23:27 PM EDT

To: "MARSH, KEVIN B" <<u>KMARSH@scana.com</u>>
Cc: "Brogdon, James" <<u>jim.brogdon@santcccooper.com</u>>
Subject: RE: Meeting with SCANA and Santee Cooper

Kevin,

Thanks. I believe your letter is clear and expresses the urgency well. I can make all of the dates you have given them work.

Let me know when we can get together with our teams to consider our options and chart a course to get them back on schedule. My folks have been meeting and considering various options that we would like to discuss with you and your team. One thing they brought to my attention today is that SCANA has outside counsel with construction litigation experience (Smith Currie and Hancock?). I assume they would likely represent SCANA and Santee Cooper in any litigation. If that is the case, I recommend we get them involved. We need their advice before we meet with Roderick and Asherman.

I hope you hear from these guys before close of business tomorrow. If you don't, that will be a really bad sign.

Please call me when you hear something or have a suggested time for us to meet.

Thanks, Lonnie



Confidential FOE0000018

From: MARSH, KEVIN B [mailttok(W/XRSH@scana.com]

Sent: Thursday, September 05, 2013 5:29 PM

To: roderidl@westinghouse.com; pasherman@cbi.com

Cc: Cærter, Lonnie; BYRNE, STEPHEN A; ARCHIE, JEFFREY B; BYNUM, ALVIS J JR; LINDSAY,

RONALD; ADDISON, JIMMY E

Subject: Meeting with SCANA and Santee Cooper

Dear Danny and Phil,

I requested a meeting with both of you two weeks ago to discuss the status of our nuclear project. We and our partner Samtee Cooper continue to have serious concerns about the consortium's ability to deliver modules from the Lake Charles facility. The consortium is now in its third year of unsuccessful attempts to resolve its manufacturing problems at the facility which continue to impact our project negatively. Your missed deadlines put potentially unrecoverable stress on the milestone schedule approved by the SC Public Service Commission. I don't have to remind you that continuing delays and cost overruns are unacceptable from a public perspective and could have serious effects. We need to meet.

Please consider 9/13 at I/Oam or after, 9/16 at 3pm, 9/18, or 9/20 as potential dates for a meeting. You can fly to our hanger at the Columbia Airport and we will meet in the conference room.

Thank You.

Kevin Marsh SCANA Corportation 803-217-8097

Confidentiality Notice:

This message is intended exclusively for the individual or entity to which it is addressed. This communication may contain information that is proprietary, privileged, confidential or otherwise legally exempt from disclosure. If you are not the named addressee, you are not authorized to read, print, retain, copy or disseminate this message or any part of it. If you have received this message in error, please notify the sender immediately either by phone or reply to this e-mail, and delete all copies of this message.

Confidential FOE0000019





May 6, 2014

EXHIBIT

K. KIDWELL, RMR, CRR, CRG

Philip K. Asherman
President & CEO
CB&I
One CB&I Plaza
2103 Research Forest Drive
The Woodlands, TX 77380

Danny L. Roderick
President & CEO
Westinghouse Electric Corporation
1000 Westinghouse Drive, Suite 100
Cranberry Township, PA 16066

Subject: V.C. Summer Units 2 and 3 Guaranteed Substantial Completion Dates

Reference: (1) Engineering, Procurement, and Construction Agreement for AP 1000 Nuclear Power Plants, Dated May 23, 2008-V.C. Summer Units 2 and 3

(2) VSP_VSG_002024, dated August 6, 2012

Gentlemen:

On May 23, 2008, we executed the EPC Agreement with the Consortium for Units 2 and 3 at our V.C Summer nuclear facility. That was an historic day for our companies. We would like to believe that it was equally significant to you. Together, we helped kick off what we continue to hope will be a new wave of nuclear construction in this country.

The V.C. Summer facility offers the best template for future projects. Although you signed EPC agreements with two other utilities at about the same time, both of

those projects are currently embroiled in major litigation. We chose a different path. We resolved to work with you amicably, believing that building the project cooperatively, on time and on budget, would be in the best interests of all involved.

The events since May 23, 2008 have tested our resolve. In this letter, we will review certain of those events for the benefit of your current management. We believe that such a review is called for because of the many turnovers in your management since May 23, 2008. With one possible exception, no one from your two companies who attended the signing ceremony is still involved in the project. Since then, Westinghouse has had at least two Presidents, three Project Directors, and two Commercial Directors. Shaw was acquired by CB&I, and has had comparable turnover, with five Commercial Directors, two Project Directors and two Construction Managers.

Before reviewing the relevant events, we wish to share with you our view that the management turnovers have been accompanied by a change in attitude. Senior managers who began the project appeared to appreciate the significance of the task to our customers and to the nuclear community at large, and exhibited a commensurate dedication. Events indicate that this has been replaced by a different attitude, one that is less focused and seems intent on taking advantage of our cooperative nature.

We should also mention that we have noted the evident deterioration of the relationship between senior management at Westinghouse and Shaw/CB&I. Repair of that relationship will likely be necessary if you are to satisfy our concerns. As a Consortium, the two firms are jointly and severally liable to us. It does not matter to us which of you caused a specific problem. We look to both of you to remedy all the Consortium's deficiencies.

We regret that this letter is necessary and regret its length. Your poor performance has made both necessary. A complete description of our grievances would make this letter even longer. Consequently, we have chosen to focus on the events and issues concerning the structural modules, primarily CA-20 and CA-01, as well as certain design issues, and their combined effect on the expected completion date and cost of the project. We selected these examples to illustrate our dissatisfaction. They are not an exhaustive listing of your every shortcoming.

I. THE EPC AGREEMENT ESTABLISHED THE PROJECT SHEDULE

The EPC Agreement stated the Consortium's commitment to meet following dates for Unit 2:

Activity	Unit 2
CA-20 On-Hook	November 18, 2011
CA-01 On-Hook	March 29, 2012
Guaranteed Substantial Completion	April 1, 2016

To meet these dates, it was essential that the Consortium timely complete module fabrication, delivery, and assembly. The Consortium selected Shaw Modular Solutions, LLC ("SMS"), an affiliate of the Consortium, as the module fabricator. Problems with SMS's work began almost immediately. The NRC attempted to inspect the SMS facility between January 10 and 12, 2011, but the inspection had to be "terminated early because of the current status of activities at SMS." To the NRC's apparent surprise, SMS had not yet made enough progress to make an inspection worthwhile.

By letter dated February 22, 2011, SMS advised the NRC of its expectations for module production and shipment, as follows:

SMS expects to be at a high level of production of structural modules in early June 2011. SMS expects that shipment of the first structural submodule will occur the end of June 2011. ... If schedule changes are necessary, SMS will promptly notify the NRC.

SMS did not meet these module production and shipment dates. We are unaware if it gave the NRC the promised notice of these failures.

The NRC returned to inspect the SMS site between November 14 and 18, 2011. That inspection led to a "Notice of Nonconformance," dated January 6, 2012, based on deficiencies in SMS's quality assurance program. The Notice of Nonconformance stated:

During this inspection, the NRC inspection team found that the implementation of your quality assurance program failed to meet certain NRC requirements which were contractually imposed on you by your customers or NRC licensees. Specifically, the NRC inspection team determined that SMS was not fully implementing its quality assurance program in the areas of training, design control, procurement document control, control of special processes, control of measuring and test equipment, control of nonconforming items, and corrective actions consistent with regulatory and contractual requirements, and applicable implementing procedures.

II. THE AUGUST 6, 2012 AGREEMENT CHANGED THE GUARANTEED SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION DATES

By July 7, 2012, only 21 of 72 CA-20 sub-modules had been delivered to the site. Despite the poor progress, you assured us that you had resolved the module production problems. This led to the Agreement of August 6, 2012.

The 2012 Agreement recites that it resolved several pending change order requests. An additional motivation for us was to enable you to put the past module issues behind you and have a fresh start. Section IVA of that agreement established the following revised guaranteed substantial completion dates:

Activity	Unitt2	Unit 3
Guaranteed Substantial Completion	March 15, 2017	May 15, 2018

After execution of the 2012 Agreement, you had no one to blame but yourselves for future module delays. Section IV.D of the 2012 Agreement made clear that future module delays would be your sole responsibility. It stated in pertinent part:

Except as otherwise provided for in Article 9 of the EPC Agreement or Section XII.D of this Agreement, Contractor will not submit further Change Orders for any impacts to Project Schedule or Contract Price associated with Structural Module schedule delays and agrees that such further schedule delays will be the responsibility of Contractor.

Although the parties released certain claims against each other in the 2012 Agreement, Section XII.D of the agreement stated that our release did not apply to any claims "that may arise hereunder from Contractor's failure to deliver the Structural Modules referenced in Section III.C of this Agreement, so as to achieve" the revised Guaranteed Substantial Completion Dates.

The 2012 Agreement imposed on the Consortium certain additional scheduling obligations to enable us to monitor module progress. Section IV.D of that agreement stated:

In order to measure impacts to the Project Schedule associated with Structural Module delivery, Contractor agrees to provide a detailed Structural Module delivery and assembly baseline schedule within 30 calendar days of the execution of this Agreement and to report actual progress against this schedule on at least a monthly basis.

The Consortium prepared the new baseline schedule for module delivery and assembly, as called for in this Agreement, but it has not provided the monthly progress reports.

In sum, the Consortium decided to engage SMS, an affiliated entity, as the module fabrication subcontractor. SMS proved to be neither equipped nor qualified to produce the modules. Nevertheless, in July 2012, we worked with you amicably by allowing you additional time that was made necessary, at least in part, by SMS's poor performance. In exchange, you agreed that you would not be entitled to any additional time extensions due to future module delays.

III. MODULE DELAYS CONTINUED AFTER THE 2012 AGREEMENT

Despite the Consortium's assurances, module production did not improve after the 2012 Agreement. The Consortium issued a module delivery and assembly baseline schedule, dated August 10, 2012, as called for in the 2012 Agreement. That schedule contained a series of milestone dates, including the following on-hook dates for CA-20 and CA-01:

Activity	Unit 2 Milestone Date
CA-20 On-Hook	January 19, 2013
CA-01 On-Hook	May 28, 2013

The Consortium has not met these on-hook dates or any other milestone dates in that schedule.

A. Module Status In September 2012

As of September 27, 2012, at least thirty of the milestone dates had already come and gone without completion of the associated milestone event. By that time, only 31 of the 72 sub-modules for CA-20 had been delivered to the site. As a result of the module production and delivery delays, we wrote to you on September 27, 2012. That letter stated:

Due to the current status of the structural modules, the Owner remains concerned that the late fabrication, delivery, and installation of structural modules will impact the Consortium's ability to meet the critical path schedule date of January 28, 2013¹ (CA20 on-hook date), and eventually to meet the revised Unit 2 Guaranteed Substantial Completion Date (GSCD) and possibly the Unit 3 GSCD. The Owner requests the

¹ This date was incorrect. The letter should have referenced a January 19, 2013 CA-20 on-hook date.

Consortium continue to provide structural module status updates during the weekly project review meetings and other status updates as previously agreed. Also, beginning no later than October 10, 2012, provide bi-weekly written status updates on the fabrication, delivery, and installation of the structural modules, including information on any structural module issues. Finally, the Owner requests the Consortium review with the Owner the Consortium's documented contingency plans concerning the structural modules prior to October 19, 2012. These contingency plans should include, at a minimum, actions to be taken by the Consortium to meet currently scheduled structural modules CA01-CA05 and CA20 on-hook dates and installation dates to support the Project schedule.

The Consortium did not comply with any of these requests.

As of September 2012, you had still not resolved your NRC issues. The NRC performed an unannounced inspection on September 10-14, 2012, which led to another "Notice of Nonconformance" arising out of deficiencies in SMS's quality assurance program. The NRC documented this in its letter of October 24, 2012, which stated:

During the inspection, the inspectors found that the implementation of your QA program did not to meet [sic] certain NRC requirements imposed on you by your customers or NRC licensees. Specifically, SMS failed to promptly correct conditions adverse to quality and significant questions adverse to quality, failed to effectively implement a corrective action regarding documentation of late entries in a quality records procedure, failed to preclude recurrence of significant conditions adverse to quality related to identification and control of items, and failed to perform adequate corrective actions associated with a nonconformance identified during a previous NRC inspection.

Shortly after this, the NRC advised CB&I of a "chilled work environment" at the Lake Charles facility, which was causing employees to believe that they "are not free to raise safety concerns using all available avenues" and that "individuals have been retaliated against for raising safety concerns."

B. Module Status In March 2013

By March 6, 2013, only 40 of the 72 sub-modules for CA-20 had been received. At our request, a meeting to discuss module production was held among executive officers in Columbia on April 9, 2013. Westinghouse did not attend the meeting, but CB&I was there and it promised that the Consortium would deliver four modules in the

second quarter of 2013, 40 modules in the third quarter, and 39 modules in the fourth quarter. It also informed us of a significant delay in the on-hook dates, as follows:

Activity	Delayed Unit 2 Date October 31, 2013	
CA-20 On-Hook		
CA-01 On-Hook	September 4, 2014	

The Consortium missed the revised CA-20 on-hook date of October 31,2013 and, as of today, has yet to reach this milestone. The Consortium is also not on schedule to meet the revised CA-01 on-hook date of September 4, 2014.

C. Module Status In May 2013

By May 25, 2013, the Consortium had delivered only 41 of the 72 CA-20 sub-modules. And it had delivered only one of these in the preceding eleven weeks.

D. The Consortium Reported Schedule Delays In June 2013

On June 5, 2013, SCE&G publicly disclosed your statement to us that you would not be able to meet the required completion dates in the 2012 Agreement. We reported your estimate that completion of unit 2 would occur in either the fourth quarter of 2017 or the first quarter of 2018 and your estimate that completion of unit 3 would be "similarly delayed." Due to these delays, we also reported that SCE&G's 55% cost of the project could increase by \$200 million. We noted that these schedule changes and cost increases resulted from "delays in the schedule for fabrication and delivery of submodules for the new units."

E. Module Status In July 2013

We saw no improvement over the next several months. By July 18, 2013, the Consortium had delivered only 44 of the 72 CA-20 sub-modules. This means that it had delivered only three modules in the preceding 11 weeks.

On August 7, we sent you another letter expressing our concerns about delays. On September 17, you advised us that, unless we objected, you would move the work of completing some CA-20 sub-modules from Lake Charles to the site. Your proposal was to move the uncompleted sub-modules into a temporary, onsite quarantine area to complete document processing and make minor repairs. We responded that we would not interfere with your decisions about how best to perform the work.

F. The Consortium Reported Further Schedule Delays In September 2013

On September 18, 2013, the executives of all involved companies met in Columbia. That meeting resulted in a September 25 letter from you, which included a schedule showing the following activities and dates:

Activity	Unit 2 Target Date	Unit 2 Late Date
CA-20 On-Hook	January 24, 2014	January 27, 2014
CA-01 On-Hook	July 18, 2014	September 18, 2014
Substantial Completion	December 15, 2017	December 15, 2017

Your letter also stated that:

The Unit 2 CA01 sub-module delivery schedule is being reviewed to incorporate the latest information and will be transmitted to you by October 2, 2013. We have scheduled a management meeting on October 3, 2013, to review these deliverables with your team.

The promised October 2 fetter and schedule showed that all CA-20 sub-modules would be delivered by November 4, and CA-01 sub-module shipments would extend between November 3, 2013 and July 18, 2014. The letter and schedule also introduced, for the first time, a CA-20 "minimum configuration" concept that we believe has the potential to further impede your ability to achieve timely project completion. This concept conflicts with the 2012 Agreement, and associated August 10, 2012 baseline schedule, which call for a complete (equipment loaded) CA-20 module to be set on its foundation by January 19, 2013.

Your October 2, 2013 letter went on to state:

The Consortium is taking additional management measures to add certainty to this schedule. Resources have been added to engineering to reduce the backlog of E&DCRs and N&Ds and improve the turnaround time to disposition these items. Personnel from Lake Charles have been located at the V.C. Summer site to perform final inspections and document closeout. Resources have been added to the modules team to repair or rework any conditions identified on the sub-modules and prepare them for assembly. A daily Lake Charles Plan of the Day process has been implemented to drive schedule, elevate issues and resolve problems. Weekly CBI senior management review and monitoring of Lake Charles progress against the plan has been established. Milestone Managers are

> being added to the site team to drive schedule and accountability for module assembly and placement. We believe that actions such as these will improve performance.

> Although this letter does not amend the EPC Agreement or modify our commercial positions, we commit our support to the Project in achieving the schedules provided herein. We will maintain frequent and transparent communications with your staff to ensure that any significant change in schedule is raised and understood. We encourage SCANA to monitor our schedules and provide immediate feedback if they are not meeting your expectations.

Of the CA-20 sub-modules remaining to be delivered as of this date, seven were earmarked for delivery to the onsite quarantine area for completion of document processing and minor repairs. Those sub-modules were not ready to be incorporated into the construction.

Weekly module update calls began on October 14. By December, however, the level of participation by Consortium management had begun to wane. "Frequent and transparent" communications did not materialize, and we have not received "immediate feedback" when we have raised schedule issues.

In our letter of October 21, 2013, we stated:

You have represented that this schedule embodies the Consortium's realistic expectations concerning performance of Unit 2 work and its commitment to achieve Unit 2 substantial completion date by December 15, 2017.

We appreciate the Consortium's efforts in preparing these schedules and the Consortium's commitment to allocate additional resources and to perform as to achieve Unit 2 substantial completion by December 15, 2017. We must remind you, however, that the Consortium remains contractually committed to the dates for substantial completion stated in the July 11, 2012 Letter Agreement. As you correctly noted, the schedules in no way amend the Agreement. In the Letter Agreement, the parties agreed to a Unit 2 Guaranteed Substantial Completion Date of March 15, 2017, and a Unit 3 Guaranteed Substantial Completion Date of May 15, 2018.

G. <u>Design Deficiencies Came To Light During September 2013 On-Site</u>
Assembly

On September 3, 2013, Westinghouse informed us that it had identified problems with the design of CA-04. The Consortium had planned to set that module on the Nuclear Island in September 2013, but it delayed that work because of the need to modify the concrete foundation. The foundation placement was then put on hold during the foundation redesign and associated procurement.

H. Module Status In December 2013

By December 4, 2013, all 72 CA-20 sub-modules had finally been delivered to the site, although 30 of them required documentation processing and repairs at the onsite quarantine area. The modification effort continued well into 2014.

On January 8, 2014, Westinghouse informed us that six Engineering and Design Coordination Reports (E&DCR) had to be completed before placement of CA-20. It also advised us that another sixteen E&DCRs would need to be completed after placement of CA-20, but before placement of wall concrete.

As of February 2014, none of the 47 CA-01 sub-modules had been delivered, although 20 should have been delivered by then, according to the October 2, 2013 schedule.

I. Module Status In March 2014

The Consortium has been providing our construction team with daily email updates relating to CA-20, but the updates continue to illustrate performance shortcomings. The March 11, 2014 email update reflected an on-hook date of March 31. The email updates of March 12 and 13 reflected the same date, but stated that such date was "in jeopardy" and pending management review. The March 14, 15, 17 and 18 email updates all reflected a date of April 7 for this activity. Those from March 20, 21, 22, 23, 25, 26 and 27 all stated that the April 7 date was "under review." Beginning on March 28, the email updates stated that the on-hook date had slipped again to May 10. In short, the projected on-hook date for CA-20 continues to slip and, by the end of March, we were farther away from completion of that activity than the Consortium had stated we were at the beginning of March.

The Consortium's progress with CA-01 has also been poor. Westinghouse has informed us that it is reviewing its design for that module and future changes could delay its placement. Due to these design issues, documentation approving placement of CA-01 is not expected until August 31, 2014.

Philip K. Asherman Danny L. Roderick May 6, 2014 Page 11

IV. DESIGN ISSUES HAVE CONTRIBUTED TO THE PROJECT DELAY

A. IFC Design Delays

Other design issues, in addition to those identified above, have also delayed the project and are expected to contribute to future delays. Foremost among these is the delayed completion of Issued For Construction (IFC) drawings. The IFC percentage complete is the Consortium's primary metric for evaluating the status of design. That information shows that the Consortium has failed to meet expectations for design finalization and has misjudged its own performance.

The Consortium's early reports of design progress were optimistic. For example, in the March 17, 2011 Monthly Project Review minutes, the Consortium reported that it had delivered 90.49% of the scheduled LFC documents. As a result, the Consortium stated, "Design finalization is coming to an end and transitioning to support the Certified for Construction (CFC) design."

The May 19, 2011 Monthly Project Review minutes continued to reflect satisfactory progress. They reported Westinghouse's statement that design finalization was considered to be complete by the Department of Energy (DOE) and according to WEC's definition. The minutes also reported Westinghouse's estimate that the design was 95% complete. In addition, they reported Westinghouse's statement that the remaining engineering had been defined in a resource-loaded schedule, which it would use to monitor progress to completion.

The October 20, 2011 Monthly Project Review minutes reported Westinghouse's statement that site-specific engineering was winding down and that design finalization should be complete in the summer of 2012.

The Consortium began reporting design delays in May 2012, when you advised us that you would not meet the October 11, 2012 schedule for many of the IFC packages. On December 31, 2013, the Consortium reported to us that the IFC design documents were now only 94% complete. The Consortium continued this trend of revising design progress downward. On March 31, 2014, Westinghouse reported that the IFC documents were only 88% complete.

B. <u>Design Issues Impact Nuclear Island Civil/Structural Work</u>

Westinghouse's many design changes have also adversely impacted the Nuclear Island (NI) civil/structural work. One example concerns the A2 I wall in the Auxiliary

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Building, which is a fairly simple reinforced concrete wall. Two of the construction packages are VS2-1210-COW-003 (rebar/embeds for I wall areas 4 and 5) and VS2-1210-CCW-001 (concrete for I wall areas 4 and 5). There were 109 unique E&DCRs between the two work packages. Ninety-two (92) of the E&DCRs were WEC initiated. This wall placement was delayed several weeks due to the design clarifications and changes.

C. Design Issues Are Requiring Multiple License Amendment Requests

The lack of WEC design maturity is evident in the high numbers of License Amendment Requests (LARs) and Departures to the Final Safety Analysis Report (FSAR) being submitted. As noted in the April 17, 2014 project status review meeting, 90 LARs have been identified; the NRC has approved 11 LARs; and 15 LARs are under NRC review. The following are three examples of these LARs and their importance:

- LAR 13-01/WEC LAR 54 (base mat shear reinforcement design spacing requirements) adversely impacted the schedule for Unit 2 nuclear island base mat concrete placement.
- LAR 13-02/WEC LAR 55 (base mat shear reinforcement design details revising the licensing basis from ACI349 to ACI318) also adversely impacted the schedule for Unit 2 nuclear island base mat concrete placement.
- LAR 14-01/WEC LAR 60 (Auxiliary Building structural details)
 has adversely impacted the schedules for construction of
 Auxiliary Building walls and floors and construction of structural
 module CA 20.

Furthermore, we anticipate that LAR 13-33/WEC LAR 53 (condensate return in the Containment Building) will impact construction progress. The same is true of LAR 14-07/WEC LAR 78 (CA04 tolerances); LAR 14-05/WEC LAR 722- CA05; LAR 13-13/WEC LAR 02a (Turbine Building structural layout, which has been approved for Plant Vogtle); and LAR 13-14/WEC LAR 08 (Battery Room changes). We also anticipate that an LAR will be needed for coating thermal conductivity methods, which will impact Containment Vessel ring 1.

In addition to the LARs, the Consortium has also had a large number of Departures. The April 17, 2014 project status report states that 595 Departures have

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been identified. Of these 237 are in process and 358 are in the queue. These Departures do not require NRC review but have the potential for impacting the project schedule due to Westinghouse's design changes.

V. OUR FRUSTRATION CONTINUES TO MOUNT

As a result of these events, our frustration continues to mount. You have made promise after promise, but fulfilled few of them.

We are aware that the Consortium is in the process of preparing yet another rebaseline of the project schedule. We are entitled to a re-baseline schedule that reflects all mitigation measures reasonably possible to ensure completion of Units 2 and 3 on or near the currently projected completion dates. Please note that this statement of our rights is not an acceleration order. The currently projected completion dates are already past the dates to which the parties agreed in the 2012 Agreement. The delays since then have been solely the Consortium's fault. Thus, you are contractually obligated to take the steps necessary to mitigate the delays at your own expense.

Your unexcused delays will cause our project costs to increase greatly. We intend to hold you strictly to all provisions of the EPC Agreement and expect you to reimburse us for all our additional costs.

We have prepared a preliminary estimate of the added costs associated with your most recent completion projections, that is, completion of unit 2 in either the fourth quarter of 2017 or the first quarter of 2018 and a similar delay to completion of unit 3. Based on such delays, we estimate that we will incur about \$150 million in additional site costs, and will be entitled to about \$100 million in liquidated damages. If you fail to meet your most recent completion projections, these amounts will be even higher. We are in the process of investigating other additional costs that we are incurring due to the unexcused delays or associated changes to your work plan. We will advise you of their categories and amounts once we have completed our investigation.

Any Muture delays to those projections will require further adjustments to the payment schedules.

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VI. CONCLUSION

It is imperative that the Consortium demonstrate a renewed commitment to this project. To help achieve that, we wish to discuss these perfonnance deficiencies and associated delays with you, as well as the measures that you intend to take to mitigate the delays. We also wish to explore with you the extent to which the Consortium's unexcused project delays constitute breaches of material provisions of the EPC Agreement.

Respectfully,

Lonnie N. Carter

President & CEO Santee Cooper

Kevin B. Marsh

President & CEO SCANA

Crosby, Michael

"rom:

Carter, Lonnie

.ent:

Monday, September 08, 2014 6:13 PM

To:

Baxley, Mike: Pelcher, Steve: Crosby, Michael

Subject:

FW: Summer Units 2 & 3

I just sent this to Kevin. I made a few minor changes.

From: Carter, Lonnie

Sent: Monday, September 08, 2014 6:12 PM

To: 'MARSH, KEVIN B'

Subject: RE: Summer Units 2 & 3

Kevin:

Thank you for your email concerning management of the new nuclear project and our negotiations with the Consortium.

- Santee Cooper is in agreement on moving forward to engage additional resources in construction management. I agree that Jeff Archie and Michael Crosby work together to develop a job description and placement for you and I to concur. This will allow us to better identify potential candidates. My thinking is that the first task for this individual will be to determine the scope of the task at hand, and the number of personnel/resources needed.
- 2. With respect to negotiating a new project schedule with the Consortium, my sense is that neither the Owners nor the Consortium have any real confidence that the proposed rollout schedule that the Consortium shared with the Owners on August 1st is achievable. I am concerned that we have become tied to artificial dates, both past and future, often driven by disclosure considerations. The Owners and the Consortium need a schedule that we all have confidence can be achieved and thereby hold the Consortium accountable to achieving milestones. Since the Consortium is so far behind schedule, they should already take steps to mitigate any further delays.

For the Owners to have real conversations and negotiations with the Consortium, we must first complete a detailed review of the schedule information provided based upon the critical path forward, which necessarily includes a consideration of the Shield Building. This would include collectively studying and discussing the June 2019 IPS and supporting Shield Building critical path documentation for the purpose of developing a list of concerns that need to be addressed by the Consortium Redacted - Privileged we should ask George Wenick and Frank Elmore

Redacted - Privileged

Redacted - Privileged

These two points of information would

form the basis for further conversations and negotiations with the Consortium going forward.

As I shared with you before, to the extent that the Consortium is requesting sums from Owners to which they are not presently entitled, Santee Cooper will not agree to pay such amounts absent new and substantial consideration to support such payments. Rewarding the Consortium for poor performance and missed



- schedules would be counterproductive. Although Santee Cooper is open as what new and substantial consideration might look like, a Toshiba Performance Guaranty, unbounded by those provisions in the EPC limiting the Consortium's liability, might be worth considering.
- 3. With respect to disclosure, as you are aware, Santee Cooper intends to issue refunding bonds nexmonth, and must finalize related disclosure documents this week. Our various stakeholders are already aware from the previous disclosure that there has been a delay in construction, and are awaiting further information on the financial component of that delay. We dispute the Consortium's entitlement to almost all of the additional costs (with the exception of agreed site layout and cyber security modifications, less than \$55M which remains to be negotiated), and do not intend to pay any further sum unless we are convinced by the Consortium of their right to payment under the EPC agreement and the accuracy of the requested amounts. Based upon legal advice, Redacted Privileged

Redacted - Privileged

Please remember that I am not available for a meeting with the Consortium on October 13 due to longstanding schedule commitments. I look forward to discussing these various issues with you and will make my schedule available to that end. I agree with you that we need a strategy for our further conversations and negotiations with the Consortium because time is now of the essence for this Project.

Thanks.

Lonnie

From: MARSH, KEVIN B [mailto:KMARSH@scana.com] Sent: Wednesday, September 03, 2014 2:06 PM

To: Carter, Lonnie

Subject:

Lonnie.

I met with my team this morning on a number of nuclear matters and wanted to share our thoughts with you:

1. We discussed the preliminary number given to us late last week by the consortium for delay costs associated with the revised baseline schedule. As you and I discussed last week, this number is very preliminary and will be the basis for lengthy negotiations that will take place over the next several months. I am confident that the number will change as we work to secure a more definite commitment from the consortium with more of their "skin in the game". Since we have already disclosed that we expected to receive a preliminary number, that there would be negotiations around it, and that we plan to complete those negotiations by year end, we don't believe any additional disclosures about the dollar amount of the preliminary cost delay number are necessary. I know that you are planning a bond financing later this month, so I wanted share our thoughts with you and your team with the goal of making our financial disclosures consistent.

- 2. Our team will begin a review of the delay cost financial information as part of the overall evaluation of the revised baseline schedule. We welcome the assistance of your team in this process. Once we have reviewed the numbers and the schedule, we will be in a position to develop our strategy for negotiations with the consortium that will begin on October 13th.
- 3. We are ready to move forward with hiring/engaging an additional resource with significant construction expertise to assist us with evaluating the construction schedule and project status. I believe having this person on our staff vs. working as a consultant will avoid conflicts with the consortium on proprietary matters. I would recommend that Jeff Archie work with Mike Crosby to help identify potential candidates for this role.
- 4. Your legal team asked George wenck Privileged Privileged

Redacted - Privileged

I would be pleased to discuss any of these issues further as we both continue to work hard keep our project moving in the right direction. Lappreciate and welcome your thoughts.

Kevin

WARNING - This e-mail message originated outside of Santee Cooper

Do not click on any links or open any attachments unless you are confident it is from a trusted source If you have questions, please call the IT Support Center at Ext. 7777.

EAC Review Team

Preliminanyy Update

Preparationn for 10/13/14 Executivee-Meeting

KEN BROWNE, MARGARET FELKEL, EVIN KOCHEMS, SHERI WICKER, AND KYLE YOUNG

Prepared 10/6/2014

Imtroduction

- Acknowledging that the EAC Review Team (EAC Team) has not completed its review, this presentation is a summary of costs we believe the Consortium is not entitled to.
- Note that all dollar amounts are 100%, in 2007 dollars, and based on COD's of 12/18 and 12/19.

CB&I Direct Craft Productivity

- ... CB&I projects the To-Go PF will be 1.15. (ITD PF as of \$1.44 ls 1.46.)
 - e EAC Team recommends holding CB&I accountable to this PF, only paying up to this level.
 - EAC Team anticipates a To-Go PF closer to 1.40 and recallculated the cost, resulting in an additional increase of approximately ._. \$101M. (This is the cost impact of the To-Go PF of 1.40 vs. 1.15. ... and is riot included in the Consortium EAC.)
 - This does not address excessive Indirect Craft present on site and an additional opportunity-exists to challenge costs-above established Direct/Indirect ratios...



CB&I Schedule Impact

- CB&I estimates the Structural Module Delay in the schedule costs \$221M.
- Based on CB&I's estimating methodology, the EAC Team believes this to be an inflated cost. Con fortune ded an ishnake w/a month cost we think last is month to the following to the property were the west of the cost we think last is were the
- EAC Team recommends \$0 entitlement as the delay is due to Structural Module Delays.
- In addition, CB&I has included a cost impact of \$114M from 2013 Basemat Rebar "WEC Design Issue" in the "Other Misc. Adjustments" column of the EAC. (It is assumed that this cost has already been incurred by the Owner.)



CIB&II Comtingency

- CB&I projects an additional \$77M of contingency for a total contingency of \$200MI.
- a EAC Team recommends removal of the \$77M from EAC, leaving \$123M tellamining 41 contingency.
- . o Note: The Consortium Contingency account of \$123M has been ... restureed due to inclusion of previous usage of contingency in the ... "Quantity Changes" and "Other Mise: Adjustments" categories of the EAC.

CONFIDENTIAL DRAFT—Pl'epared 10/61/20:14



CB&I Shield Building Risk

- In addition to the CB&Ilssues contaitied in the EAC > :. BiQVidetd'In Ythe Consortium, the EAC fevilew teach has / < :: identified at omission that should be inventioned.
- o Increasing the base labor hours for **Shield Building erection** to the original estimate quantities represents an increase of \$14.9M to the EAC at CB&I Services labor rates.

CB&I Field Non-Manual

- :, Casethrojeitsarieuwnene Bee in FNM costs of \$170M. Total \$367M
 - EAC Team verified the EAC using the current CB&I FNM plan, which is lean. The EAC Team does not anticipate that CB&I will
- -j- beable-tocomply-with this plan:--
- EAC Team recommends a Heditiction in FNM mark-up totalli-; :::

 additional FNM costs above the original estimate using a 1.40 +/:

 mark-up. Ilhis will result in an EAC reduction of approximately
 - \$48M.

CB&I Acceleration

		11
CB&I projects an increase of approximately \$168M for .:.		ni •iiii ii —
: acceleration to incetthe December 2018/2019. SCDs.	* *	
- This cost is based on a limited night shift of 34() this cf ct Intirect craft; and 60 Final 10	ant; N	10
Interest Craft; and op finite There is also an additional 10	00	ini (m
FNM on day shift to support the night shift: ><, i: /		<
• The proposed September 2018/November 2019 schedule	will	••:•i
result in additional acceleration impacts, not yet quantified		
· Consortium. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		T 13
• EAC Team recommends \$0 entitlement because the accele		
.!. is necessary due to Struotilral Modute Delays. • ::, • • ?		
		·>::?
CONFIDENTIAL DRAFT—Prepared 10/6/2014		

CB&I Woodlands Cuts

- CB&I cut the EAC by \$296M at a very high-level. How these cuts will be realized has yet to be determined.
- Undef Tanget Price scheme, alli acthal costs are reimbursed.

	Woodlands Adjustmant	Project Adjustment	Total Adjustment	
Indirect	(30,000)		(30,000)	NC.
FE Increase	(163,500)		(163,500)	
FNM Reduction	(49,000)		(49,000)	
"V . Project Adjustment		2957900	25,000	
## FNM	·(212,500)	zs,000 ,	" (187,500)	<-,:::
:: D(rett Subcontracts	· · '(19,300)		(19,300)	
Distribs <-	(37,000)	CORD.	(37,000)	The lift
Escalation	·,:'(2i3,460)		(23,400)	
•••• , • • • • • • • • • • • • OOMs	. (532)		, (532)	
↓ Project ICA	1,629		1,629	
Other Costs	(22,303)		(22,303)	
Total	(321,103)	25,000	(296,102)	

WIEC Schedule Impact

- WEC projects a delay in the schedule will cost \$76M.
- \$64M of the \$76M is due to increases in the CV subcontract cost. EAC Team found several errors in this estimate reducing the EAC impact to \$35M. (WEC has been requested to revise the EAC)
- 9 \$12M of the \$76M is due to hotel load interceases for Plant Startup and Licensing.
- e EAC Team recommends \$0 entitlement because the delay is due. to StructUral Module Delays.

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Base Scope Refinement

- EPC Management WEC has indicated that their 'best the ent' approach, in addition to CB&I on-site management, will add WEC staff costs totaling approximately \$22M.
 - WEC EPC Target work scope does not currently include this function or cost.

 - Licensing-WEC ptrojects an increase ith the Licensing T&& costs:
 Licensing T&& costs:
 Licensing T&& costs:
 - EAC Team recommends \$0 entitlement as this is Firm Price work.

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Regulatory Driven

- Start-up and Testing -WEC projects an increase in CVAP and FOAK testing of \$23M. (Waiting on WEC Cost...)
- EAC Team recommends all home office planning and procedure development be removed from the EAC and considered Firm
 pt;ice.\$11.5M. (Pending receipt of WEC Cost) ...; ... ";_.; ,:>.

(d/AP). Compreheusive vabrations program

Owner Challenges

- The cost of unrealized savings projections that have been included in **tne-EAAC-By** the Consortium will be reimbursed under Target Price and T&M payment processes.
- Much of the costs for Structural Module Delays and PF
 Impacts have already been paid through Target Price payments.
- When it is determined these or similar costs will not be paid by the Owner, the process to ensure they are withheld from an invoice will be a significant challenge. (Consortium may not agree with the reductions).

